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The Marglobe
Wilt-Resistant
Tomato.

W. GROSSMANN & SON'S

(Incorporated)

Descriptive
Catalog
for 1929

Everything for

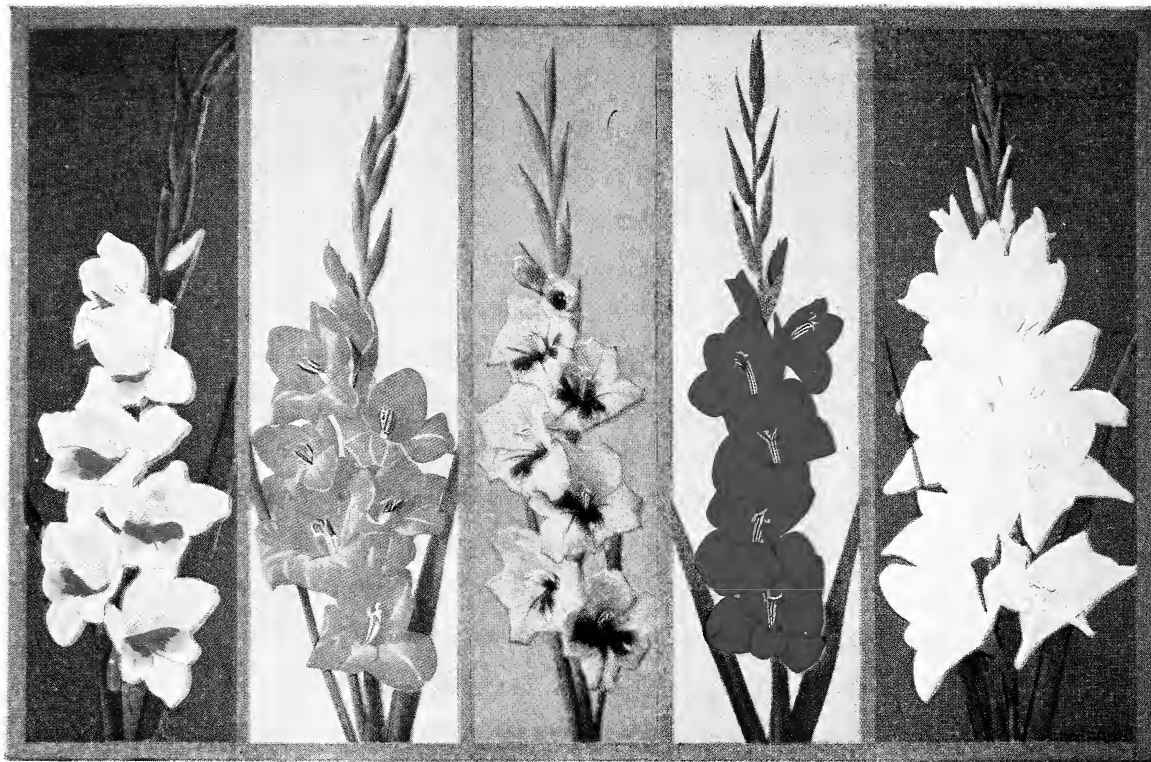
**FARM, FIELD
and GARDEN**



W. G. & Sons Selected
Detroit Dark Red
Beet.

Bulbs *for* Spring Planting

ALL BULBS QUOTED POSTAGE PREPAID



CALADIUMS, or ELEPHANT'S EAR—Very effective for beds or groups, especially in lawns. Grows from 6 to 8 feet high, bearing immense green leaves. Price, large sized, sound, healthy bulbs, 25c each; \$1.75 per dozen by express or parcel post prepaid.

EXCELSIOR PEARL TUBEROSES—Desirable for their beauty and delightful fragrance. Price per dozen, 50c; per 100, \$3.25 parcel post prepaid.

CANNAS

Gorgeous and effective bedding plants—used for round beds or borders.

KING HUMBERT—4 ft. The grandest canna grown. The large heart-shaped leaves are a beautiful bronze. The plants are crowned with immense heads of orchid-like, velvety, orange-scarlet blooms. Price, 15c each; \$1.00 per doz.

Mrs. ALFRED CONARD—Green foliage, 4 feet, flowers beautiful salmon pink, borne in large clusters; a great favorite. Price, 20c each; \$1.50 per doz.

RICHARD WALLACE—4 ft. Canary yellow flowers. Profuse bloomer. Green foliage. Price, 10c each; 75c per doz.

EUREKA—4 ft. The best white canna for all purposes. Large, substantial flowers, produced freely on strong, vigorous plants, green foliage. Price, 15c each; \$1.25 per doz.

GLADIOLUS

VERY SHOWY AND POPULAR SUMMER FLOWERS—
SELECTED BULBS—FIRST SIZE

EMPRESS OF INDIA—Rich dark velvety Maroon, a magnificent flower on long, strong spikes. Price, 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.

BARON HULOT—Rich royal violet blue, the finest specimen of blue Gladiolus. Price, 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.

PANAMA—Soft shell pink. One of the finest for cutting. Price, 60c per doz.

MARSHAL FOCH—Soft lavender pink, large blossoms, and earlier than the America. A profuse bloomer. Price, 60c per doz.

PEACE—Immense pure white, with purple sprays to bends of lower petals. Large blooms on tall, strong spikes. Price, 75c per doz.

PENDLETON—Pink with rich deep red blotch in the throat. One of the very best Gladiolus. Price, 75c per doz.

SCHWABEN—A beautiful canary yellow, with a touch of dark red in the throat. A beauty. Price, 75c per doz.

ROYAL RED—A late introduction, and one of the most beautiful Red Gladiolus. Very striking in appearance, and fine for cutting. Price, 10c each; \$1.00 per doz.

WILBRINK—Flesh pink with yellowish blotch on lower petals; large well placed flowers on tall, strong stems; the first pink to bloom, extra good cut-flower and forcer. Price, 10c each; 75c per doz.

ODIN—Deep salmon pink with intense carmine blotch on lower petals, giving it a very warm color combination; large flowers on strong stems, very early, splendid cut-flower. Price, 10c each; 85c per doz.

CHOICE MIXED GLADIOLUS—An even mixture of 7 or 8 choice named varieties, of different colors. Price, 50c doz.; \$2.50 per 100.

FREE---FLOWER SEEDS---FREE

There is nothing like blooming flowers to make a home attractive and enjoyable. Every garden should have flowers, and we want to do our part by making it possible for all of our customers to have a few flowers without extra cost to them. With all orders for Vegetable and Flower Seeds filled at our catalog postage prepaid prices, we will include without extra cost, 10 per cent of the amount of the order in Flower Seeds of your own selection. For example, for every order amounting to \$1.00, we include free a 10c value. For every order amounting to \$2.00, we include 20c value in Flower Seeds, and so on. This offer is only on orders for Vegetable and Flower Seeds as above stated, and does not include Farm or Field Seeds, or any other article listed in our catalog.

The Year 1929



THIS is our Annual Seed Catalog for 1929, which we hope you will find interesting and of real value to you.

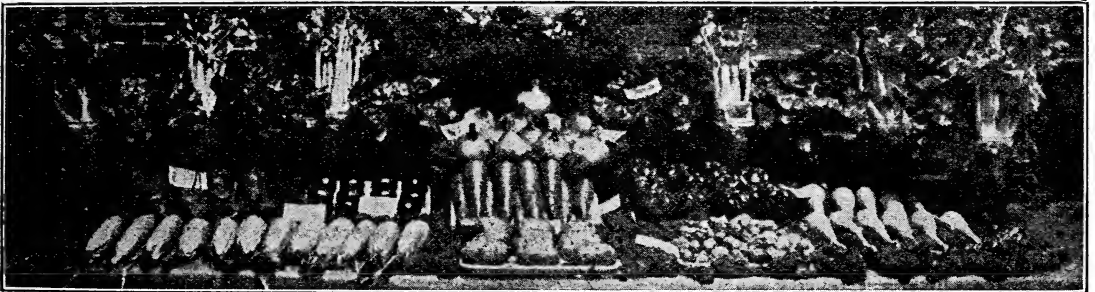
Our stocks of New Crop Seeds are in our warehouses, have been recleaned, have been tested for purity and vitality, and are ready for distribution—and we want the business—and we are getting the business on our well known platform of “QUALITY AND SERVICE.”

We thank you for your part in making our business a success, and hope for a continuance of your friendly cooperation.

With best wishes for “A PROSPEROUS SEASON,”

Yours very truly,

W. GROSSMANN & SON, INC.



Important Notes and Suggestions

HOW TO SEND MONEY. Remittances should be made either in the form of an Express Money Order, P. O. Money Order, Bank Draft, or Registered Letter. Postage stamps will be accepted for small amounts, provided they are carefully wrapped so as to prevent sticking.

Be Sure to Give Full Name and Address with each order. Every season we get a number of orders without name of sender or Post Office, and the postmark on the envelope is often too obscure to be made out. There is no way of finding out who the senders are, consequently we are blamed, whereas the fault is their own entirely. We therefore beg our correspondents to write their name and full address on each order.

PLEASE NOTE CAREFULLY. Seeds or other merchandise quoted in this catalog "postage prepaid," are delivered to your door or post office address with all transportation charges prepaid. Unless "postage prepaid" is specified, prices mean goods are delivered by us free of charge to freight depot or express office at Petersburg, purchaser to pay further transportation charges.

ORDERS FROM UNKNOWN CORRESPONDENTS. Customers who have no regular accounts with us will kindly remit the amount with their order, or name business reference, as customary before opening new accounts.

We Make No Charge for Drayage or delivery of goods to any railroad station, steamship line or express office in Petersburg. Cotton sacks only are charged for at cost. 2½ bushel Cotton Sacks are 40 cents each. Bu. bags 20c. Pk. bags 10c. All grass seed bags, excepting bags for Timothy, Herds Grass and Clover, are furnished free.

CLAIMS. All claims for shortage, loss or damage to shipments, must be made promptly upon receipt of goods, otherwise we cannot allow such claims.

REMEMBER. Our packets of seed are large and well filled, and should not be confused with the 2½ cent and 3 cent size packets sold by some dealers.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS. Should any of our customers change their Post Office address, we would be glad if they would advise us. It also sometimes happens that our customers receive two Catalogues; should you receive two, we would thank you to hand one to some friend who does not get one, and notify us, so that we may make the correction in our directories.

PRICES ON FIELD SEEDS, UNION SETS AND POTATOES are constantly fluctuating. The prices given in this Catalogue are those ruling January 1, 1929. But they may change at any time. We will cheerfully quote prices at any time on request, and we will always fill orders entrusted to us at the lowest prices possible for the best quality seeds.

ABOUT WARRANTING SEEDS. We exercise the greatest possible care in growing or buying, in examining, in testing, and in every department of the business to guard against mistakes and insure reliability, yet no Seedsman can, or ever does in good faith assume any responsibility for crops grown from seeds supplied by him, therefore in common with other responsible Seed Houses, we sell our goods subject to the following disclaimer, it being that adopted by the American Seed Trade Association, and all orders sent us will be filled under these conditions only. We give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, purity, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs, or plants we send out, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

Parcels Post Rates for Seeds

SIMPLE RULES FOR ORDERING BY PARCEL POST

All Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Roots, Poultry Supplies, Insecticides, etc., can now be sent throughout the United States by Parcel Post. On weights of more than half pound, the pound rate shown in Parcel Post Table will apply. Parcels weighing half pound or less, the rate is 1c for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof regardless of distance. The points further than the Second Zone on weights of over 10 pounds the charge by freight or express is usually more economical.

POSTAGE RATE TABLE FOR PARCEL POST PACKAGES

Ask your Postmaster or Rural Letter Carrier to tell you what zone you are in from Petersburg, Va., then refer to the table and you will know how much postage to send for mailing.

| | First Pound or Fraction. | Each Additional Pound or Fraction. |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Local Rate | 7c | 1c |
| First Zone, within 50 miles of Petersburg, Va..... | 7c | 1c |
| Second Zone, 50 to 150 miles from Petersburg, Va..... | 7c | 1c |
| Third Zone, 150 to 300 miles from Petersburg, Va..... | 8c | 2c |
| Fourth Zone, 300 to 600 miles from Petersburg, Va..... | 8c | 4c |
| Fifth Zone, 600 to 1,000 miles from Petersburg, Va..... | 9c | 6c |
| Sixth Zone, 1,000 to 1,400 miles from Petersburg, Va..... | 10c | 8c |
| Seventh Zone, 1,400 to 1,800 miles from Petersburg, Va..... | 12c | 10c |
| Eighth Zone, all over 1,800 miles from Petersburg, Va..... | 13c | 12c |

Garden and Farm Calendar

JANUARY.

This month is generally a period of rest for the farmer, but a wideawake man will realize that it is also the beginning of a busy Spring season, and will make preparation to push ahead the moment work begins. He will prepare hotbeds, prune trees and grape vines, top dress asparagus, haul all the manure he can get, and plow as much land as possible; get ready for the coming season and make out a list of seeds wanted for the Spring.

FEBRUARY.

If weather opens get ready for the early crops. Remember that **VERY EARLY** and **VERY LATE** crops bring the most money. Sow cabbage, tomato, lettuce and beet seed in hotbeds for transplanting, also sow a few early radish in same.

Towards the end of the month sow out doors early peas, spinach, and Spring kale; plant onion sets and lettuce plants. Prepare lawns and sow lawn grass, sow Winter oats and all grass and clover seeds, also rye for grazing; sow Canada peas.

MARCH.

Outdoor work begins this month. Select light mellow soils with Southern exposure for earliest crops. Sow all kinds of garden peas, radish, beets; also parsnips, carrots, spinach, parsley, asparagus and salsify; transplant cabbage, tomato and lettuce plants; sow in hot-beds pepper, eggplant, and tomato seed. Make watermelon hills, plant Irish potatoes, asparagus and onion sets; sow Spring kale, spinach and mustard.

APRIL.

Most all crops can be sown this month; if not already done, sow peas, onions, radishes, asparagus, beets, carrots, parsley, parsnips, salsify. Bear in mind that to be a successful gardener you must have a supply of fresh vegetables during the whole season, and to accomplish this seeds should be sown in succession. Sow celery seed in a finely prepared moist bed.

Sow all kinds of Herbs. Plant Snaps, early Corn, set out Tomato, Cabbage Lettuce and Pepper plants. Plant Irish Potatoes; prepare your land for Potatoes well, and buy only the choice, selected stock for seed as this is a very important crop. We recommend the use of fertilizer in the place of too much manure for this crop.

Bed Sweet Potato plantings. Late in the month sow Mangel Wurzel for stock. Begin planting Corn crop. Sow extra early Black-Eye Peas for market. Melons, Squash and Cucumbers can be sown, but with some risk.

MAY.

All tender plants can be sown this month. Plant Pole Beans, Snaps, Butter Beans, Sugar Corn, Melon, Squash, Cucumber, Pumpkin, Okra, and Salsify. Set out Tomato, Pepper, Eggplants and Lettuce Plants. Sow Tomato and Cabbage seed for late crop.

Set out Sweet Potato Plants, sow Millet and Cowpeas mixed for feed. This mixture yields large crops of hay and improves the land. Sow Kaffir Corn, Sugar Corn, Black-Eye Peas, Soja Beans, Navy Beans and Buckwheat. Finish planting Corn, also Cotton and Peanuts. Sow Cowpeas for fallowing.

JUNE.

Summer has now opened, and farmers can push ahead without fear of frost. Continue sowing and planting all varieties of vegetables to have them come in succession, always having something for the market and table. Sow Cabbage and Tomato seed for the late crop. Plant sugar Corn for late roasting ears, also Water and Musk Melons; also Cucumbers for Pickles. Prepare for late Potatoes. Sow Beets and Pumpkins for stock food for winter. If stand of Corn crop is poor, replant with early Yellow Corn, such as Early Leaming or Early Dent. Sow Cowpeas and Millet for hay; also Kaffir Corn for chicken feed and fodder. Gather Onion crop if dry enough.

Towards end of month plant late Potatoes when suitable season offers. Plant second crop of Snaps, Butter Beans, etc.

Plant Navy Beans and Black-eye Peas for Winter use. Keep Celery bed well weeded, as the plants are very easily killed by weeds.

Prepare land well for Celery by filling trenches with well rotted manure; mix thoroughly with soil and form even beds, selecting a moist bottom with heavy chocolate loam.

JULY.

All seeds not already sown should be put in at once. Continue planting early Corn and Snaps of all kinds for late marketing. German Millet can be sown on good land. Plant out Celery plants, and if weather gets dry cover bed with fine manure to retain moisture. Also plant out late Cabbage and Tomato plants. Sow Rutabaga and early varieties of Turnips.

Finish planting late Potatoes and keep a good lookout for bugs, as they are very hard on late Potatoes. Dust with Paris Green and Slugshot at first sign of bugs. Corn can still be drilled to make fodder. Throughout the entire season your land should be kept well stirred and loosened by continual cultivating, as the moisture is better retained. If the weather should continue dry, make frequent use of your roller.

AUGUST.

This is the month for the beginning of sowing of Fall crops. Sow all varieties Turnip seeds, also Spinach and Kale. Begin sowing German Clover; sow German Clover and Turnips together, thereby making two crops on the same land.

Cultivate well your late Potatoes and keep the bugs down. Throw a furrow or two to the Celery to get fresh moist soil next to the plants.

Turn under Cowpeas and sow a fall crop on same land. Harvest all crops matured and prepare land for next crop.

SEPTEMBER.

Preparation for Winter crops should begin in earnest now by all means; sow as much German Clover as possible, as no other crop is of more benefit to the farmer. If your Corn crop is cultivated level, it can be sown in the cornfield either for early feed in the Spring or for fallowing, making a good fertilizer. Gather in all crops that are ready for harvest. Sow Turnips, Kale and Spinach.

Sow Cabbage seeds for plants for Spring crop about the 21st of the month. Set out Potato Onion sets; sow Winter Oats, and begin sowing Grass and Clover. Rye and Wheat can also be sown. Hill up the Celery; save all hay and feed you can, so as not to run short in Winter.

OCTOBER.

This is about the last month any sowing should be done. Continue sowing German Clover whenever you can. A farmer's first thought should be plenty of feed for his stock; his second, how to improve his land. German Clover furnishes excellent feed in Spring when other feeds run low, and also makes a very valuable fertilizer when turned under. Gather in all crops that may still be out. Sow Winter Oats, Wheat, Grass and Clover and Rye. Plant out Cabbage plants for Spring. Plant out Trees, Vines and Strawberry plants.

NOVEMBER.

If behind time, still sow Wheat, Rye, Oats, Grass and Clover. Prepare compost heaps for Spring, and plow up all the land you can, to allow it to freeze out well during winter. Look to your lawns; sow Lawn Grass and protect it from the cold.

See that your stock is well and warmly housed, have plenty bedding, and protect your buildings in general; gather up all tools and farming implements and shelter them from the weather.

DECEMBER.

Farm work proper is over for the year. You should continue plowing and adding compost heaps. The main attention should be given to your stock; see that stables are warm, and attend to the feeding yourself. Repair buildings, implements and fences. Have everything in good order, and you will be able to enjoy the joyous Christmas-tide.

Vegetable Plants

The supply and quantity of frost-proof cabbage plants is dependent on the severity of the winter, and price is regulated accordingly. From present outlook prices given below will rule, but should conditions improve we will give our customers the benefit of the lower price at time of order.

CABBAGE PLANTS.—Early varieties ready February, March, April. Late varieties in June and July. Early varieties for fall planting ready October and November. Per 100, 40c; per 1,000, \$2.00, postage prepaid. By express, \$1.75 per 1,000, f. o. b. Petersburg.

TOMATO PLANTS.—Ready April, May, June and July. Transplanted and hardened plants. 30c per doz; \$2.50 per 100, postpaid. Plants in cold frames, 75c per 100; \$3.50 per 1,000. By express, f. o. b. Petersburg.

EGG PLANTS.—Ready May and June. Hardened and transplanted. 35c per doz.; \$2.00 per 100, postpaid.

PEPPER PLANTS.—Ready May and June. Hardened and transplanted plants. 30c per doz. Cold frame plants, 20c per doz.; \$1.25 per 100, postpaid.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS.—Ready May and June. Write for prices.

RHUBARB ROOTS.—Strong, healthy roots. 15c each; \$1.50 per doz., postpaid.

HORSE RADISH ROOTS.—25c per doz.; \$1.00 per 100.

See Our Free **FLOWER SEED OFFER**
on Inside Front Cover.

Baby Chicks

Start them right with:

- 1st. Pratt's Buttermilk Baby Chick Food
Pratt's Baby Chick Scratch Grain
- 2nd. Pratt's Buttermilk Growing Mash
- 3rd. Pratt's Intermediate Scratch Grain
- 4th. Pratt's Buttermilk Laying Mash

Results will be minimum mortality in chicks. Quick, steady, healthy growth. Strong, healthy maturity with increased egg production.

**You Cannot Go Wrong With Pratt's
Poultry Foods.**

For description and prices, see pages
37-38.

Day Old Baby Chicks

We offer on a 100 per cent live delivery guarantee **DAY OLD BABY CHICKS.**
BARRED ROCKS RHODE ISLAND REDS WHITE LEGHORNS

These chicks are hatched from free range flocks of high production and respectively headed with the Holtermann, Owens Farms or Tancred Cocks. Good, strong, sturdy chicks, well and pure bred. Shipments weekly beginning February 1st. Our delivered prices are as follows:

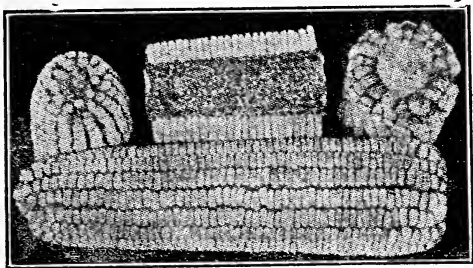
| | Per 100 | Per 1000 |
|--|---------|----------|
| Owen's S. C. Rhode Island Reds—Blood Tested | \$17.50 | \$160.00 |
| Owen's S. C. Rhode Island Reds—Not Blood Tested | 16.00 | 150.00 |
| Holtermann's S. C. Barred Rocks—Blood Tested | 17.50 | 160.00 |
| Holtermann's S. C. Barred Rocks—Not Blood Tested | 16.00 | 150.00 |
| Tancred White Leghorn—Blood Tested..... | 15.00 | 140.00 |
| Tancred White Leghorn—Not Blood Tested..... | 14.00 | 130.00 |

Send Your Order in Early and Get What You Want and When You Want Them.

USE B-K DISINFECTANT IN HOUSEHOLD, DAIRY AND POULTRY YARDS

Virginia-Grown Seed Corn

Our stocks of Seed Corn are all Virginia grown, planted and raised especially for seed purposes, carefully selected, nubbed, fanned and graded, and will meet the requirements of the most fastidious corn grower. We have given our careful, personal attention to the selection of our SEED CORN, and we request all of our customers who really want good seed corn to call on us for samples, which we will gladly send free of charge, to compare with the general run of seed corn. While our prices may be a little higher, comparison will convince you that our stocks are worth the difference.



Casey's Pure Bred.

SOUTHERN SNOWFLAKE.—A large eared, deep grained, pure white corn, maturing in about 100 days; grows 1 and very often 2 good ears, even on rather thin land. A splendid corn for late planting, replanting, and one of the best for roasting ears. Price per 2 lbs. 30c; 14 lbs. (1 pk.), \$1.25 postpaid. Not postpaid, 14 lbs. (1 pk.), 90c; 56 lbs. (1 bu.), \$3.00.

BIGGS SEVEN-EAR PROLIFIC.—As its name indicates, this corn has been known to have as many as seven ears to the stalk, but we do not claim it to be a seven-ear corn; it is, however, a very prolific corn, producing a number of medium size ears to the stalk. It is pure white corn, firm and of good quality. It is also a heavy corn, weighing generally more pounds per bushel than the standard weight of 56 pounds. Growers and breeders of this variety are very enthusiastic about this corn, and it will no doubt become a favorite when it is better known. 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.00 postpaid. Not postpaid, 10 lbs. 80c; 56 lbs. (1 bu.), \$3.25.

VIRGINIA WHITE DENT.—This is the old standard variety grown throughout Virginia. Makes large ears, deep grain and rather small cob, with heavy growth of stalk and fodder, making it also a very valuable ensilage corn. Our stock is grown by one of the most careful and successful James River farmers, and will be found true to name and of very high germinating power. Price per 2 lbs. 25c; 10 lbs. 75c postpaid. Not postpaid, 2 lbs. 20c; 10 lbs. 50c; 56 lbs. (1 bu.), \$2.25.

EUREKA.—This corn is bred from the Cocke's Prolific, has larger and longer ears, but not as many to the stalk. Is considered one of the best ensilage corns for good rich bottom lands, where it will grow from 14 to 16 feet with an abundance of fodder and heavy yield of corn. This corn is extensively used throughout the North and West for ensilage. We do not recommend it for thin land. Price per 2 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. 80c postpaid. Not postpaid, 2 lbs. 20c; 10 lbs. 60c; 56 lbs. (1 bu.), \$3.00.

HICKORY KING.—A good corn well adapted to our thin uplands, bearing three or four solid

ears to each stalk. The grain is large and broad, and cob so small that a grain of the corn will completely cover the end of it. While the ears are not large enough to place this corn in the heavy yielding class, it will give better results on poor lands than any other variety. Price per 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. 75c postpaid. Not postpaid, 2 lbs. 20c; 10 lbs. 50c; 56 lbs. (1 bu.), \$2.50.

VIRGINIA ENSILAGE.—This corn makes a larger growth and more fodder than any other variety grown, and is largely planted, both North and South, for ensilage, for which purpose it is unequalled. Price per 2 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. 75c postpaid. Not postpaid, 2 lbs. 20c; 10 lbs. 50c; 56 lbs. (1 bu.), \$2.25.

CASEY'S PURE-BRED.—This splendid corn is fast becoming a leader in Virginia. It is a pure white, deep-grain corn, of very attractive appearance, generally bearing two well-filled ears to the stalk, and is a sure crop producer. Casey's Pure-Bred has been thoroughly tested in this territory, and we unhesitatingly recommend it to our customers for general purposes and as a prize winner. Price per 2 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. 75c postpaid. Not postpaid, 2 lbs. 20c; 10 lbs. 50c; 56 lbs. (1 bu.), \$2.25.

BOONE COUNTY WHITE.—This is an early maturing, large yielding variety, suitable for uplands, and is a great favorite in some sections. It makes a large, well-filled ear with deep kernels, foliage abundant, good, strong growing stalk. Price per 2 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. 75c postpaid. Not postpaid, 2 lbs. 20c; 10 lbs. 50c; 56 lbs. (1 bu.), \$2.25.

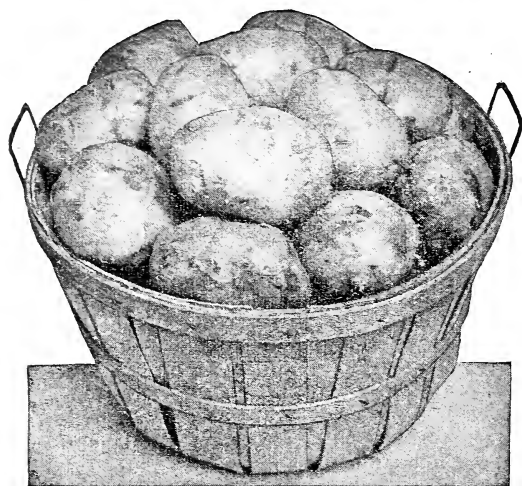
Yellow Varieties

IMPROVED GOLDEN DENT.—This well known and popular corn yields from two to three ears of deep golden-yellow grain, does well under general conditions, and on account of its early maturity and nutritious quality has become a very valuable corn throughout the South, especially for late planting, as it can be put in successfully after the season is too far advanced for the white varieties. Price per 2 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. 75c postpaid. Not postpaid, 2 lbs. 20c; 10 lbs. 50c; 56 lbs. (1 bu.), \$2.25.

GOLDEN BEAUTY.—This is an improved strain of the well known Golden Dent Corn, having been carefully bred and selected by a well known Virginia corn grower for a number of years, the result being larger and more uniform ears, well filled from butt to tip, very vigorous and heavy growth, and a sure cropper. A great corn for late planting. Price per 2 lbs. 30c; 10 lbs. 75c postpaid. Not postpaid, 2 lbs. 20c; 10 lbs. 60c; 56 lbs. (1 bu.), \$2.50.

Selected Seed Potatoes

Our Seed Potatoes are of the very best crops of Selected Maine Grown Stocks, and Prince Edward Island Certified Stocks, insuring our customers disease free Seed Potatoes without any additional cost. Quotations given below are prevailing as of January 1st. Should market decline, we will, of course, give our customers the benefit. All orders received will be filled at the lowest prevailing market price. Write for current prices whenever ready to place an order. Our quality and prices will be satisfactory.



IRISH COBBLER.—The favorite above all others as an extra early market potato. The tubers are large, smooth and round, meat creamy white; very few eyes, and of fine quality; a good yielder and considered the most profitable potato for market gardeners. Price per 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$1.75; 150-lb. bag, \$3.75.

CERTIFIED SEED IRISH COBBLER.—Selected Seed stock grown by the P. E. Island Potato Growers Association, carefully inspected in the producing fields, and again inspected and certified free from disease at digging time. The Certified Seed Cobblers represent the height of perfection in seed. Per 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$2.00; 150-lb. bag, \$4.25.

SECOND CROP IRISH COBBLER.—As the name implies, this is the second crop of same year of the Maine grown Irish Cobbler, and is planted extensively by market gardeners. Being smaller in size, the second crop will plant about one-third more ground than the first crop, and

many truckers claim they get better results and more potatoes. Per 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$1.75; 150-lb. bag, \$3.50.

RED BLISS, or TRIUMPH.—An extra early potato, round shape, pink skin, white meat, and good quality. One of the surest and most productive varieties, and highly recommended for home use, but does not sell as readily on our local markets on account of its pinkish appearance. Price per 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$2.00; 150-lb. bag \$4.25.

HOULTON EARLY ROSE.—The genuine Early Rose, and not to be compared with Western Stocks, as it is much earlier, more prolific, and a better potato in every respect. Price per 60 lbs. (1 bu.), \$1.75; per 150-lb. bag, \$4.00.

IMPROVED WHITE PEACH BLOW.—For second or late crop this potato is without equal; oblong in shape, pure white meat, pinkish skin and good eating quality. It is the heaviest yielding variety in cultivation, and is the one potato which never fails to bring results, and which will keep indefinitely. If planted in July in this locality it never fails to produce a good crop of fine potatoes. The Improved White Peach Blow is also known as the McCormick in some localities. We cannot too strongly advise our farmers to plant this potato, if they want potatoes for winter use.

GREEN MOUNTAIN.—The favorite potato throughout the South for late planting. Large, pure white, oval shaped tubers of fine eating quality; a good yielder and keeper.

Prices on application.

SEMESAN BEL

Treat your Seed Potatoes with Semesan Bel for larger yields of cleaner Potatoes. The instantaneous dip treatment for Potatoes which has proved most satisfactory in controlling scab and black leg. A very simple and inexpensive treatment, giving satisfactory results. 1 lb. Semesan Bel will treat 20 bu. of Seed Potatoes. Price, 4 oz. tin 50c; 1 lb. tin \$1.75; 5 lbs. \$8.00; 25 lb. pail \$31.25.

Use "GRO-SO SPECIAL POTATO GROWER"
GUANO ON YOUR POTATOES AND
GET MAXIMUM RESULTS

Seed Sweet Potatoes

CERTIFIED SEED, FREE
FROM DISEASE

NANCY HALL.—A pumpkin yam of the finest quality; early maturing and good yielder.

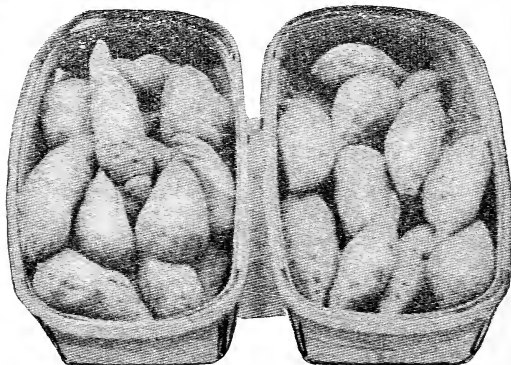
WHITE YAM.—The standard variety for general crop purposes.

YELLOW BARK.—A dry mealy potato of fine table quality, and much desired by those who do not like a soft sweet potato.

PORTO RICO.—Considered the favorite throughout the South. A rich, deep pumpkin colored yam; very sweet, early maturing and good producer.

Prices on Sweet Potatoes Fluctuate
—Write for Quotations in Season

All Varieties of Sweet Potato Plants in Season.

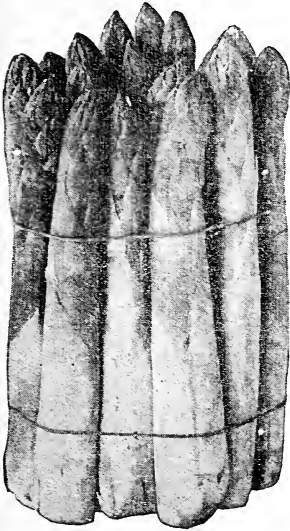


W. Grossmann & Son, Inc.

Carefully Selected Vegetable Seeds

The following list comprises a selection of the best varieties of Vegetable Seeds—such varieties as have been tested, and tried, and found to be superior to numbers of other varieties of their kind. They are true to name, of high germination, and will bring results satisfactory to the most fastidious gardener. All garden seeds quoted postpaid will be delivered all transportation charges prepaid to any post office in the United States. Seeds quoted not postpaid, are delivered by us without extra charges, securely packed, to the express or freight office at Petersburg, customers to pay transportation charges only. A lb. of peas, beans, or corn, is equivalent to about a pint in measure. 50 lbs. of any one variety will be sold at the 100 lb rate.

Asparagus



Asparagus succeeds best in a light, warm, rich soil, with an Eastern or Southern exposure. To grow from seed, sow in drills two feet apart, covering the seed one to two inches deep, and thin out when up and growing. Keep the plants free from weeds by thorough cultivation during the Summer. These plants should then be transplanted when one or two years old to the place selected for your asparagus bed, and can be put out either in Fall or Spring. One or two-year-old plants can be purchased to avoid delay of raising same.

CULTURE.—Plow trenches 10 to 12 inches deep, five feet apart; scatter well rotted manure in bottom of furrow, and mix with soil, cover this with a layer of soil two inches deep and give an application of pure raw bone; on this set your plants 15 inches apart in

the row, spreading the roots carefully. Then cover with soil three to four inches deep. When Winter comes cover the beds with stable manure, which fork in when Spring opens and earth up the beds to a further depth of about 18 inches. After the cutting season, allow the plants to grow, and during the following Winter the beds should be turned down with a plow and more manure and raw bone applied, then earthed up again to original height. This should be repeated each year during the life of the beds.

PALMETTO—Favorite and earliest variety for Virginia. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; 1b. 80c, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—A standard variety, large and tender stalks. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; 1b. 80c, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS—Two-year old. \$1.50 per 100, postpaid.

Artichoke

JERUSALEM—Grown from roots or tubers for stock and hog food. Plant and cultivate like potatoes; special price on large lots. Per lb. 20c; 5 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

Brussels Sprouts

This delicious vegetable should be very much more generally cultivated in the South than it is at present. It is easily king of the cabbage family. Try it and you will never be without it.

Sow the seed in May, transplanting when large enough to 1½ feet apart in the row and cultivate as cabbage. After several hard frosts, the flavor is greatly improved. Break off the leaves in the fall to make better heads. One ounce of seed will produce 1,500 or 2,000 plants.

Price: Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; 1b. \$3.50, postpaid. By express, 1b. \$2.75.

Bush or Dwarf Lima Beans

Plant in May after the ground has become warm. For the pole varieties use 10-foot poles in center of hills, which should be about 5 feet apart. Bush varieties should be planted in rows 3 feet apart, with the beans about 12 inches apart in rows, cover about 2 inches deep. A second planting of the bush varieties should be made in June or early part of July to get a seed supply and dry beans for Winter use, as the early plantings are likely to become wormy and unfit for seed. This is also the case with snaps, black-eye peas and beans. One quart of the large plants 100 hills; one quart of the small varieties plants 200 hills.

BURPEE'S LIMA—This is the largest of the bush varieties. Plants of upright growth, holding the beans well off the ground. Tender and of good flavor. Per lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 80c; 5 lbs. \$1.40, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; 10 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$18.00.

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA—The original well-known small bush lima or butter bean; the earliest of all in maturing; heavy yielder, and of good flavor; a profitable crop for market gardeners, and very desirable for home gardens. By frequent cultivation and regularity in picking the beans, this crop can be made to bear practically the entire season. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$16.00.

FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA—Vines strong, erect, and of true bush type, holding the pods well off the ground. A heavy yielder of large, fat, tender and sweet lima beans. An acquisition to any garden. Per lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 80c; 5 lbs. \$1.75, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 70c; 10 lbs. \$2.75; 100 lbs. \$30.00.

WOOD'S PROLIFIC BUSH LIMA—This variety is steadily growing in favor; similar in character and quality to the Henderson's Bush, but making a larger growth, larger and thicker bean, and a very heavy and steady yielder. Per lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 75c; 5 lbs. \$1.40, postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; 10 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$18.00.

For Growing Vegetables to Perfection USE

GRO-SO VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Guaranteed Analysis:

Available Phosphoric Acid, 6 per cent

Ammonia, 7 per cent

Available Potash, 5 per cent

A fertilizer which has no equal in value for our truckers. Ammonia used derived from both mineral and animal matter and in the proper proportions to quickly advance growth, and still hold perfection and sturdiness of growth during the natural life of the plant. Costs a little more than the average truck guano, but is worth three times as much. Price per 10-lb. bag, 50c; 25-lb. bag, \$1.00; 100-lb. bag, \$2.50; per 200-lb. bag, \$4.25.

Pole Lima Beans

SMALL LIMA, or POLE BUTTER BEAN—The standard variety. Earlier and more productive than the larger limas. Sure crop, fine quality, and a general favorite throughout the South. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; 10 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$18.00.

KING OF GARDEN—Very large beans. Pods well filled, fine flavored; medium early in maturing, and a great favorite with market and home gardeners. Per lb. 45c; 2 lbs. 80c; 5 lbs. \$1.75, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; 10 lbs. \$2.25; 100 lbs. \$20.00.

W. G. & SON'S IMPROVED POLE LIMA—This is a marked improvement on the small pole lima bean. The beans are larger, much more prolific, and mature earlier than any of the larger pole varieties. Pods grow in clusters, are easily gathered, and the quality is unsurpassed. Per lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 70c; 5 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$16.50.

Beans—Dwarf or Bush

One Pound Will Plant Fifty Feet of Drill.

CULTURE—Beans are somewhat tender, but it often pays to take some risks. Plant in warm, loamy soil at the beginning of settled warm weather in spring, and at intervals for succession until August. Rows may be made 2 feet apart, and the Beans planted a few inches apart in the drills, or 3 or 4 Beans in hills 6 to 8 inches apart. Cultivate and hoe frequently, always, however, when the vines are perfectly dry. In hoeing draw the soil up towards the rows of plants. For string Beans gather the pods clean as soon as fit for use.

GREEN-PODDED VARIETIES

BLACK VALENTINE—This variety will stand more frost and unfavorable weather than any other, and is recommended to market gardeners for the very earliest crop. The pods are of a very handsome appearance; long and straight; very prolific. Per lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 80c; 5 lbs. \$1.75, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 65c; 10 lbs. \$3.00; 100 lbs. \$29.00.

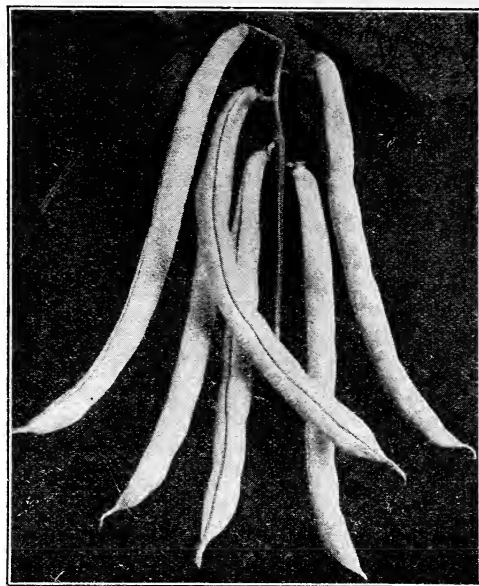
EXTRA EARLY RED VALENTINE—This is one of the best known, and most popular beans grown by market gardeners as an extra early crop. Pods are round, thick and fleshy, and of good quality, and are generally ready to be picked seven weeks after planting. Not a stringless variety, but profitable on account of earliness and productiveness. Per lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 80c; 5 lbs. \$1.75, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 65c; 10 lbs. \$3.00; 100 lbs. \$29.00.

FULL MEASURE—This, we think, is one of the best stringless green podded varieties grown. Pods are long, round, and tender; profuse bearer, and of good flavor. We recommend the same to home gardeners and market gardeners alike. Per lb. 60c; 2 lbs. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$2.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$35.00.

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD—Another exceptionally fine bean for home or market, perfectly stringless; pods longer than Burpee's Stringless; strong, vigorous grower, and a continuous bearer of delicious beans for weeks. Per lb. 60c; 2 lbs. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$2.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$35.00.

BOUNTIFUL—An improvement on the old Long Green Six Weeks Snap. Pods vary from flat to round in shape; practically stringless, good quality, hardy of nature and prolific; commonly known as the Stringless Six Weeks Snap. Per lb. 60c; 2 lbs. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$2.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$35.00.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD—The old favorite and practically original stringless green podded bean. Absolutely stringless; quality unequalled; early in maturity. One of the best varieties for all uses. Per lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 65c; 10 lbs. \$3.00; 100 lbs. \$30.00.



Extra Early Red Valentine.

WAX OR YELLOW-PODDED VARIETIES

PENCIL POD BLACK WAX—The best strain of Black Wax Beans, with all the good qualities to make a first-class stringless bean for home garden and nearby market; early, prolific, and very tender; will bear for a long time if beans are kept picked. Per lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 80c; 5 lbs. \$1.75, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$35.00.

IMPROVED DWARF GOLDEN WAX—An old standard wax variety, which has been known for years for its fine quality, earliness, and good flavor. Pods long, fleshy, brittle and golden yellow in color; fine for home gardens. Per lb. 60c; 2 lbs. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$2.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 40c; 2 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$35.00.

WEBER WAX—A somewhat later introduction, and one of the finest wax beans in cultivation. Medium early; very prolific, and exceptionally fine flavor. Not a good shipper, but one of the finest wax beans in cultivation for home use. Per lb. 60c; 2 lbs. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$2.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 80c; 10 lbs. \$3.50; 100 lbs. \$35.00.

Pole or Cornfield Snap Beans

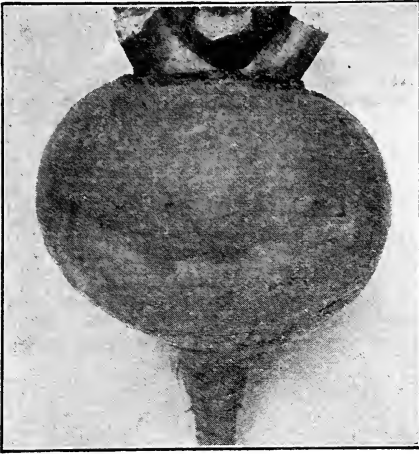
Plant in May in hills five feet apart, using an 8 to 10-foot pole in each hill. Can also be planted in the cornfield when the corn is laid by. One pint plants 100 hills.

OLD HOMESTEAD, or THE KENTUCKY WONDER—The earliest pole bean; enormously productive. Long, crisp, tender pods, produced in clusters. Considered the most popular pole bean grown. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$15.00.

LAZY WIFE—Pods broad, thick, very fleshy and entirely stringless. Very prolific, the pods retaining their rich, tender qualities for a long time. Being late to mature, this is a valuable bean for the fall season. The dry beans are also used as shell beans in the winter. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$17.00.

CUT SHORT, or CORNFIELD—Can be used as snaps, shelled green or dried for winter use. Largely used for planting in corn. Pods about 4 inches long, filled with beans of good quality. Per lb. 35c, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$18.00.

The Snap Bean Crop is the shortest in many years. Send in your order before stocks are exhausted.



Beets

For very early crops, sow in hotbeds and transplant just as soon as the weather begins to warm up. For outdoor crops, sow in March and April in drills 2 to 2½ feet apart, covering the seed about 1 inch, and thin out if plants are too thick in rows. Mangels or stock beets should be sown in May. Select a light, loose and deep soil for beets—one ounce sows 50-foot drills. Six to eight pound per acre.

EARLY WONDER—The most delicious table beet grown. It is medium early, uniform size, deep blood red meat of fine grain, tender & sweet, and is very popular with both home and market gardeners. Per pkt. 5c; ¼ lb. 30c; 1b. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 90c.

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN—An extra early variety of good quality. Attractive shape, small tops. Popular with truckers for extra early market. Per pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 70c, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c.

EXTRA EARLY ECLIPSE—This is the most popular market beet. Globe shape, dark red, tender. Very early and highly recommended. Per pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c.

CRIMSON GLOBE—Early red crimson; perfect globe, smooth and clean. Fine quality for market and table. Per pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c.

IMPROVED EARLY BLOOD TURNIP—Dark red, uniform, smooth growing. A good variety for home use and for main crop. Very best quality, medium early. Per pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c.

DETROIT DARK RED—A fine turnip beet of dark red color, early maturity. Very attractive. Per pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c.

SWISS CHARD—This vegetable belongs to the beet family, but is grown for its leaves and stems. The leaves are used as spinach, and the stems as asparagus. Combining the two vegetables, Swiss Chard is a valuable addition to any garden. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c, postpaid. By express, ¼ lb. 25c.

BROCCOLI—Similar to Cauliflower, somewhat taller, hardier, and will stand adverse weather conditions better. Cultivate like cauliflower. One oz. will produce 2000 plants. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 35c per oz.

RID YOUR GARDEN OF THE MEXICAN BEAN BEETLE

Our "Fluosilicate Dust Mixture" used in a "Duster Brown No. 2" duster will do the work without injury to plants or humans. See pages 42-44 for prices and descriptions.

Mangel or Stock Beet

The great value of the Mangel or Stock Beet is not generally known or appreciated in the South. They are easily grown and are unequalled as a milk producing food for Winter feeding. Everyone owning a cow should plant at least a small acreage in Mangels. Cultivate like beets, but thin out to about eight to ten inches apart. Six to eight pounds will sow an acre.

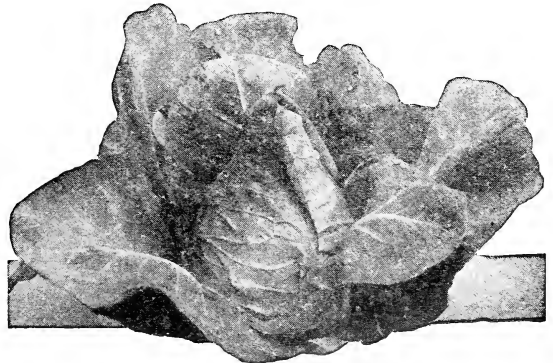
MAMMOTH LONG RED—Grows to an enormous size. Very easily cultivated, and the most generally used stock beet in the South. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 50c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 40c; 5 lbs. 35c per lb.

GOLDEN TANKARD—The best known and largely grown mangel. And especially recommended for dairymen on account of its milk producing properties. Well adapted to our light soils and should be grown by every one owning a cow. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 50c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 40c; 5 lbs. 35c per lb.

Cabbage

Long Island Grown From Selected Heads

CULTURE.—For the earliest setting out in the Spring, it is best to set out in February or March, plants which have been wintered over either in cold frames or out of doors. For a succession, sow the early varieties in hot-bed or cold-frames in January, or Early March. Later sow the early varieties out of doors in March or April. For winter cabbage sow in April, May or June, transplanting in July or August, to head up during the late fall and winter. Fall sowings, to make plants for setting out in the fall or early Spring, should be made after September 20th; if sown earlier they will likely shoot to seed, especially the flathead kinds. Early varieties should be set 18 inches apart in rows 2½ to 3 feet apart; late varieties, being larger, should be set 2 feet apart in rows 3 feet apart. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants; six ounces will make enough to set an acre. Cabbage requires good rich soil, or plenty of manure and fertilizer, and to be worked frequently and deeply.

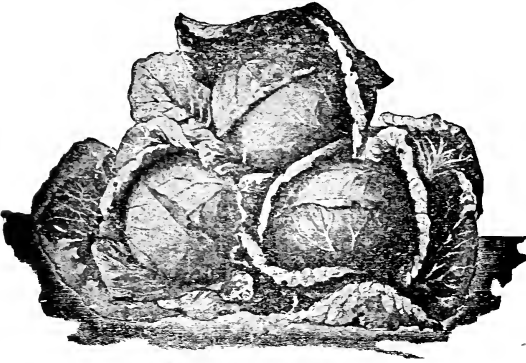


Charleston Wakefield.

GROSSMANN'S TRUE EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD—Our strain of this cabbage is unsurpassed. It has been carefully bred for years by the most careful cabbage seed grower on Long Island, strictly true to type, makes a uniform, solid head, and resists cold and unfavorable conditions. Undoubtedly the best of all extra early varieties. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 65c; 1b. \$2.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 60c; 1b. \$2.00.

COPENHAGEN MARKET—A very early large, flat head, short stem cabbage, maturing with the Charleston Wakefield. Its earliness, size, and solid heads has made this cabbage a favorite for second early use. Pkt. 10c; ¼ lb. 85c; 1b. \$2.75, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 75c; 1b. \$2.50.

GRO-SO VEGETABLE COMPOUND
will make larger and more solid heads
of Cabbage.



Eureka Extra Early.

GROSSMANN'S IMPROVED CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD—Since the introduction of the large type Wakefield cabbage, our grower has been continuously improving our strain of this variety until he has now reached a point of perfection, which we feel can hardly be surpassed. Although a very few days later in maturing, it is double in size, and makes a much better, and more solid head than the original early Wakefield, and its heading qualities are unequalled by any other early cabbage, almost every plant making a good, firm head. We unhesitatingly recommend Grossmann's Improved Charleston Wakefield to our truckers and gardeners as being the best early cabbage in cultivation, combining earliness, size, uniformity in heading and solidity of head. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.**

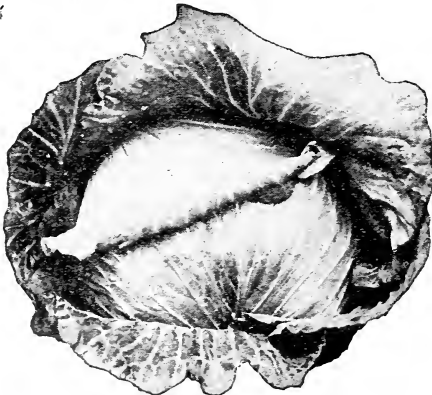
DANISH BALLHEAD CABBAGE—The heaviest cabbage for its size we have ever grown; nearly round, exceedingly solid and hard; handsome, very hardy, a sure header, a good seller, and one of the finest keepers; it is an ideal cabbage for storing for winter. **Per pkg. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 80c; lb. \$2.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$2.50 per lb.**

GROSSMANN'S SHORT STEM EARLY FLAT DUTCH—The best early flat headed variety, maturing a few days later than Charleston Wakefield, making large flat solid heads, a sure header, and highly recommended to our truckers. **Per pkg. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.**

EARLY DRUMHEAD—An old standard variety, very popular in the South. Medium early, large, solid heads, good quality. **Per pkg. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.**

ALL SEASONS—One of the best all-around cabbage grown, very large heads, and very solid; a good variety for late crop, being a splendid keeper. Plants are very vigorous and sure heading, and they withstand hot and dry weather. **Per pkg. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.**

HENDERSON'S SUCCESSION—A good cabbage for summer or late crop, larger and somewhat later than Henderson's Early Summer, making very solid heads of handsome appearance, keeps well for winter use. **Per pkg. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25.**



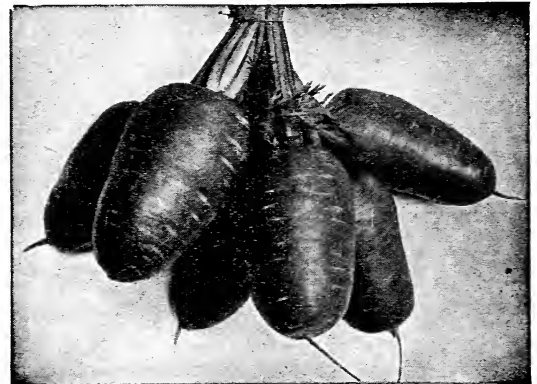
Grossmann's Premium Late Flat Dutch.

LARGE LATE DRUMHEAD—A favorite winter cabbage recommended for its deep, heavy, solid and long keeping heads, has few outside leaves and is a splendid shipping cabbage. **Per pkg. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.**

GROSSMANN'S PREMIUM LATE FLAT DUTCH—This fine cabbage is without doubt the best strain for general crop or for fall cabbage; it grows to a very large size, makes hard compact heads, with few outside loose leaves, withstands hot and dry weather well, and its keeping qualities are unequalled. We can safely say every plant makes a hard head of cabbage, as in three separate tests of fifty plants each, "Our Premium" produced 47, 49 and 50 perfect heads, respectively. We recommend the same to our market gardeners and truckers as the very best winter cabbage. **Per pkg. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.**

CHINESE PETAIS or CELERY CABBAGE—A wonderful salad plant, growing 15 or 16 inches high, somewhat resembling cos lettuce or probably more like Swiss Chard. It yields an unusual amount of most excellent salad. Sow early in the spring and again in July and August, transplanting 18 inches apart in 2½-foot rows. Time your spring planting so it will head before hot weather; it heads in 80 to 90 days. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c, postpaid.**

CABBAGE PLANTS—Price and delivery subject to stocks being winter killed. Ready February to June; July to September. **Per 100, 40c; per 1,000, \$2.00. Parcel post prepaid.**



Early Scarlet Short Horn Carrot.

Carrots

Select a light, rich deep soil, sow in drills 15 inches apart, cover seed one-half inch and thin out to 3 inches in rows. Sow in early Spring from March to May. For Winter use put the roots in cellar or in a kiln out in the field. Carrots make a fine food for stock and should be planted extensively. One ounce sows 100-foot drill, 3 to 4 pounds per acre.

CHANTENAY—One of the best carrots for all purposes. Roots about 6 inches long, blunt pointed, smooth, fine grained and sweet, a heavy yielder. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. 85c, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.**

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE—The standard variety for main crop. Makes long, smooth, tapering roots, of beautiful orange color, growing to good size. Fine winter variety for table, market and stock, has good keeping qualities. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 90c, postpaid. By express, ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.**

EARLY SCARLET SHORT HORN—It is the earliest variety grown, blunt pointed, about three inches long and sweet flavored, trucker's favorite for early market. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 85c, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.**

HALF LONG DANVERS—Roots of medium length, smooth and handsome in appearance, deep orange color, crisp and tender. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 85c, postpaid. Not postpaid, ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.**

CAULIFLOWER

Cultivate like cabbage. Sow in January or February for early crop, or May for late. Transplant to moist soil, manure heavily and water freely. When heading begins, fasten leaves over top of head to whiten.

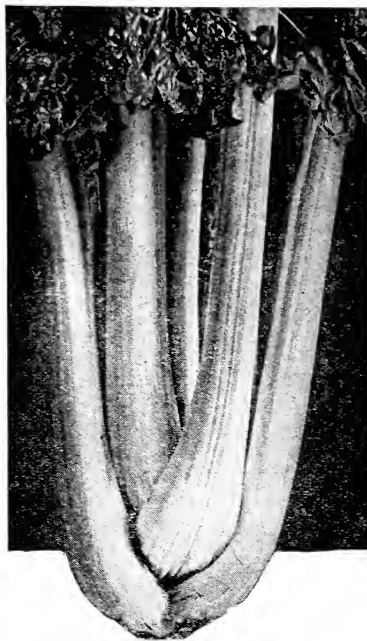
EARLY SNOWBALL—The earliest and considered the best for the South, a sure header, making large solid, perfect heads of good quality. **Pkt. 25c; oz. \$1.75, postpaid.**

AUTUMN GIANT—Large late variety, heads large, white, and is a good keeper. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c, postpaid.**

CELERY

CULTURE.—Sow in February, March or beginning of April, in drills 8 to 10 inches apart, in a bed of fine, rich soil, covering one-fourth of an inch. If the soil is dry, press the earth with the back of spade or roller after covering, and keep clear of weeds, or the young plants will be smothered. Transplant from July to October. August and September settings succeed excellently, and requires less labor. To prepare a bed, select a rich moist soil, throw out the earth to a depth of 6 inches, 4 to 5 inches wide, and put in 3 or 4 inches of well-rotted manure, dig in well, and cover with fine soil. Set the plants 6 to 8 inches apart, press the soil firmly, and earth up when the plants are large enough. Earth up two or three times, but do not let the earth get into the heart of the plant. When severe weather comes on, cover gradually with leaves, hay or straw, and place boards on top; water-proof felt paper is also used. In such a bed the stalks will blanch perfectly, and may be taken out when wanted. In field culture, the plants are set out on the surface, in rows 4 feet apart, and 6 inches in the row. Celery requires frequent cultivation, and the earth drawn up to the plants as rapidly as it grows. Celeriac, or Turnip-Rooted Celery, needs no earthing up, and may be planted in rows 18 inches apart. Celery seed germinates slowly; cover lightly and keep constantly moist.

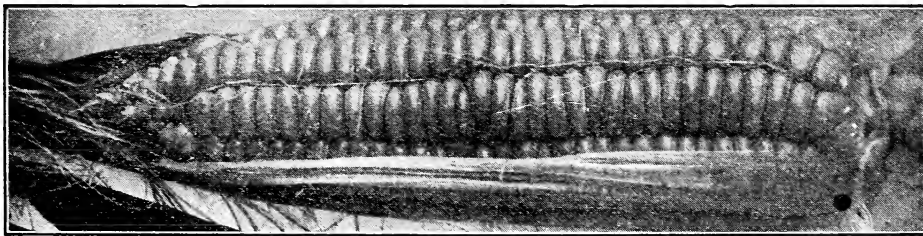
GIANT PASCAL—This variety is more generally grown in the South than any other variety, and is considered one of the best for fall and winter. It makes large, very solid stalks, and is very crisp and tender; a good keeping celery. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; 1b. \$2.00 postpaid. By express, ¼ lb. 50c; 1b. \$1.75.**



WINTER QUEEN—A very desirable variety for winter, strong growth, making heavy and solid stalks, blanches creamy white, crisp and tender; splendid keeper. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; 1b. \$2.00, postpaid. By express, ¼ lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.75.**

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING—This variety excels all others in tenderness and fine flavor; makes solid stalks, 15 to 20 inches high, is self-blanching and good keeping quality; very handsome in appearance. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c, postpaid.**

CELERIAC or TURNIP ROOTED CELERY—Grown exclusively for its roots, which are fine for soups and stews or cooked and sliced as a salad. The roots keep all winter if packed in damp sand or put in kilns. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c, postpaid.**



GARDEN CORNS

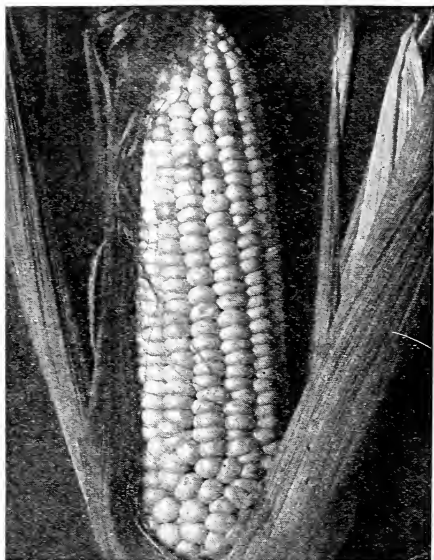
Plant early corn in rich and well-manured ground from March to middle of April. Sugar corn in May, if ground is warm. Cultivate frequently. Plant a piece about every two or three weeks to get a succession of roasting ears. The early varieties can be planted as late as July for late roasting ears. One quart plants 200 hills; eight quarts per acre.

ADAMS EXTRA EARLY—The earliest sweet corn in cultivation, makes a small ear and stalk, can be planted close together, and is used by our market gardeners to catch the early market. **Per lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 45c; 5 lbs. 80c; 10 lbs. \$1.40, postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 20c; 5 lbs. 60c; 10 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$8.00.**

ADAMS IMPROVED EARLY—An improved strain of the Early Adams, with larger and more uniform ears and deeper grains; perhaps a few days later in maturing than Early Adams. **Per lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 45c; 5 lbs. 80c; 10 lbs. \$1.40, postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 20c; 5 lbs. 60c; 10 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$9.00.**

ADAMS EARLY—Similar to Adams Extra Early, but a little later and very much larger ears, earlier and harder than sugar corn; a profitable corn for truckers. **Per lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 45c; 5 lbs. 80c; 10 lbs. \$1.40, postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 20c; 5 lbs. 60c; 10 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lbs. \$9.00.**

TRUCKER'S FAVORITE—As name implies, this is the favorite with all market gardeners and truckers, following close to Early Adams in maturity; it is larger in ears, deeper in grain, and a sure crop; a sweet and palatable corn. Trucker's Favorite is considered the best early market corn grown. **Per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 5 lbs. 70c; 10 lbs. \$1.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 50c; 10 lbs. 90c; 100 lbs. \$8.00.**



Early White Evergreen.

Sweet or Sugar Corn

GOLDEN BANTAM—An extra early sweet corn of very sweet and tender qualities; can be planted earlier than other sweet corns; small ear of golden yellow color; bears two and three ears to the stalk. Per pkg. 15c; 1b. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; 5 lbs. \$1.15, postpaid. Not postpaid, 1b. 20c; 5 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 100 lbs. \$11.00.

BARDEN'S WONDER BANTAM—This wonderful corn has all the fine qualities of the Golden Bantam in earliness, delicious sweet flavor, and tenderness, and makes an ear twice the size. Should be in every garden. Per pkg. 15c; 1b. 35c; 2 lbs. 50c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 20c; 5 lbs. 75c.

EARLY WHITE EVERGREEN—An early variety of Stowell's Evergreen type, pure white kernel, deep grains and delicious in flavor; a very desirable corn for market gardeners, canners and home gardeners. Per pkg. 15c; 1b. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 20c; 5 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 100 lbs. \$11.00.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—This is the universal sugar corn. It makes large, well filled ears, bears abundantly on good soil; and the ears remain in the green state for a long time; deep-grained and very sweet. Per pkg. 15c; per lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 20c; 5 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 100 lbs. \$11.00.

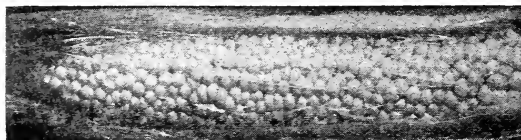
COUNTRY GENTLEMAN—One of the richest and most popular late sweet corns. has a good sized ear with small cob, long slender grains, and is especially recommended for home gardeners. Per pkg. 15c; 1b. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 20c; 5 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 100 lbs. \$11.00.

Pop Corn

RICE—The most popular of all popcorns, a good yielder. Corn pops pure white and of good quality. 1b. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 5 lbs. 85c, postpaid.

MAPLEDALE PROLIFIC—A prolific, large eared variety, grains pure white and extremely tender. 1b. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 5 lbs. 85c, postpaid.

QUEEN'S GOLDEN—A very handsome yellow popcorn, large grains; pops perfectly white, and of good flavor. Generally yields four ears to the stalk. 1b. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 5 lbs. 85c, postpaid.



Maple Dale Prolific Pop Corn.

CUCUMBERS

CULTURE—For early crop, plant in hotbed, in pots or small paper boxes, or on pieces of sod, grass side down, so that they can be readily transplanted; or plant in the open ground as soon as the weather becomes settled warm, about the end of April or during May, in hills about 4 feet apart each way. The hills should be previously prepared by mixing well-rotted manure with the soil. Put about ten seeds in each hill, and when all danger of insects is past, thin out to four plants. The fruit should be gathered when large enough, whether wanted or not, for if left to ripen on the vine, it destroys its productiveness. For pickling, plant in June or July. One ounce will plant 50 hills; two pounds, one acre.

EARLY FORTUNE—An extra early variety of uniform shape, dark green color; fast becoming a favorite with market gardeners. Per pkg. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1b. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 85c.

GREEN PROLIFIC—A heavy bearing variety making fruit of medium length, and especially recommended for pickle; used extensively for late planting for pickling purposes. Per pkg. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1b. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 85c.



Arlington White Spine.

KLONDYKE—This variety is becoming very popular as a money-maker with our truckers; fruit is long and straight, hard and very dark green color, making a good shipping variety; early in maturing and very productive. Per pkg. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1b. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 85c.

ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE—An improved strain of the old reliable white spine variety; the fruit is of good uniform shape, straight in growth, and rich dark green color; very popular variety with our truckers. Per pkg. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1b. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 85c.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN—This is the best cucumber for all purposes; fruit grows ten to twelve inches long; straight and dark green in color; firm and crisp; a heavy bearer and good quality; the young fruit being very desirable for pickle. Per pkg. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1b. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 85c.

GHERKIN, or BURR CUCUMBER—Small, round and prickly; used only for pickling. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c, postpaid. By express, oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c.

DAVIS PERFECT—This is an early variety and makes long symmetrical fruit of deep green color, which it retains for a long time; considered one of the best table varieties, and is much thought of by our truckers; highly recommended. Per pkg. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1b. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 85c.

All Vegetable Seeds offered in this Catalogue are New Crop, 1928 growth, and produced by the most careful growers in the country.



True Georgia Collard.

Collards

A fine winter vegetable, similar to cabbage, but does not make solid heads. Sow and cultivate like late cabbage.

NORTH CAROLINA SHORT STEM—A short stem variety with large spreading leaves; very hardy and good flavored. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

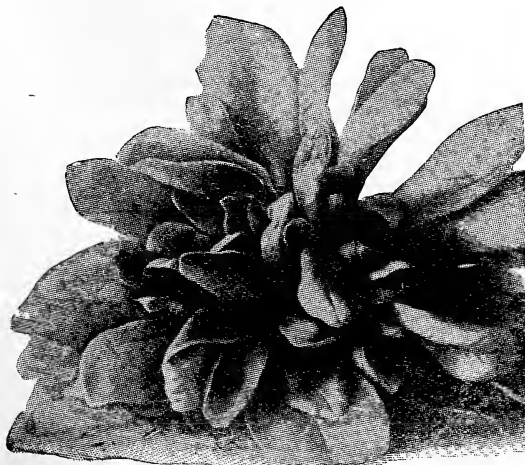
TRUE GEORGIA—The old standard and most popular collard grown throughout the South, tall and long stemmed, good flavored and very hardy. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

Corn Salad, or Fetticus

A very desirable salad; can be used like lettuce or cooked like spinach; to be sown in August and September for fall or spring use. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c.

Cress

WATER CRESS—To be sown in the spring along edges of creek or pond. Only one sowing is necessary, as it increases and perpetuates itself; makes a splendid salad and is considered quite a delicacy by a great many. Pkt. 10c, postpaid.



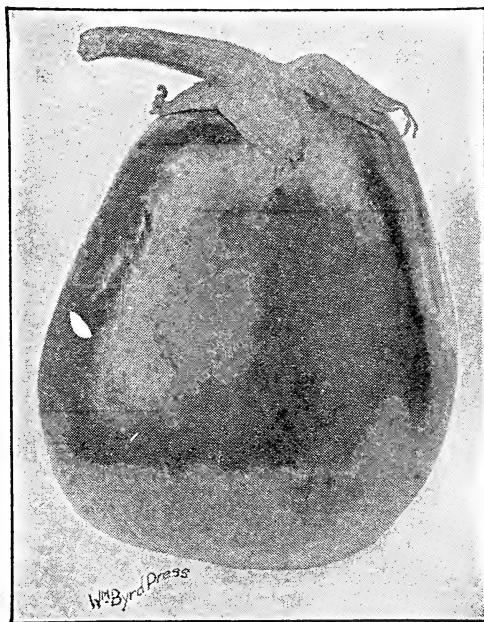
Corn Salad.

Egg Plant

CULTURE.—Egg Plant do best in a deep rich loamy soil. In February or March sow in hotbeds, and when two inches high, transplant to good rich soil. After frost is past, set out three feet each way, and protect from bugs by dusting lightly with slugshot. One ounce will produce about 1,000 plants.

BLACK BEAUTY—Two weeks earlier than any other variety; produces large, lustrous, purplish fruit of fine quality; a very desirable market and shipping variety. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00.

NEW YORK IMPROVED PURPLE—The best known and popular variety, vigorous and productive, fruit large sized; smooth, glossy, deep purplish skin. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00.



Black Beauty.

Endive

CULTURE.—Sow in August in drills 18 inches apart, and thin out to blanch the heart. In dry seasons give plenty of water.

A most excellent salad or garnishing for the late summer and fall. Use same as lettuce.

GREEN CURLED—Best variety; green, crisp and tender. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c.

Gourds

DIPPER—This gourd is used for making dippers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 20c.

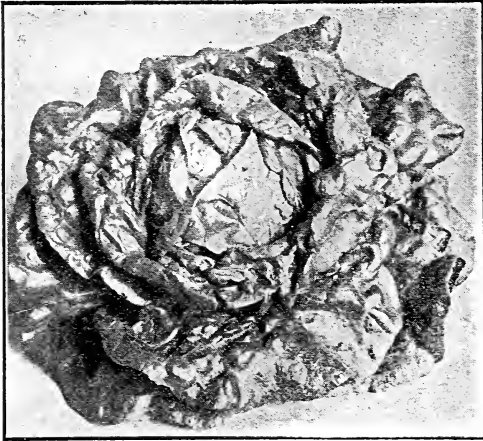
NEST EGG—This gourd makes a good nest egg which lasts for years. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 20c.

DISH CLOTH—The lining of this gourd is used for making dish cloths and bath sponges. Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 20c.

HORSE RADISH ROOTS—25c per dozen; 50 for 75c; \$1.25 per 100, postpaid.

Grossmann's Select Lettuce

Sow the seed at intervals of three weeks during the spring for a succession of lettuce, and transplant eight inches apart in beds or rows. Sow in July and August for fall crop, in September for winter and spring crops. For winter heading transplant September plants in coldframes. One ounce produces 1,500 plants.



May King.

MAY KING—Makes large, solid heads. Extra fine for growing in coldframes. A very good all-around early lettuce. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25.**

WHITE PARIS COS—The best of the celery lettuce; forms large, light green, well folded heads of upright growth, and popular for its crispness and mild flavor. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c.**

CHICKEN LETTUCE—If you raise chickens, you should grow Chicken Lettuce, for it provides just the right green feed to keep them in the best of health. Unlike any lettuce you have ever grown. It does not make a heart but sends up a stalk three to four feet high fairly loaded with leaves. You can either cut the stalk or pull the leaves; in either case it keeps on growing and will yield more green feed even than rape. Although called Chicken Lettuce and recommended especially for chickens, it can be fed to any kind of stock and can be grown as economically and produced in even greater abundance than any of the green crops usually grown for feeding. An ounce of seed will produce as much green feed as the average flock of chickens can consume. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c, postpaid.**

EARLY WHITE CABBAGE—This is the best all-around lettuce in cultivation. Does well for early spring, summer and fall planting. Makes fine, large, solid heads with blanched hearts. Crisp and tender. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.25.**

IMPROVED BIG BOSTON—This is a great favorite for forcing, and also does exceptionally well for outdoor planting for all seasons. Heads large, of fine appearance; crisp and tender, and of fine flavor. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25.**

IMPROVED HANSON—One of the best summer lettuce. Has large, solid, compact heads, tender and crisp; blanches well and withstands hot weather. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25.**

EARLY CURLED SIMPSON—Will make a well balanced, curly, loose head; crisp and tender. Rapid growing. One of the best curled varieties. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c.**

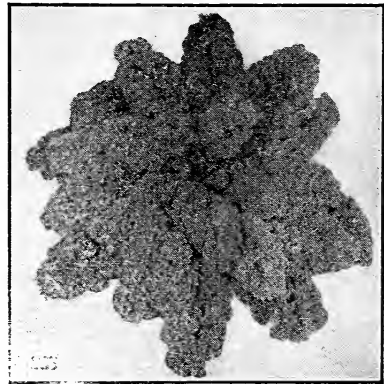
ICEBERG—Large handsome head with bright green, curly outside leaves tinged with red. The head is hard and tightly supported by the strongly incurved outer leaves, making exposure of the center impossible. Excellent for forcing under glass or outside planting. Quality unsurpassed. Matures in about 50 days. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25.**

GRAND RAPIDS—A good curled leaved lettuce. Good for forcing, and does splendidly outdoors if sown in fall or early spring. Does not form heads, but makes a large, compact cluster, crimped around edges; crisp and tender. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c.**

Kale

CULTURE.—The Siberian and Scotch are the popular sort for fall sowing; a limited quantity is also sown in the spring. Sow from August 15th to October 15th, either broadcast or in drills 18 inches apart and give some cultivation, and they will yield greens throughout the winter. Spring or smooth Kale may be sown either in the fall or spring, making greens earlier than the winter sorts, but not of as fine quality. Spring sowings should be made in February and March. Sow 8 pounds per acre broadcast, 4 to 5 pounds in drills.

EARLY CURLED SIBERIAN—A hardy, vigorous, spreading green kale, with leaves beautifully curled around edges. Will stand the winter without protection, and is the most generally used kale for truckers and home gardeners. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 60c.**



Green Curled Scotch Kale.

GREEN CURLED SCOTCH, or NORFOLK—This is a dwarf spreading kale, very largely grown around Norfolk for shipping purposes. Leaves are deep green, beautifully curled and crimped. Hardy and can be grown without protection for winter. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 90c.**

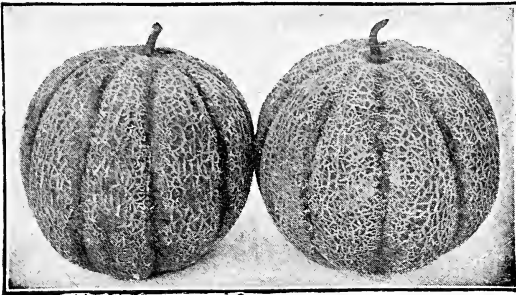
SPRING KALE—A quick growing smooth leaved variety. Very generally sown. Can be sown in fall or spring, being hardy enough to withstand the winter. **Oz. 5c; ¼ lb. 15c; 1 lb. 25c; 5 lbs. at 15c per lb. postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 5c; ¼ lb. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; 5 lbs. at 12c per lb.**

Kohl Rabi

Combines the flavor of cabbage and turnips and makes a splendid dish if used when the bulbs are 2 to 3 inches thick. Sow early in hotbed and transplant or sow outside in April in rows 18 inches apart, thinning to 8 inches; for winter use, sow in June or July. Also makes fine stock food, yielding 300 to 400 bushels to the acre.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA—The best variety for Virginia and the South; small top, flesh white, very tender; early to mature. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 20c.**

Cantaloupe, or Musk Melon



Burrell's Gem.

CULTURE.—Prepare hills 4 to 6 feet apart in a rich, moderately dry sandy soil, using well-rotted manure. When danger of frost is gone, plant 10 to 12 seeds one inch deep in each hill. To promote fruitfulness, pinch the vines when blossoming begins, and cultivate till the vines cover the ground. To combat insect attacks, dust with ashes, lime or road-dust. Do not grow near cucumbers, squashes, etc. One ounce will plant 50 hills; two pounds, one acre.

KNIGHT—This is a splendid shipping melon. Somewhat earlier than Rocky Ford; medium sized, uniform in shape. Well netted, thick green flesh, and good quality. **Pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.**

IMPROVED NETTED GEM—An improvement on the old favorite. Fruit uniform and larger than the Rocky Ford and quality unsurpassed. **Pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.**

EARLY HACKENSACK—A large medium early melon, roughly netted, rather deeply ribbed. Splendid shipping and market melon. Fine quality. **Pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.**

BANANA—Grows 18 to 24 inches long. Thick flesh and of a most delicious flavor; very sweet. **Pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.**

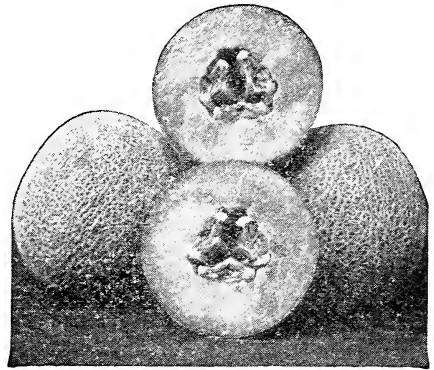
BURRELL'S GEM—Similar in appearance to the Netted Gem, but pinkish flesh instead of green; well netted thin rind, very solid; exceptionally sweet flavored. A splendid variety for table use. **Pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.**

TRUE ROCKY FORD—This is the most popular of all cantaloupes; small, nearly round, very thickly netted; small seed cavity, and delicious in flavor. A money-maker for truckers, and should be in every garden. **Pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.**

W. G. & SON'S PERFECTION—The best large Cantaloupe for main crop. Flesh is thick, beautiful deep, rich green color, delicious flavor, well ribbed, and thickly netted. A fine melon for home, market, or shipping. **Pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.**

HONEY DEW—This is certainly a delicious melon, and should be grown in every garden. The smooth, thick skin is creamy white when ripe, and so thick that the melon is practically sealed up and will keep for a month. Melon should be pulled when the blossom end is slightly soft, and kept for a few days before serving. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c, by mail postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c.**

BURRELL'S GOLD LINED NETTED ROCK—One of the finest strains of the Rocky Ford varieties. Melons of fine grain, thick flesh and very sweet. The seed cavity very small, the flavor is exquisite. A heavy yielder. One of the sweetest melons in cultivation. **Pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.**



EDEN GEM—One of the best of the Rocky Ford type melons. Uniform size, very heavily netted. Green flesh, with salmon pink around seed cavity. Highly recommended for shipping, as well as for home use. **Pkg. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.10, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 90c.**

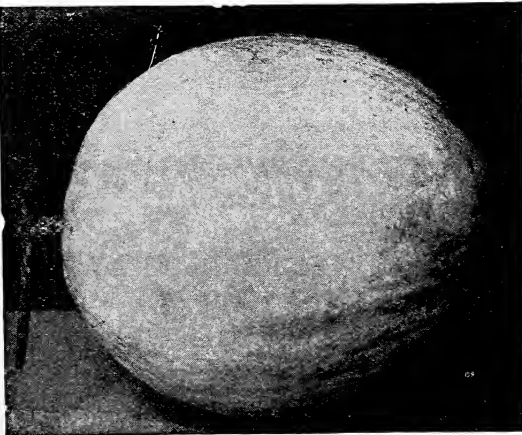
Leek

CULTURE—Leek is generally considered superior to onions for soup-flavoring, etc. Sow as early as practicable in the Spring in a light, rich, moist soil in drills half an inch deep. When six or eight inches high, trim off the tops and roots, and transplant to rows one foot apart and six inches apart in the row, setting them three or four inches deep and earthing up as they grow, so that the necks will become well blanched. May also be sown in coldframes in September, and the young plants transplanted in the fall or early spring to where they are to remain. One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill.

LARGE AMERICAN FLAG—This is the standard variety generally used. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c, postpaid.**



Large American Flag Leek.



Honey Dew Melon.



Tom Watson Watermelon.

Southern Grown Watermelon Seed from Selected Specimens

Cultivate like cantaloupes, but make the hills 12 feet apart. Do not plant near gourds or pumpkins. One ounce for 30 hills, 3 pounds for acre.

HARRIS' EARLIEST—The earliest variety grown, and a good melon for being so early. Medium large fruit, handsome in appearance, and first-class quality. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

HALBERT HONEY—A splendid melon of early maturity, oblong, medium size. Has a glossy, dark green skin, crimson flesh, crisp and delicious in flavor. A splendid melon for home, and nearby market, but rind too thin for shipping. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. 85c.

EXCEL—One of the largest of the good shipping varieties. Dark green with an indistinct darker stripe, shape similar to the Tom Watson, but thicker, size, and quality excellent. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 60c.

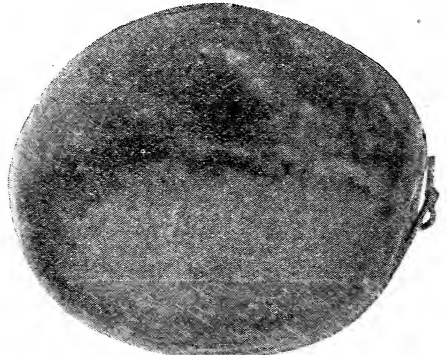
IMPROVED GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE—This is an improved strain of the old standard Rattlesnake melon, and has all the fine qualities of same, combined with larger growth and unsurpassed flavor. A splendid melon for shipping or home use. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 60c.

TOM WATSON—Decidedly the most popular melon grown. Large, long and dark green; fruit of exceptionally fine shipping quality. Rich red, flesh solid, sweet and luscious. Good shipping, a good market, and a fine table melon. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

KLECKLEY'S SWEET—One of the most popular melons grown; dark green skin, thin rind, solid scarlet heart. Sweet, crisp and melting flavor. One of the best melons grown. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

JACKSON—An exceptionally sweet melon, and one of the best for table use. A long melon with mottled skin; ripens close to the rind. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 80c.

FLORIDA FAVORITE—A splendid, large, long melon. Ripens early, thin rind and deliciously sweet. A good shipper and home melon. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.



Triumph Watermelon.

TRIUMPH—A medium early, extra large melon of splendid quality. Dark green rind, with indistinct stripes; fine appearance. Flesh solid and sweet. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 80c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

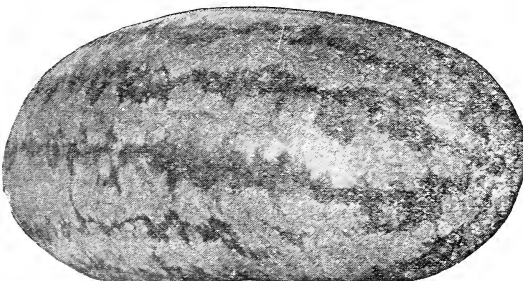
IRISH GRAY—As sweet as Kleckley's Sweet, but like the Tom Watson in shipping quality, size, shape and productiveness. Has a thin but tough rind, and stands shipping well. Color is a mottled greenish gray; flesh red, crisp and sweet. A great acquisition to the melon family. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Okra

CULTURE—When the ground has become warm, sow thickly in drills 3 feet apart, and when large enough thin out to 8 inches apart in the rows. To keep for the winter use, slice the pods when young and tender into narrow strings, string and hang in shade to dry. Ounce will sow 30 feet of drill.

WHITE VELVET—A very prolific variety, bearing smooth white pods of splendid flavor. The most popular okra grown. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

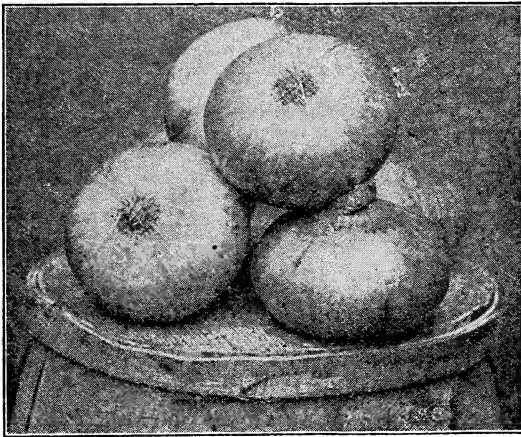
TALL GREEN—Produces in great abundance, dark green pods, of best quality. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; lb. 50c.



Improved Georgia Rattlesnake.

Grossmann's Selected Onions

CULTURE.—Large Onions from Seed.—For best crop results, to grow large onions from seed the first year, sow in January and February in hot-beds and as soon as the weather opens and the sets are the size of goosequill, transplant to rows 12 inches apart and 4 to 6 inches between the onions. Transplanting is of decided benefit, increasing the yield considerably, in some instances double the yield being reported. They can also be sown in the open ground in February or March, and will make a good crop put in at this time. The Italian, Spanish and Bermuda varieties can also be sown in August or September, and transplanted about the end of October or early in November. Five or six pounds will sow an acre.



Silver Skin.

Growing Onion Sets from Seed.—To grow onion sets, sow in broad, wide rows, in March or early in April, 40 to 50 pounds per acre, and keep clean of weeds. In late summer, or whenever the tops die, remove the small bulbs, buttons or sets, to a dry place, spread them out thinly on trays made of laths, piling the trays one on top of another, separated by blocks, so that the air can circulate freely between them. The larger sets should be sold for pickling, and only the smallest retained for planting.

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD—The best known red variety. Grown to a large size, flattened on ends, but thick. A very hardy, solid and good keeping onion. **Fkt.** 5c; **oz.** 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; **lb.** \$1.75, postpaid. Not postpaid, **oz.** 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; **lb.** \$1.60.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS—The best known and most largely grown onion. Grows to good size, and ripens solid and heavy. **Fkt.** 5c; **oz.** 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; **lb.** \$1.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, **oz.** 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; **lb.** \$1.50.

EXTRA EARLY WHITE PEARL—The quickest growing of all white sorts, makes large pearl onions. Tender, mild and of excellent flavor. Seed can be sown thickly in the spring; sets raised and planted out in fall, and large onions will be ready in spring, before any other variety. **Fkt.** 5c; **oz.** 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, **oz.** 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

SILVER SKIN, or WHITE PORTUGAL—Flesh and skin pure white; flavor mild and sweet. Grows to a good size and ripens early and evenly. Makes a good onion for bunching; for table use, and for pickling purposes. **Fkt.** 5c; **oz.** 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, **oz.** 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c.

PRIZETAKER—Very large and solid. Skin rich yellow, flesh pure white, sweet and mild. A splendid variety to grow from seed. **Fkt.** 5c; **oz.** 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c, postpaid. Not prepaid, **oz.** 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; **1 lb.** \$1.75.

Onion Sets

Prices on Onion Sets Fluctuate.

Write for current prices, and special prices on large quantities.

YELLOW DANVERS—Per lb. 25c; 4 lbs. 60c; 8 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 15c; 8 lbs. 80c; 32 lbs. (1 bu.) \$3.00.

RED WETHERSFIELD—Per lb. 25c; 8 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 20c; 8 lbs. 90c; 32 lbs. (1 bu.) \$3.00.

SILVER SKIN—Per lb. 30c; 4 lbs. 90c; 8 lbs. \$1.40, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 25c; 8 lbs. \$1.00; 32 lbs. (1 bu.) \$3.50.

Mustard

Grown and used like Spinach or Kale. Sow from February to April, or in September and October, broadcast or in drills. One ounce for 100-foot drill, 4 pounds per acre broadcast.

SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED—The most popular curled mustard grown in the South; forms a great mass of leaves finely curled and crimped and of good flavor. **Oz.** 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; **lb.** 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, **oz.** 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; **lb.** 50c.

Parsley

CULTURE.—For spring seeding, sow in February, March or early in April. Soak a few hours, and then sow in rows a foot apart, and cover about half an inch. Parsley is slow to germinate, sometimes two or three weeks in coming up. One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill.

CHAMPION MOSS CURLED—Beautifully curled and crimped, and the favorite for garnishing and flavoring. **Fkt.** 5c; **oz.** 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, **oz.** 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c.

PLAIN, or SMOOTH LEAVED—A very hardy variety; somewhat stronger in flavor than the curled. **Fkt.** 5c; **oz.** 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, postpaid. Not prepaid, **oz.** 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c.



Sugar or Hollow Crown Parsnip.

Parsnips

CULTURE.—A rich sandy loam, deeply worked, is the best for parsnips. Sow in the spring, in drills eighteen inches apart, and cover lightly. Parsnip seed is very slow in germinating, especially when the ground is dry. When two inches high, thin out to 4 or 6 inches apart. One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill; five pounds to the acre.

IMPROVED SUGAR or HOLLOW CROWN—The standard variety; smooth, tapering roots, and of good flavor. Fine for both table and stock. **Fkt.** 5c; **oz.** 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; **lb.** 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, **oz.** 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 20c; **lb.** 60c.

Grossmann's Garden Peas

CULTURE.—Peas succeed best in light, rich loamy soil which has been manured the previous season. Plant the smooth varieties in the spring as soon as the ground can be worked, in rows 3 to 4 feet apart, 2 inches deep, giving the taller varieties more room between the rows. The wrinkled varieties are tender, and should be planted later than the smooth kinds. For a succession, plant every two weeks. The dwarf varieties can be planted in rows 2½ to 3 feet apart. Peas grown as a market crop are rarely ever staked, but when the taller varieties are grown for private use, it is a good plan to sow them in double rows and stake with brush. They should be kept clean and the earth worked toward them two or three times during growth. One and a half bushels are required to plant one acre, one quart to plant 100 feet of drill.

The smooth varieties of garden peas are much hardier, and will stand cold weather and adverse climatic conditions better than the wrinkled varieties, hence they can be sown much earlier. Wrinkled varieties are sweeter, and of better flavor, but should not be seeded until ground has obtained a certain degree of warmth.

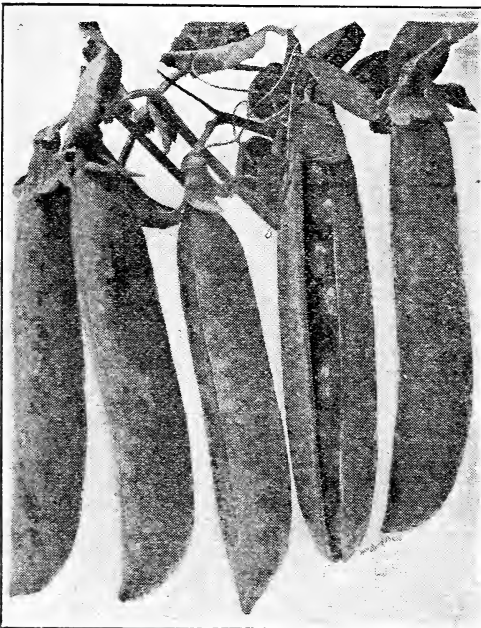
SMOOTH VARIETIES

EXTRA EARLY ALASKA—This is probably the best of all smooth extra early varieties. Pods are well filled, good length, and of beautiful green color which they retain longer than other varieties. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$13.00.

FIRST AND BEST—A very desirable strain of extra early smooth peas, and popular with truckers. Has practically the same characteristics as the Philadelphia Extra Early, but claimed by some truckers to be rather more prolific. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$14.00.

AMBER—A much larger podded and more prolific strain of the original Alaska pea, ripening only a few days later than the extra early varieties. Very popular with market gardeners, and a splendid pea for home gardens. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$14.00.

MARROWFAT—A big yielder for midsummer and late crop. The pods contain four or five peas each, are about three inches long, full to the ends. Not as sweet as the wrinkled varieties, but undoubtedly the most productive of all garden peas. Per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, per lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$12.50.



Extra Early Alaska.

PHILADELPHIA EXTRA EARLY—The old standard extra early variety. Very hardy, withstanding late frost, a good bearer. Pods medium long, of attractive, light green color. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 20c; 2 lbs. 35c; 10 lbs. \$1.50; 100 lbs. \$14.00.

WRINKLED VARIETIES

GRADUS, or PROSPERITY—One of the best early varieties. Pods are large, well filled, and of unsurpassed quality. Can be sown somewhat earlier than most wrinkled varieties; should be in every garden. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$16.50.

THOMAS LAXTON—A large podded, early variety, and good quality; hardy, strong grower, bearing abundantly for a long time. A market gardener's favorite. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$16.50.

TELEPHONE—The most popular of all wrinkled varieties for general crop; very large pods, of a dark green color; a heavy yielder, and peas are of fine sugary flavor. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.75; 100 lbs. \$16.00.

LITTLE MARVEL—A splendid pea for the home garden. A very early wrinkled variety, extra fine in flavor, tender and sweet, very prolific. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 45c; 10 lbs. \$2.00.

LAXTONIAN—A fine combination of earliness, productiveness, and quality. Produces large, very dark green pods 4 inches long of delicious flavor. One of the best extra early wrinkled peas. Per lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c; 5 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 45c; 10 lbs. \$2.00; 100 lbs. \$17.00.

Pepper

CULTURE.—Sow in hot-bed in February or March, and transplant to open ground in May in rows 2 to 3 feet apart, 15 inches between the plants; or when the ground becomes warm, sow in open ground and set out as above. When about six inches high, apply liquid manure or some good fertilizer.

CHINESE GIANT—An enormous, sweet pepper, growing from 12 to 15 inches in circumference. Plants grow about 2 feet high and are very prolific. Flesh tender, mild and sweet. Used for slicing like tomatoes or stuffed as mangoes. Very desirable. Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; ¼ lb. \$2.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.75.

PIMENTO—This is the mildest-flavored of all peppers, is entirely free of the pungent flavor which so many consider undesirable, is heart-shaped, perfectly smooth, bright scarlet color and very productive. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c.

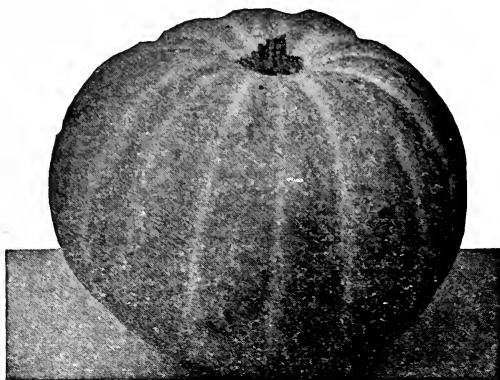
TOBASCO—The hottest pepper grown. Bears immense quantities of pods about an inch long. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 40c.

SMALL RED CHERRY—An ornamental hot pepper, grows in profusion, peppers cherry shaped. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c, postpaid.

LONG RED CAYENNE—The standard hot pepper. Making long, slender, bright red pods about 3 to 4 inches long. Used in the green and ripe state for pickling and seasoning. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00, postpaid. By express, oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c.

BUBY GIANT—Not quite as large as Chinese Giant, but very attractive in appearance and very prolific. Flesh mild and sweet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25, postpaid. By express, oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

RED CHILI—A splendid hot pepper for making sauce and pepper vinegar. Pods grow about an inch long, and when ripe have a brilliant scarlet color. Very prolific. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25, postpaid. By express, oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00.



Large Cheese Pumpkin.

Pumpkin

CULTURE.—Plant in May, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart, mixing well-rotted manure, in each hill. Put 8 to 10 seeds in each hill, and cultivate till the vines get strong, when they should be thinned out, leaving two or three of the strongest in each hill. When planted in corn plant at the same time as the corn, in every fourth row, 10 to 12 feet apart in the rows, letting the hill of pumpkins take the place of a hill of corn. One ounce will plant 20 hills; three pounds, one acre.

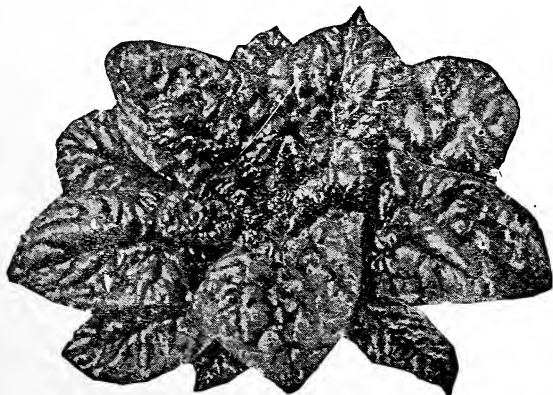
CASHAW or CROOKNECK—A fine table pumpkin and equally good for stock. Large and very productive; meat is rich yellow, tender and of the best flavor. Ours is the green striped type preferred by Southern growers and is as fine as can be had anywhere or at any price. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1b. \$1.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, \$1.00 per lb.**

LARGE CHEESE—An exceedingly large pumpkin; for both table and stock. Very thick flesh; sweet and of fine quality and a good keeper. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 65c.**

VIRGINIA MAMMOTH—This is undoubtedly the finest pumpkin raised; growing to an enormous size; its keeping qualities are unexcelled and it is adapted to most any climate or soil. Fruit is oval-shaped. Rich golden color; flesh of fine flavor, and a very desirable pumpkin for table as well as stock use. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 40c; 1b. \$1.35, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1b. \$1.15.**

SUGAR or PIE—A small sweet pumpkin used mainly for making pies. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 35c; 1b. \$1.00, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; 1b. 80c.**

CORNFIELD PUMPKIN—Used mainly for stock feeding. Planted in cornfields making enormous crops with little cultivation. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c.**



Spinach.

Spinach

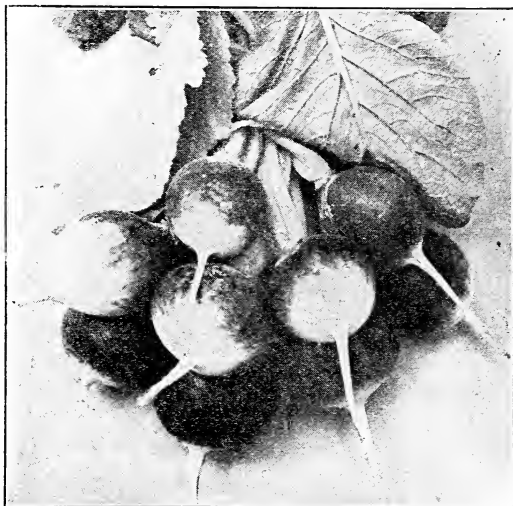
Sow early in spring in rich soil in drills 1 inch deep, two feet between the rows. For winter or spring crop, sow in September and October. One ounce for 100-foot drill; 20 pounds to an acre.

KING OF DENMARK—This new variety of spinach is quite an acquisition to any garden. Grows considerably larger than other varieties and is very slow to go to seed. Should be sown as a successor to the other early varieties, as it remains longer in edible condition than any other spinach. Give it a trial. **Per oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c, postage prepaid, per lb. 50c.**

NORFOLK SAVOY or BLOOMSDALE—The best variety for fall or spring seeding. Quick growth, hardy; beautifully curled leaves. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 40c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; 1b. 35c; 5 lbs. at 30c lb.**

Radish

To be tender and crisp, Radishes must be grown quickly, and this requires rich soil and moisture. Begin as early as possible in spring and sow at intervals of about 10 days in a light, rich, deeply worked soil. Can also be forced in hot-beds. For fall and winter sow in August and September. One ounce sows fifty feet.



Early Scarlet Forcing.

EARLY FORCING SCARLET GLOBE—The earliest radish and best for forcing. Small top, bright red color. Beautiful appearance. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; 1b. 85c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c.**

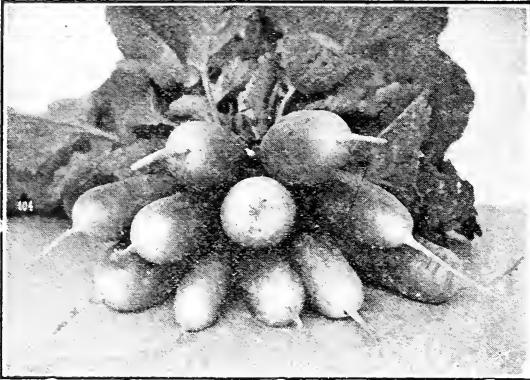
EARLY SCARLET TURNIP—A quick growing round red radish with small top. Crisp and tender. A good variety for outdoor planting. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; 1b. 85c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c.**

FRENCH BREAKFAST—A white tipped olive shaped variety, and one of the best forcing radish. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; 1b. 85c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c.**

EARLY WHITE TURNIP—Pure white turnip shaped radish. Early in maturity and of good flavor. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; 1b. 85c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c.**

GOLDEN GLOBE SUMMER—The best summer radish. Round shape, golden yellow in color. Crisp and tender. Withstands hot weather. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c.**

LONG WHITE ICICLE—The finest early, pure white, long radish. On good soil they are ready in 20 to 25 days, and will remain crisp and tender longer than any first early variety. Splendidly adapted for forcing and for outdoor growing. **Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 30c; 1b. 85c, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c.**



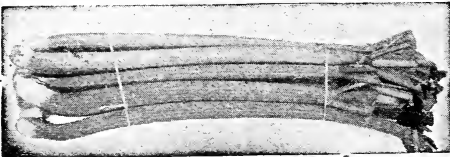
Rose China Winter Radish.

EARLY WHITE TIPPED SCARLET—Very early, round shape, scarlet roots with white tip; attractive appearance. Quality crisp, tender and mild. A favorite with truckers. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. 85c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

CRIMSON GIANT GLOBE—A large early variety. Round with deep crimson color. Tender and crisp. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. 85c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

LONG SCARLET—A long, smooth, bright scarlet radish. Very attractive in appearance; crisp and tender. Fine for forcing. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. 85c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

ROSE CHINA WINTER—The best winter variety. Cylindrical in shape, rose color. Flesh white. Keeps crisp and tender throughout the winter. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. 90c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 80c.



Rhubarb.

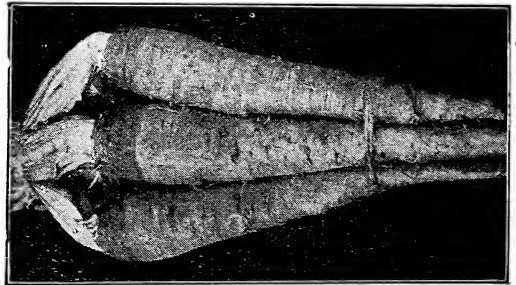
WHITE STRASBURG—Large; long, with solid meat. Pure white in color. A splendid variety for summer and fall. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. 85c, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

Rhubarb

Set out in the early Spring or Fall in deep worked soil four feet apart each way. Mulch freely with manure or coarse litter. After stalks are well rooted and have grown freely, they may be used, and with care will last for years.

LINNAEUS—The best variety grown. Makes fleshy stalks of best quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, postpaid. By express, oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70c.

RHUBARB ROOTS—15c each; \$1.50 per dozen, postpaid. By express, \$1.25 per dozen.



MAMMOTH Sandwich Island Salsify.

Salsify, or Oyster Plant

CULTURE—Sow in March or April in a rich, light, deeply worked soil, in rows 18 inches apart, and thin out to 4 to 6 inches. Do not use coarse or fresh manure; it will make the roots ill-shaped and uneven. Cultivate often to keep down weeds. It is perfectly hardy, and may remain out all winter. Can also be sown in May and June, provided we get seasonable weather or boards be used to get the seeds up and shade the young sprouts until they get well established. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; eight pounds to one acre.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND—Largest and best variety, vigorous grower, with long, large white tapering roots. Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

Squash or Cymbling

CULTURE—After danger of frost is past, plant in a warm well-pulverized, rich soil, mixing well-rotted manure with the soil in each hill. Plant eight or ten seeds to the hill; the bush varieties 4 to 6 feet apart, the running sorts 8 to 10 feet. When well grown, thin out, leaving three of the strongest plants in each hill. Summer sorts, one ounce to forty hills, four to six pounds to an acre; winter sorts, one ounce to ten hills, four to five pounds to an acre.

EARLY WHITE BUSH—The standard White Bush squash or cymbling. Grown extensively by truckers for main crop. Very prolific and an excellent shipper. Also grown for hog feed. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. 90c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

HUBBARD SQUASH—One of the best winter varieties. Heavy fruit of bright orange flesh. Fine grain, sweet and richly flavored, a good keeper, and unsurpassed for squash pies. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. 90c.

EARLIEST PROLIFIC WHITE BUSH—This is the earliest variety of white bush squash in cultivation, and is a money-maker for truckers. Ten days earlier than Early White Bush; same growth and same shape fruit. Scallops not so pronounced; flesh thick, firm and very tender. Oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.35.

GIANT SUMMER CROOKNECK—A beautiful variety for summer crop, bears early and continues through the summer. Of true crookneck type; rich golden yellow color. Thickly warted and of excellent table qualities. Oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00, postpaid. By express, oz. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 30c; lb. 85c.



White Bush Squash.

Grossmann's Select Tomatoes



Bonnie Best.

CULTURE.—Sow in hot-beds or shallow boxes in the house early in the spring, transplanting in the beds to promote root growth, and when danger of frost is over, set 3 to 4 feet apart outside. Expose to the air as much as possible to harden them, and water freely when transplanting, shading them for a few days from the sun until thoroughly established. Earliness may be promoted by growing in pots, shifting to larger size as they become filled with roots. Earlier fruits may also be had by allowing only the original stem to bear. If the plants are staked, they may be grown closer together and produce more perfect fruits.

GREATER BALTIMORE—A mid-season variety of great merit. Red in color, very firm thick meat, ripens evenly without ridges and cracks, making it a favorite with the canning trade. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$2.00.

MARGLOBE WILT-RESISTANT—One of the latest editions to the Wilt-Resistant Tomatoes. Produces a smooth red fruit averaging about one-half pound. Ripens evenly and does not crack easily. Becoming a favorite with the canning trade. Price per pkg. 10c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$5.00, postpaid.

EARLIANA (Special Strain)—A standard extra-early variety. Largely grown by market gardeners. Bright red, smooth and attractive in appearance. Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

JUNE PINK—Considered an improvement on Earliana. Extra early with beautiful pink color. Medium size, smooth and prolific. Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.00, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c; lb. \$3.25.

JOHN BAER—An extra-early, large and smooth, solid, bright red Tomato. This is the earliest large, solid Tomato grown, and has proven a most profitable early market variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.25.

EARLY ACME—Medium early and will continue to bear until frost. One of the oldest varieties in cultivation, but one of the best. Purple in color; almost round. Smooth, solid and of good flavor. Never failing favorite. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 90c, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.75.

BONNIE BEST—Early, smooth, bright red tomato. Medium in size. Uniform and attractive. Growing in favor for market and home use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c; ¼ lb. 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

NEW STONE—Considered the best tomato for main and late crop. Large, solid, bright scarlet. Very firm, uniform and hardy. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

MATCHLESS—One of the best main crop tomatoes. Very solid; few seed; large smooth fruit. As a main crop, it is unsurpassed. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 70c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

NORTON WILT RESISTING—This is similar in shape, size and color to the well-known Stone, but resists blight better than any other variety. It is very hardy. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; ¼ lb. 80c; lb. \$3.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. \$2.75.

PONDEROSA—An extra large and very handsome, bright red tomato. Flesh thick, solid and of fine quality. Especially recommended for home gardeners. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.50, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$5.00.

BRIMMER TOMATO—A large variety, of fine quality, very solid, productive, and practically all meat, containing very few seeds. A splendid variety for home gardens. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c, postpaid.

GOLDEN PONDEROSA—One of the largest of the yellow tomatoes; very handsome, solid and smooth; very productive. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.50, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 40c; ¼ lb. \$1.25.

YELLOW PEAR—Small pear shaped variety, used for preserving. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c, postpaid. Not postpaid, oz. 35c.

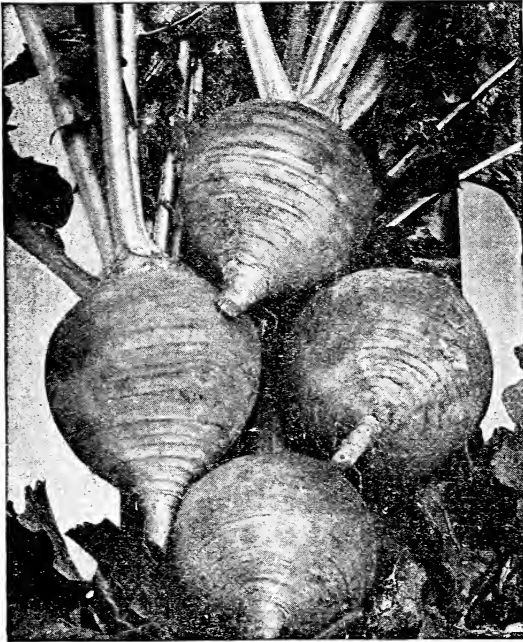


The Marglobe.

Turnip and Rutabaga

CULTURE—Spring sowing should be put in early so that they will attain a good size before hot weather, otherwise they will become tough and bitter. For the regular crop, sow the early sorts in July or August, the later sorts during August, and the salad varieties during August and September. Sow either broadcast or in drills 2 feet apart, thinning out to 6 inches, and roll the ground after sowing. Rutabagas should be sown in July and early in August, and earthed up as they grow. Sow 1½ pounds to the acre in drills, 2 pounds broadcast; salad turnips 3 pounds to the acre.

EARLY PURPLE TOP STRAPLEAF—Flat, white with purple top. Fine grained and tender. Used for early market and table. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 5c; ¼ lb. 15c; 1b. 50c.



Large Yellow or Amber Globe.

LARGE WHITE NORFOLK GLOBE—Makes large, round, handsome, white roots, excellent for table and stock. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; 1b. 50c.

IMPROVED AMERICAN PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE—The most popular turnip for market and table use. Makes large, globe shaped roots, pure white, with purple top. A heavy yielder and unsurpassed in quality. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 50c.

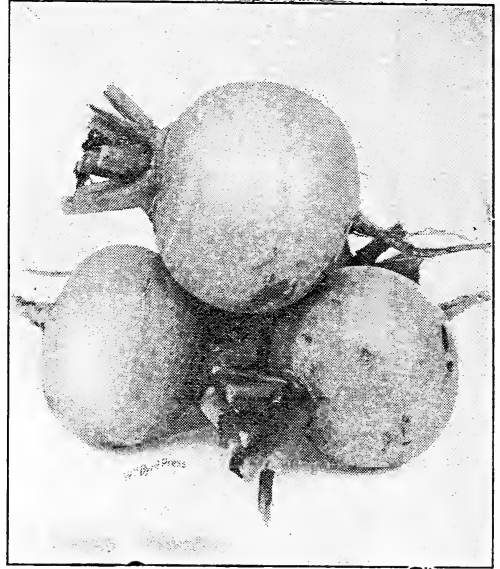
LONG WHITE COW HORN—A very attractive quick growing turnip. Used especially for stock feeding. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 75c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 70c.

LARGE YELLOW, or AMBER GLOBE—Of large size, globe shaped, solid yellow flesh, green top. Fine for table and stock. Keeps firm and sweet throughout the winter. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; 1b. 50c.

YELLOW ABERDEEN, PURPLE TOP—A splendid keeping variety with firm, solid yellow meat. Keeps throughout the winter, and especially recommended for stock feeding. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; 1b. 50c.

WHITE EGG—A quick growing, egg shaped, pure white variety. Very sweet, firm, and mild. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 50c.

See our free Flower Seed offer inside front cover.



Large White Norfolk.

IMPROVED AMERICAN PURPLE TOP RUTABAGA—An improved strain of the finest yellow fleshed rutabaga grown. Hardy, sweet and is a good keeper. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 15c; 1b. 50c.

SALAD VARIETIES

SOUTHERN PRIZE, or DIXIE—Considered the best salad variety known. Very hardy, withstands cold, and makes beautiful luxuriant salad. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 50c.

SEVEN TOP—The old standard popular salad variety, grown exclusively for this purpose. Oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; 1b. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid, oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 20c; 1b. 50c.

Herbs

LAVENDER—Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.

SWEET MARJORAM—Pkt. 5c; oz. 30c.

SAGE—Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c.

THYME—Pkt. 5c; oz. 50c.

SAVOY—Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c.

CARAWAY—Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c.

DILL—Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c.



Improved P. T. White Globe.



Gold Leaf Tobacco.

Tobacco Seed

One Ounce Will Sow Fifty Square Yards.

Our Tobacco Seed are grown in the Virginia tobacco belt by a reliable tobacco grower, who makes a specialty of growing seed, true to name and re-cleaned of all filth and imperfect seeds.

CULTURE—Sow in February and March in a rich and perfectly clean bed from which all seeds and insects have been destroyed by firing. Protect from flies, and transplant about June $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 feet each way. During growing season guard against suckers and worms.

BRIGHT VARIETIES

IMPROVED GOLDEN ORONOKO—A select strain of this standard variety. Very popular and extensively grown; large, erect growth, with large leaves of finest texture. Price, oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid.

IMPROVED HESTER—For wrappers, cutters, fillers, or cigars, fairly long, of medium width, cures bright. Best adapted to gray or sandy soils overlying yellow clay or chocolate soils. Oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid.

WARNE—For bright wrappers, this variety is unexcelled; grows to large size, and holds up well. Leaf is large, of medium breadth and very fine grain. Price, oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid.

"BLOOMMAID"

Use "Bloommaid" on your tobacco plant beds for strong, stocky, vigorous plants. A scientifically prepared fertilizer which meets every demand of plant life, keeping the plant properly fed from germination to proper growth for setting out. A 100-lb. bag is sufficient for 2 plant beds of 100 sq. yards each. It is also a splendid top dresser for backward plants. Price, 100 lb. bags, \$5.00; 25 lb. bag, \$1.75; 5 lb. cans, 50c.

GOLD LEAF—Considered the finest of all bright varieties. Leaf long and broad, producing a combination of weight and quality unequalled. Price, oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c, postpaid.

ADCOCK—An old popular variety. Considered one of the best for growing on poor land. Long, broad leaf of good texture. Price, oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid.

DARK VARIETIES

BIG ORONOKO—The largest and heaviest variety of the Oronoko strain, and a sure winner for dark wrappers. Has large broad leaf of handsome appearance; cures well, and possesses weight and body. Price, oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c, postpaid.

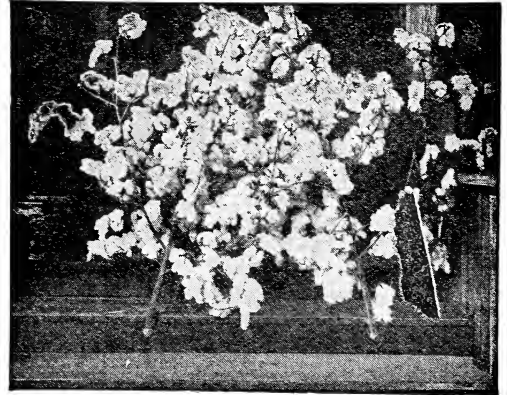
KENTUCKY YELLOW—A fine, large, broad-leaved tobacco for strips, dark wrappers and fillers. Best suited to chocolate alluvial and rich red clay soils, producing heavy crops. Price, oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid.

BLUE PEYOR—A large, long and broad leaf. Makes a rich, waxy tobacco for black wrappers, strips, and fillers, and a rich export tobacco; best adapted for rich alluvial soils. Price, oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid.

ONE SUCKER—A dark manufacturing sort of good breadth, long leaf, and rich quality. Best suited to alluvial, chocolate and rich red clay soils. Price, oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.25, postpaid.

Cotton Seed

The Cotton Seeds offered by us are early types, especially adapted for Virginia. Our seed is grown in Virginia from the best crops, and great care has been taken by us to keep each variety true to name and free from mixture.



Cleveland Big Boll Cotton.

IMPROVED EARLY KING COTTON—This splendid variety will make its crop early and will open uniformly, and is especially recommended for the northern part of the cotton belt. Wherever the Improved King variety was planted in this section, the results were very satisfactory. For 30 lbs. (1 bu.) \$2.00; per 150 lbs. (5 bu.), lots \$9.00.

CLEVELAND BIG BOLL—A hardy, drought-resisting cotton that opens early enough in Virginia to escape boll weevil. Results with this variety have made it a favorite in this section. Staple is about an inch long and will average about 40 per cent lint. Price, per 30 lbs. (1 bu.) \$1.75.

THE CANNON WIDE TOBACCO CLOTH

A wonderful improvement on the old style cloth now in use. A heavy close woven cloth reinforced and ready sewed to fit any bed. No sewing—no worry—no trouble. Will last for three or four seasons. The most satisfactory and cheapest in the long run. Try it. Price, 6c per sq. yard delivered.

CLOVERS AND GRASSES

The systematic rotation of Grasses and Clovers is absolutely necessary on every farm. Animal husbandry is a most necessary factor in successful farming. Without Clover and Grass this factor cannot function properly. These two factors work together for the benefit of the farmer. The more Clover and Grass you grow, the more stock you can raise, and the more stock you raise, the better your land will be, and the better the crop. No agricultural section can be absolutely and permanently prosperous without stock and the necessary grass and clover to feed the stock. Through the proper rotation each and every crop will derive the benefits, and demonstrate the same through increased yields.

The Clover seeds which we offer in our catalog represent the best grades on the market, and each lot carries with it a certificate, showing purity, germination and origin of growth.

PRICES FLUCTUATE

Prices on all Field Seeds are constantly fluctuating and are subject to change without notice. We will gladly quote lowest current prices at any time on application. Prices in this catalog are prevailing January 1, 1929, and are based on seeds of highest quality in germination and purity.

NOTICE

Prices quoted in this catalog on all grasses, clovers, and other field seeds, are f. o. b. Petersburg. If ordered to be sent by mail, refer to "Parcel Post Table" on page 2, and add to remittance accordingly. Cotton bags are charged extra at cost also. Add 40c for a 2½-bushel cotton bag, 20c for a one-bushel bag, and 10c for smaller size bags in ordering such seeds as require a seamless cotton bag to insure safe arrival.

CLOVER AND GRASS SEED MIXTURES

Experience has taught us that certain mixtures of grasses and clovers will give us better results than the seeding of one variety of grass or clover by itself. This is due to the fact that where a mixture is used, we are more apt to get a good stand, as even though one or two varieties of seed in the mixture should fail to germinate, there still remains

enough of the other varieties to cover the ground; whereas, if one variety is used, and the seed failed to germinate, our time and labor would be entirely lost, and we would have to do the whole work over again.

Different mixtures of seeds in different proportions are necessary for various soils, and care should be taken in seeding mixtures, to combine only such varieties as are adapted to the same soil, and will mature practically at the same time.

Through practical experience, we recommend for **PERMANENT HAY** on good high lands, the following: A mixture of Orchard Grass, Meadow Fescue, Tall Meadow Oat Grass, Perennial Rye, Alsike Clover, Red Clover, Alfalfa, and Timothy, seeded at the rate of 30 lbs. to each acre. We quote this mixture at 30c per lb., 25-lb. lots at 28c, 100-lb. lots at 26c per lb.

This mixture, with the addition of five pounds of Red Top or Herds Grass per acre, will also make a fine **PERMANENT PASTURE** for High Lands.

For a mixture suitable for **PERMANENT HAY** in Low Lands, good rich bottoms, we recommend the following grasses and clovers in proper proportions: Timothy, Meadow Fescue, Sapling Clover, Tall Meadow Oat, Herds Grass and Alsike Clover, seeded at the rate of 30 lbs. per acre. Price of this mixture 30c per lb., 25 lbs. at 28c, 100 lbs. at 26c per lb.

A good mixture for **PERMANENT PASTURES** for moist bottom lands is a combination of the following grasses and clovers: Italian Rye Grass, Red Top Grass, Tall Meadow Oat Grass, Alsike Clover, Kentucky Blue Grass, and Timothy at the rate of 30 pounds per acre. Price of this mixture: 28c per lb., 25 lbs. at 26c, 100 lbs. at 25c per lb.

PLOWING, DISKING AND SEEDING

In the seeding of grass and clovers, a firm, well-prepared seed bed is a most important factor, and to obtain this the land should be deeply fallowed and allowed to remain so for at least two weeks before touching further. This allows the ground to settle, weed seeds to sprout (which are afterwards killed by disking), and the air to penetrate the soil thoroughly; after this has been accomplished, disk the land thoroughly until the surface is in first-class condition; then sow the seed carefully, and cover lightly to a depth of about one-half inch; then run the roller over the whole, unless the land is too wet or inclined to bake.



GRASSES

ORCHARD GRASS—This is one of the most reliable grasses for hay or pasture, making a quick and vigorous growth, yielding large crops of excellent and nutritious hay, and lasting for years with increasing value if properly taken care of. Maturing early, it generally yields two crops of hay each season. Orchard grass succeeds well on most all soils, but does best on loamy uplands or moderately stiff soil. It gives best results when sown with Tall Meadow Oat Grass and Red Clover. If sown alone for hay, use two bushels per acre; as a mixture, use one bushel Orchard Grass, one bushel Tall Meadow Oat Grass, and eight pounds of Red Clover per acre. If sown for pasture, use one bushel Orchard Grass, one-half bushel Meadow Fescue, four pounds re-cleaned Herds Grass, three pounds Alsike Clover per acre. Price, Orchard Grass, per lb. 22c; per 14 lbs. (1 bu.) \$2.75.

TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS—This is a very valuable and popular grass for the South, as it withstands heat and drought well, and succeeds better than any other grass on light, medium and sandy soil. It ripens at the same time as Orchard Grass, and the best results are obtained by sowing with Orchard Grass and Red Clover at the rate of one bushel Tall Meadow Oat Grass, one bushel Orchard Grass, eight pounds Red Clover. If it is desired to make a pasture after first cutting, add to the above mixture five pounds re-cleaned Herds Grass Seed. If sown alone, use from two to three bushels Tall Meadow Oat Grass per acre. Price, per lb. 20c; per 11 lbs. (1 bu.) \$2.00.

MEADOW FESCUE—This splendid grass is gaining in popularity throughout Virginia and the South, succeeding well in nearly all sections. It is a splendid Spring and Summer grass, and very useful for Fall and Winter pasturage, remaining green throughout the Winter. It is especially recommended in mixtures in the following proportions: **For Hay**—One bushel Meadow Fescue, five pounds Herds Grass, six pounds Timothy per acre. **For Permanent Pasture**—One bushel Meadow Fescue, four pounds Herds Grass, five pounds Timothy, one-half bushel Orchard Grass, one-half bushel Tall Meadow Oat Grass, three pounds Alsike Clover per acre. If sown alone, use two bushels per acre. Sow in Spring or Fall. Price, per lb. 27c; per 24 lbs. (1 bu.) \$6.00.

CARPET GRASS—This grass is fast proving its value as a permanent grazing grass. It thrives vigorously on poor sandy soil, and affords later grazing in the fall and earlier in the spring than Bermuda grass. It is generally seeded with Japan Clover, the combination making practically a 12 months' grazing. Should be seeded at the rate of 10 to 12 lbs. Carpet Grass, and 5 to 8 lbs. Japan Clover per acre. Price, per lb. 30c; 20 lb. lots and over, 25c.



PERENNIAL RYE GRASS—A quick growing, early maturing grass, furnishing good grazing early in the season. Can also be used for hay, in a mixture of one bushel Orchard Grass, one bushel Tall Meadow Oat Grass, and one bushel Perennial Rye Grass. Can be sown in Fall or Spring. Price, per lb. Perennial Rye Grass, 15c; per 24 lbs. (1 bu.) \$3.35.

Timothy, Red Top Grass and Clover Seeds require seamless cotton bags for safe transportation. Bags extra at cost, 2 bu. bags, 40c; 1 bu. bag 20c; 15 lb. bags, 10c each.

TIMOTHY—This is considered the most nutritious and salable of all hay grasses. Best adapted to clay or heavy loam, rich low lands or bottoms, as well as mountainous districts. Timothy does not root as deeply as other grasses, and should not be sown on lands deficient in humus, nor on light and sandy soil. In this section Timothy is largely sown with Sapling Clover, Herds Grass and Meadow Fescue, which combination on suitable soil will make a large yield of excellent hay and afford good pasturage. Sow this mixture at the rate of eight pounds Timothy, five pounds Clover, five pounds Herds Grass, one-half bushel Meadow Fescue Grass per acre. If sown alone, use twelve to fifteen pounds Timothy per acre. Timothy, alone or in a mixture, can be sown in Fall or Spring. Price, per lb. 10c; 10 lb. lots, 9c; per 45 lbs. (1 bu.) \$3.60.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS—This is the richest and most nutritious of all pasturage grasses, and should be largely used in pasture mixtures except on light and sandy soils. Blue Grass is best adapted to soil with limestone foundation, but can be made to grow if proper fertilizing and liming is given. A mixture of two bushels Blue Grass and eight pounds re-cleaned Herds Grass per acre on fertile soil, with red clay subsoil, will give an excellent pasture. Can be sown in the Fall or Spring. Price, per lb. 40c; per 14 lbs. (1 bu.) \$4.75.

SUDAN GRASS—A sweet, heavy yielding annual grass, yielding from three to four cuttings of good hay. Very thick growing and withstands drought exceptionally well. Recommended for a quick Summer hay crop, or green food during the Summer months. Should be sown when the ground and weather becomes warm in the Spring, either in drills two feet apart at the rate of about ten pounds per acre, or broadcasted at the rate of 25 to 30 pounds per acre. On account of its rapid and luxuriant growth, Sudan Grass is trying on the soil, and should not be sown on thin land. Price, per pound of certified Sudan Grass Seed, free of Johnson Grass, 10c; in lots of 20 to 50 lbs., 7c per lb.; 100 lb. lots, 6c.

ITALIAN RYE GRASS—Recommended principally for Fall seeding. Will yield two to three cuttings of nutritious hay per year, and particularly adapted for rich, loamy soils and low grounds.

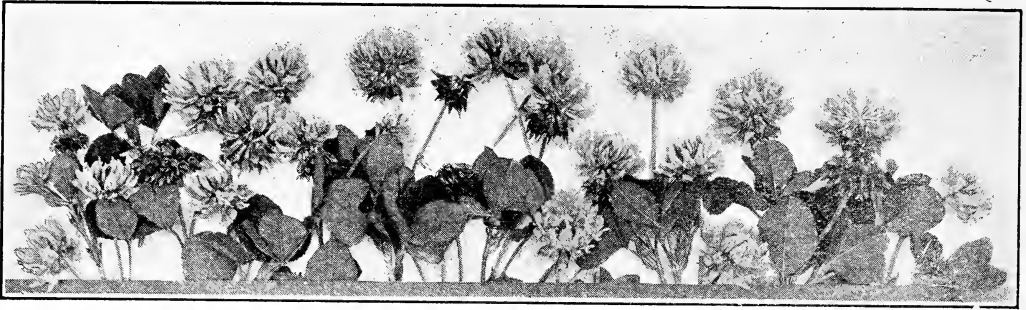
BERMUDA GRASS—This grass is very valuable in the South for grazing, as it makes a very vigorous, persistent growth, and lasts for years. In Virginia, it is used mainly for golf courses, athletic grounds, and on land liable to wash; on galled places, railroad embankments, mill dams, etc. Per lb. 35c; in 10 lb. lots, 30c; in 100 lb. lots, 26c per lb.

RED TOP, or HERDS GRASS—This is undoubtedly one of the most satisfactory grasses throughout the South. It is adapted to all soils, succeeding well on light, sandy soils, as well as stiff uplands and low grounds, on dry hillsides as well as wet bottoms. Being once established, it thickens and improves each year, making it exceptionally valuable as a permanent pasture. As a hay crop, it should be sown with Timothy and Sapling Clover at the rate of five pounds Herds Grass, eight pounds Timothy, four pounds Sapling Clover per acre. As a permanent pasture, it should be sown in a mixture of six pounds Herds, eight pounds Timothy, four pounds Alsike Clover, one-half bushel Orchard Grass per acre. This mixture can also be cut for Hay, and then be turned into pasture. If sown alone, Herds Grass should be sown at the rate of eight to ten pounds per acre. Can be sown either in Fall or Spring. Price, Fancy re-cleaned Herds Grass, per lb. 20c; per 100 lbs. \$18.00.

THE CYCLONE SEED SOWER

This is a fine little Seeder at a moderate price. Sows any kind of seed evenly, as well as fertilizer, bone and ashes, and pays for itself in a very short time. Price, each, \$1.75, or \$2.00 postpaid.

On Orders to Be Mailed, Refer to Page 2 for Parcel Post Rates.



Red Clover.

CLOVERS

RED CLOVER—This is the old standby of all clovers, and is more largely used than any other, for hay, pasturage, and improvement of the soil. Sow either in Fall or Spring, alone or in mixtures, and yields from one to three cuttings per year. In this section, it is largely sown in February and March on Fall sown grains, by running a harrow over the grains, sowing the clover and following with a pea weeder or harrow cross-wise. This not only puts the seed in properly, but gives the grain a much needed cultivation. Red Clover gives best results as a hay crop when used in the following mixture: Eight pounds clover, one bushel Orchard Grass, one bushel Tall Meadow Oat Grass per acre. If it is desired to turn the field into pasturage after cutting, add to the above mixture six pounds of Herds Grass Seed. If sown alone, use 10 to 12 pounds of Red Clover Seed per acre. Price, United States grown, 99% pure, per lb. 40c; 10 lb. lots 38c per lb.; per 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$22.00.

Northern French grown, 98% pure, per lb. 30c; 10 lb. lots 28c per lb.; 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$16.00.

MAMMOTH, or SAPLING CLOVER—This clover is identical in habits and characteristics with the Red Clover, with the exception that it usually grows larger and matures two to three weeks later. As a soil improver it is preferred to the Red Clover on account of the extra growth. Maturing at the same time as Timothy, it is at its best as a hay crop if sown at the rate of seven pounds clover and ten pounds of Timothy per acre. As a pasture mixture, add six pounds Herds Grass per acre to the above mixture. Can be sown like Red

Clover, in Fall or Spring. Price, per pound Sapling Clover, United States grown, per lb. 42c; per 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$23.00.

ALSIKE CLOVER—This clover grows thicker than Red Clover, though not quite so tall. It is found to be hardier, resisting heat, drought, and cold weather better than other clovers. In this section, the Alsike Clover has proven to give better stands, better crops and better grazing than the Red Clover, and it is fast growing in popularity. We strongly recommend Alsike Clover in mixtures, especially for pasturage. Sown alone, 6 to 8 pounds is required per acre. As a lowland pasture mixture, use six pounds Herds Grass, four pounds Alsike, six pounds Timothy per acre. Can be sown in Spring or Fall. Price, per pound Alsike Clover, per lb. 38c; per 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$21.00.

WHITE BOKHARA, or SWEET CLOVER—This is a very valuable clover for Virginia, and should be used very largely for the redemption of worn-out soils, and on hillsides subject to wash, as it will make a good growth on the thinnest of soils, adding humus and body to the land and inoculating the same for other clovers and alfalfa. It makes a nutritious hay if cut young, and affords splendid pasturage. The life of this clover is two years, but will reseed itself if allowed to go to seed the second year. Can be sown in Fall or Spring at the rate of 15 to 20 pounds per acre. Price, per pound, hulled and scarified seed, per lb. 15c; 10 lb. lots 14c per lb.; 100 lbs. \$11.00.

JAPAN CLOVER—This has proven to be a very valuable crop for the South. Both as an excellent pasturage and as a soil improving crop. It will grow on most any soil, and is especially recommended for the redemption of hillsides and barren and waste lands. Should be seeded in March or April at the rate of 10 to 15 pounds per acre. It can also be sown in connection with Herds Grass for pasturage at the rate of ten pounds Japan Clover and eight pounds Herds Grass per acre. Per lb. 25c; per 25 lbs. (1 bu.) \$5.25.

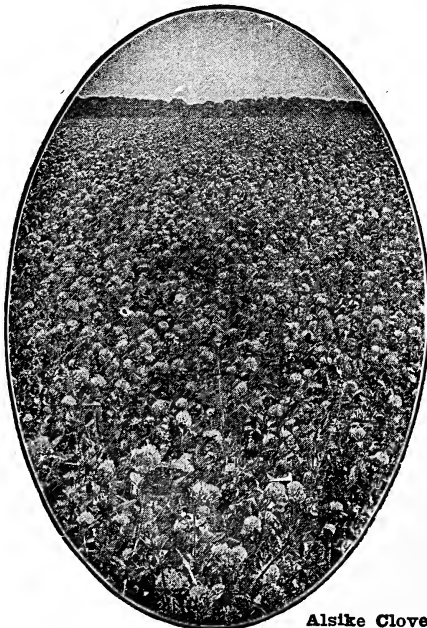
WHITE BLOOMING CRIMSON CLOVER—Same as the red crimson clover, but has white bloom, and is later in maturity. The white bloom is more desirable for hay and forage, and when sown with rust-proof oats makes the most desirable hay. We also recommend very highly from personal experience, the seeding of rust-proof oats, white bloom crimson clover and hairy vetch, which combination yields exceedingly heavy crops of most nutritious hay. This combination should be sown at the rate of 1½ bushels rust-proof oats, 10 lbs. white bloom clover, 10 lbs. hairy vetch per acre.

NOTICE

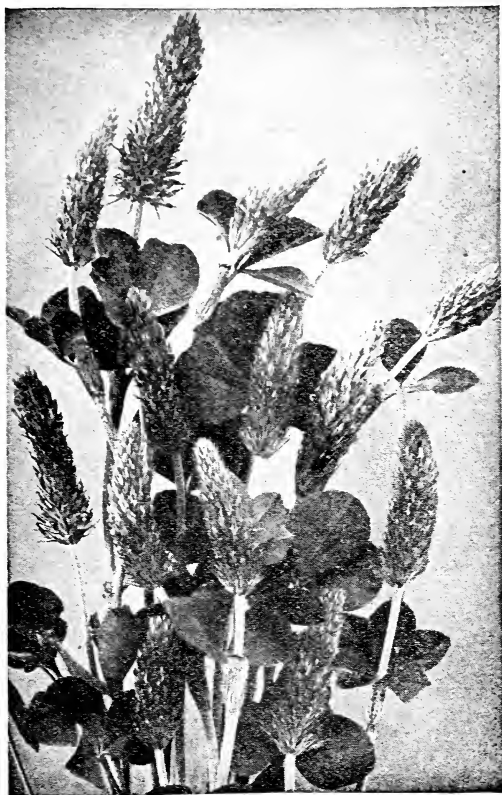
The Mammoth or Sapling, Red and Alsike Clovers offered in this catalogue are genuine North American grown seeds unless otherwise noted.

GRO-SO GRAIN AND GRASS FERTILIZER

Our special brand of fertilizer for growing grains and grasses. We use only high grade materials and in such proper proportions as to obtain the best results. Price, per 200-lb. bag, \$2.75; per ton, \$26.00.



Alsike Clover.



Crimson Clover.

INOCULATE THIS
SEED WITH
FARMOGERM

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER—Largely used in lawn and pasture mixtures, and is well adapted to our soils. It is voluntary in growth and will cover the ground well and makes a good pasturage. Generally sown in a mixture with other grasses; not suitable for hay. Price, per lb. 50c.

CRIMSON CLOVER—This is our great soil improver and redeemer of worn-out lands. A crop of crimson clover plowed under is equal to a heavy application of stable manure, and is the cheapest and most effective improver of soils in the agricultural world. It is an annual plant, and is sown in July, August, September and October at the rate of 15 to 20 lbs. per acre. It has been very generally sown in corn at the last working in July and August, but we are rather inclined to advise the discontinuance of this method, as our experience has taught and shown us that these early seedings are very uncertain, and have cost our farmers hundreds of thousands of dollars loss in seed. We would rather recommend September and October seedings. Crimson Clover offers a cover crop for winter, early pasturage, and green feed for spring, and nutritious hay crop and increased fertility of the soil. Every available foot of land on the farm should be sown in Crimson Clover.

Alfalfa

Alfalfa is acknowledged the king of all hay crops. It will yield more cuttings and make larger yields of most nutritious hay than any other crop. Once established, it will last for years, giving four to five cuttings each season.

PREPARATION OF SOIL AND METHODS OF SEEDING

Alfalfa should be sown on improved soils, care being taken that the same is absolutely perfect in drainage, with a clay subsoil. It will not thrive on land that is inclined to be wet or where roots will

reach water near surface. The land should be sown in cowpeas or crimson clover, one or two years previous to the seeding of the crop. It should then be limed at the rate of one to two tons per acre, and should be thoroughly and well prepared with a firm seed bed before seeding. The seed should be sown in September at the rate of 25 to 30 lbs. per acre, lightly covered and rolled. An application of 400 to 600 lbs. of pure bone meal per acre at the time of seeding will prove a paying investment. Alfalfa should be cut before it reaches full bloom, which causes it to stool out better, and thicken root growth. Alfalfa should always be sown alone, without other grasses or clovers. If the land requires inoculation, we recommend soil inoculation at the rate of 500 to 600 lbs. of soil derived from well established alfalfa fields, or inoculation of the seed with Farmogerm. In seeding grass and clovers, we recommend a mixture of 3 to 4 lbs. alfalfa seed per acre on all lands adapted to alfalfa. This gives the necessary inoculation in case the farmer determines to sow alfalfa in the future.

We have an exceptionally fine stock of high-grade, American Grown Alfalfa Seed to offer this year, testing over 99½ per cent purity, with a germination test of from 92 to 95 per cent.

Price, per lb. 30c; per 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$17.00.

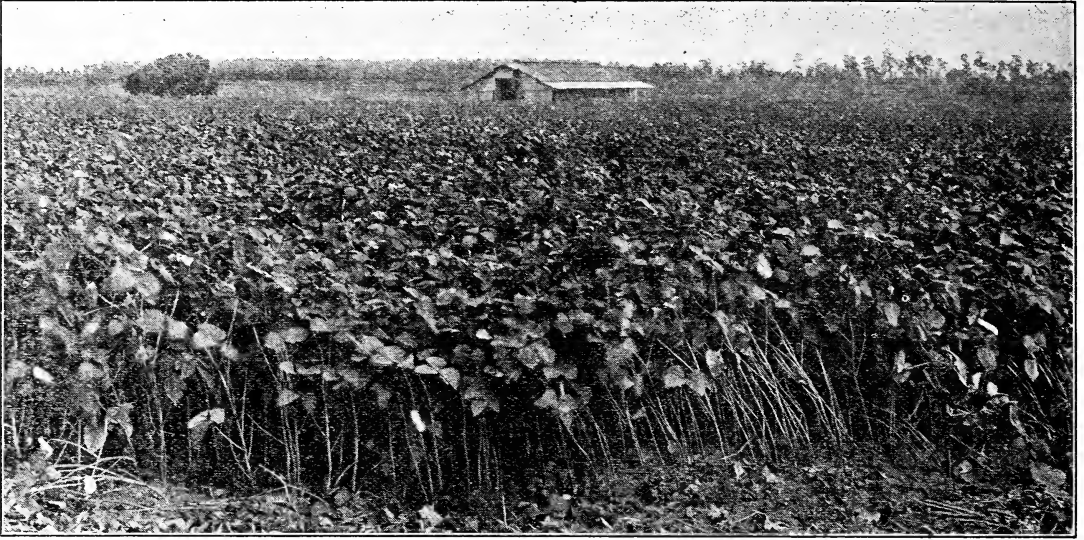
OUR CLOVER AND GRASS SEEDS

Represent the highest grades obtainable. Each lot accurately tagged for purity, germination and territory where grown.

GOOD SEEDS ARE THE CHEAPEST



Alfalfa.



Field of Cow Peas.

Select Seed Oats

Our Seed Oats are all selected stocks, recleaned and sacked in even weight five-bushel bags.

In conformity with the new State weight and measure law, we are quoting Field Seeds by weight. Prices on all Field Seeds are subject to change. Write for current prices and special quotations on large lots.

BURT, or NINETY-DAY OATS—This is undoubtedly the best spring oat. It is very early in maturity, free from rust, hardy and a vigorous grower, making a large yield of good, hard grain. Resembles the rust-proof, but the grain is not as large or as heavy; growth is somewhat taller. Price, per 32 lbs. (1 bu.) 90c; 320 lbs. (10 bus.) \$8.50.

VIRGINIA GRAY WINTER, or TURF OATS—This is the old standard and favorite winter oat for Virginia, and is more generally sown than any other oat. Is very hardy, and a sure cropper. While generally sown in the fall, it can be sown in the spring up to about March 10th to 15th. Price, 32 lbs. (1 bu.) \$1.40; 320 lbs. (10 bus.) \$13.50.

TEXAS RED RUST-PROOF OATS—A very popular and desirable oat throughout the South. Especially adapted for heavy soils of good fertility, where it yields abundant crops of large, heavy grain. This variety does not grow as tall as the Virginia Gray, and requires rather better land than the same. It is largely used for sowing with vetch and white bloom crimson clover as a hay crop. Can be sown either fall or spring. Price, 32 lbs. (1 bu.) \$1.00; 320 lbs. (10 bus.) \$9.50.

FULGHUM OATS—This rust-proof variety is growing in popularity each year, and deservedly so. It is practically the earliest of all rust-proof varieties; very productive, and a sure cropper on good land. Price, 32 lbs. (1 bu.) 95c; 320 lbs. (10 bu.) \$8.50.

APPLER OATS—Improved variety of the Rust-Proof type. Makes a strong, quick growing oat; large bunched heads, with heavy grain. One of the best and most reliable rust-proof oats for the South. Price, 32 lbs. (1 bu.) \$1.00.

Reliable Soja Beans

The use of Soja Beans is increasing rapidly everywhere, as farmers are beginning to realize what a valuable and important forage crop they are. Sown broadcast at the rate of one and a half bushels per acre, they make practically a balanced ration when cut for hay; sown with cowpeas at the rate of one-half bushel of beans and one bushel cowpeas, they increase the value of the hay by 50 per cent. They are also unsurpassed as a hog pasture.

MAMMOTH YELLOW—The largest growing and most popular of Soja Beans, requiring a full season for maturity. Surpasses all other varieties in yield for both forage and seed.

TAR-HEEL BLACKS—Slightly earlier in maturity than Mammoth Yellow. Heavy growth of vines, upright in habit, and growing in popularity wherever used.

EARLY HABERLANDT—Matures two to three weeks earlier than the Mammoth Yellow. Makes a good yield of forage and peas, and is very desirable on account of its earliness.

LAREDO—A new variety particularly valuable for making hay. The stalk of the Laredo is not as thick and hard as other varieties, and has a tendency to make many slender branches covered with leaves. It is medium early in maturing, and a good yielder of beans which do not shatter easily when matured.

WILSON EARLY BLACK—A very prolific variety desirous when a quick early feed is wanted. Growth on medium land about 3 feet. Has a small stem, upright in growth, and a good yielder of beans. Easily harvested, makes a good hay.

VIRGINIA—This variety is fast growing in favor. Makes an excellent yield of hay, and its profuse leafage, fine stems and stalks, give a quality of hay almost equal to alfalfa. On account of its earliness, it is largely used for planting with corn.

Write for Prices.

Prices on all field seeds are constantly changing. Before placing your order, write us for firm prices on your requirements. This will give you an opportunity of buying at the lowest current prices.

Field, or Cow Peas

Cowpeas are one of the most important, most advantageous, and best paying crops for the farmers throughout the South. They produce hay, they produce ensilage, they produce excellent grazing for hogs and cattle, and they furnish the farmer with the best and cheapest fertilizer on the market. They can be sown from the first of May to the middle of August.

AS A HAY. They produce from one and a half to two and a half tons of the best nutritious hay, relished by horses and all stock, leaving the land in a much better condition. They should be sown broadcast or in drills, at the rate of one and a half to two bushels per acre; the thicker the stand, the better quality of hay.

AS AN ENSILAGE. They are unsurpassed, being more nutritious than green corn.

AS A FERTILIZER. Gathering the nitrogen and ammonia from the air, and storing the same in their vines and roots, they enrich the soil faster, and more lastingly than any method of fertilization known to the farmer, without extra cost. On good land, it is not necessary to follow the entire crop—the vines can be cut for hay, and the stubble and roots will furnish the fertilizer for the following crop. Where it is desired to improve thin and worn-out lands with cowpeas, this can be done by applying two to four hundred pounds of High Grade Acid Phosphate or 8-2-2 Guano per acre at time of seeding. In these cases, it is best to give the land the benefit of the entire crop by following the same.

INOCULATE THIS SEED WITH FARMOGERM

SEEDING IN CORN. Farmers in this section are sowing thousands of bushels of cowpeas in their corn at the last working. These peas can be fallowed after the corn is taken off, or they may be allowed to stay on the land, affording a splendid mulch and winter covering.

AS A HOG PASTURE. A mixture of Cowpeas, Soja Beans, with Kaffir Corn, or common White Field Corn, will afford a most luxuriant grazing for hogs, and will minimize the cost of producing the meat for market.

Prices on Cowpeas fluctuate, and are subject to change.

BLACK PEAS—This is the standard variety, and very largely grown in Virginia. It is very prolific, making a fine growth of vine and leaves, and a good yield of peas. Rather inclined to shed its leaves, and is not considered the best variety for hay on that account. Makes a fine hog pasture.

NEW ERA—An extra early maturing variety of upright growth. Not as heavy in forage as others, but very prolific in peas.

WONDERFUL, or UNKNOWN—This variety makes an enormous and remarkable growth of vines, requiring full growing season. The vines are of the running habit, on account of which the hay is rather hard to cut and cure. One of the best varieties as a soil improver.

WHIPPOORWILL—An upright, early maturing variety of great popularity. Makes a good growth of vine, easily cut and cured. One of the best peas in cultivation.

CLAY—A vigorous grower, and a heavy yielder of hay, maturing a little later than the Black Pea.

IRON—A variety of Cowpeas remarkable for its vigorous growth, and its disease resisting qualities. Retains its leaves and foliage longer than other varieties, and is on this account one of the very best for hay. It is also a very prolific bearer of peas.

TAYLOR—A large speckled pea, making an abundant growth of vine, of upright habit. Heavy yielder of peas, and a good variety for a hay crop.

MIXED COWPEAS—A general mixture of the principal varieties grown. A great many farmers prefer sowing mixed peas for hay, as experience has shown that they get better and more hay than by seeding one variety.

MIXED COWPEAS with SOJA BEANS—For those of our customers who desire a mixture of cowpeas and soja beans, we are prepared to give them a splendid mixture in proper proportions. It is very desirable to sow soja beans with cowpeas, as the beans are upright in growth, and help to hold up the peas, besides adding considerable to the nutritive value of the hay.

EDIBLE VARIETIES

EARLY RAMSHORN BLACK EYE—A large second early black eye pea of splendid quality. A great favorite with truckers and market gardeners as a green pea. Per lb. 25c; 5 lbs. 80c, postpaid.

EXTRA EARLY BLACK EYE—An extra early strain of the well-known black eye pea. Of upright growth, bushy, very prolific in pods; of good flavor, and especially used for early marketing of green shelled peas.

LARGE VIRGINIA BLACK EYE—A well-known large type of the original black eye pea. Later in maturity than Ramshorn and Extra Early, but more prolific and a sure cropper. 1 lb. 25c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid.

CREAM CROWDER—One of the best flavored table peas grown. Early in maturing, very prolific and a great favorite. Per lb. 30c; 5 lbs. \$1.00, postpaid.

VIRGINIA BLACK EYE—The standard variety, most extensively grown peas, are medium in size, good healthy growth of vines, very prolific. Also used as a soil improver and hay crop. Per lb. 20c; 5 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

WHITE NAVY BEANS—Grown for the dried bean only. Should be planted in June or July in 3-foot rows. Price, per lb. 25c; 10 lbs. \$1.20, postpaid.

Mung Beans

A WONDERFUL FORAGE CROP.

As a hay crop, soil improver, or hog pasture, the Mung Bean is hard to beat. Growth is similar to the Soja Bean without the thick heavy stalk. Grows to about 4 or 5 feet in height, making a number of slender branches covered heavily with leaves and producing an abundance of beans, very palatable and nutritious. Mung Beans do not shed their leaves easily, and will produce a good crop of hay on medium land, withstanding dry weather better than most forage peas. Generally planted in rows 2½ feet to 3 feet apart. Requires about 5 to 6 lbs. of the seed to plant an acre. Can also be broadcasted at the rate of 1 peck per acre. Price, per lb. 20c; 6 lbs. \$1.00, postage prepaid.

Ninety-Day Velvet Beans

This new Velvet Bean is a great acquisition for Virginia farmers. It is the quickest growing, earliest maturing of the Velvet Beans, and unlike the other varieties, it will mature in Virginia. It is a wonderful soil improver and forage crop and the best of grazing for cattle and hogs. For the redemption of worn-out soils, this bean is unequalled. Per lb. 10c; 10 lbs. 50c; 60 lbs. (1 bu.) \$2.25.

The crop of all varieties of Cow Peas was so exceedingly short that prices and stocks were entirely problematical, and we were unable to quote prices intelligently at the time that catalog went to press. Write for current prices when ready to buy.

Prices on all Field Seeds are constantly changing. Before placing your order, write us for firm prices on your requirements. This will give you an opportunity of buying at the lowest current prices.



Hairy Vetch.

Vetches

HAIRY, or SAND VETCH—This great forage crop is rapidly becoming a favorite throughout the South. Generally sown with oats, in which combination it yields heavy crops of the very best kind of hay. Sow in September at the rate of 20 lbs. of Vetch and 1½ bushels of oats per acre. It has been customary to sow from 30 to 35 lbs. per acre, but our experience has taught us that by seeding 15 to 20 lbs. with oats, we get much better hay, and have much less trouble in cutting and curing the same. A mixture which has proven very successful in this section is 1½ bushels of rust-proof oats, 1½ lbs. Hairy Vetch, and 10 lbs. of white bloom crimson clover per acre. We recommend this mixture, and know it will please. Hairy Vetch is a great improver of soil, and wherever it is used, the land is left in much better shape. Price, per lb. 15c; 50 lbs. at 12c per lb.

SPRING, or OREGON VETCH—Adapted for spring sowing, and usually sown with some variety of spring oats. Has the same characteristics as hairy vetch. Per lb. 10c; 100 lbs. \$8.00.

Golden Millet

Golden Millet makes a large yield and most nutritious hay crop. Quick growing and most easily cured. Should be sown on good land only, at the rate of ½ to ¾ bushel per acre, and should be cut while in bloom before seed hardens from the middle of May to the end of July.

Tennessee Grown—Price, per lb. 10c; 10 lb. lots at 9c; 50 lbs. (1 bu.) \$4.25.

Winter Rye

Largely cultivated for pasturage in winter, for early green food, as a cover crop, and for fallowing purposes in spring. Price on application in season.

Winter Barley

Sown in the fall for winter and spring pasturage. Price on application in season.

Seed Wheat

We carry a full stock of all the leading varieties during seeding season. Price on application.

Kaffir Corn

This is a very popular forage crop. Makes a heavy growth and is very nutritious. When allowed to mature the grain makes a valuable feed for stock or poultry. Kaffir corn is also sown with cowpeas to enable the cowpeas to grow up on the corn and make harvesting easier. Price, per lb. 10c; 10 lbs. 60c; 50 lbs. \$2.25.

Sorghum

SUGAR DRIP SORGHUM—A heavy yielder of nutritious forage; very juicy and sweet. Makes a large yield of syrup, which is of superior quality. Price, per lb. 10c; 10 lbs. 80c; 50 lbs. \$3.00.

EARLY AMBER SORGHUM—This furnishes a large yield of very nutritious forage, and is used in the green state or cured. On good land it will yield 2 to 3 cuttings a year. It is highly recommended when quick growing, green food is desired. Price, per lb. 10c; 10 lbs. 60c; 50 lbs. \$2.25.

EARLY ORANGE SORGHUM—Similar in growth and character to the Early Amber, but considered a heavier yielder. Price, per lb. 10c; 10 lbs. 60c; 50 lbs. \$2.25.

Buckwheat

A very desirable crop for late summer. Easily grown and affords splendid poultry food. Is also considered an improver of soil. We recommend the seeding of buckwheat and crimson clover together at the rate of 15 to 20 lbs. of crimson clover and ½ bu. of buckwheat per acre. The buckwheat will grow rapidly and shade the crimson clover from the hot sun, insuring a stand of clover at all times. When buckwheat is ripe, it can be harvested and stored away for chicken feed. In this way, you can make two crops from one seeding, and are always assured a good stand of crimson clover which is generally very hard to get in the early seeding.

JAPANESE—This variety ripens a week earlier than Silver Hull, and kernels are larger, and makes a heavier yield. Price, per lb. 8c; 10 lb. lots 60c; 50 lbs. \$2.25.

SILVER HULL—A favorite sort recommended for the fine quality of flour. Price, per lb. 8c; 10 lb. lots 70c; 50 lbs. \$2.50.

Dwarf Essex Rape

Excellent for grazing for sheep, hogs or any kind of stock; furnishing rich and nutritious pasturage 6 to 8 weeks from time of sowing. Is largely used for green feed for poultry. Can be sown most any month in the year, at the rate of 5 to 8 lbs. per acre. Price, per lb. 15c; 10 lb. lots at 10c; 50 lbs. at 8c per lb.; 100 lbs. \$7.00.

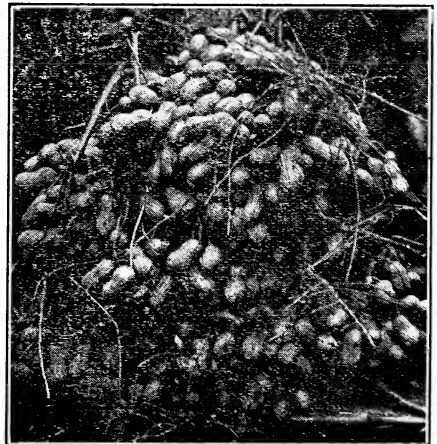
Seed Peanuts

Our stock of Seed Peanuts are all Virginia Grown, and are selected for their quality out of the available new crop.

SPANISH PEANUTS—The small kernel peanut generally grown in Virginia, Carolinas, and Georgia. Price, shelled stock, per lb. 15c; 10 lb. lots 13c; 100 lb. lots 12c. Stock in the hull, per lb. 10c; 10 lb. lot 8c; 100 lb. lots 7c.

VIRGINIA BUNCH—The large size peanut, generally grown in the Peanut Belt. Selected stock in the hull, per lb. 14c; 10 lb. lots 13c; 100 lb. lots 11c.

JUMBO VIRGINIA—The extra large Virginia peanut, which generally commands the highest price on the market on account of its attractive appearance and quality. Price, per lb. in the hull 16c; 10 lb. lots 14c; 100 lb. lots 12c.



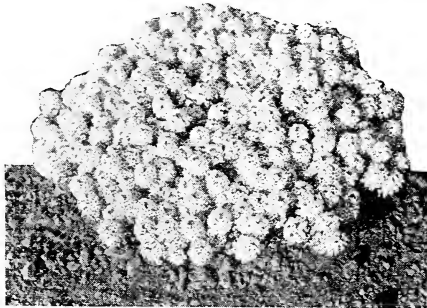
Virginia Jumbos.

FLOWER SEEDS

Our flower seed list comprises the best selections of all standard varieties of flowers usually found in the garden, and all varieties listed here are popular and are deserving of a place in every flower garden. The letter "A" after the name of the flower indicates that the flowers are annuals, blossoms only the first year, and the seed should be planted each year. The letter "P" indicates that the variety is a perennial, and blossoms for several years after sowing.

To have early blooms, flowers that stand transplanting should be sown early in boxes indoors, or in hotbeds, and transplanted in the open ground when weather opens, and soil has become warm.

All prices quoted on flower seeds are postage prepaid.



Sweet Alyssum.

AGERATUM (A)—A beautiful hardy annual. The flowers are borne in dense clusters and are very useful for bouquets. The plants are very attractive in the garden, being covered with bloom nearly all summer.

Mixed Colors—Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c.

SWEET ALYSSUM (A)—A hardy annual which begins to flower when very young, and is literally covered almost all the season with its sweet white flowers. It is especially adapted to borders or for rock work in the summer, and may be used effectively in window boxes. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20c.

AMARANTHUS (A) (Love Lies Bleeding)—These plants afford brilliant contrasts of color, being useful for tall border and groups, also where foliage effects are desired. The leaves and stems are of different shades of red, blended with green; two to three feet high. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 15c.

ANTIRRHINUM—Snapdragon (A)—Well known, showy and useful border plants, producing flowers of a great variety of brilliant and handsome colors. Very effective in beds, succeeding in any good garden soil. Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25c.

ASTERS (A)—These well known, beautiful annuals are a necessity in every flower garden, blooming late in summer and fall when other flowers have practically gone. They are very beautiful and useful in beds, borders, and for cut flowers.

Victoria—A magnificent Aster, bearing handsome, large, double flowers, very delicate, and gorgeous shades of color. A profuse bloomer, and the best Aster in cultivation.

In separate colors, pink, white, and blue, per package, 10c.

Choice mixed colors, per package, 10c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 25c.

Comet Aster—A beautiful variety with immense sized blooms with long, wavy, twisted petals, giving it the appearance of a Chrysanthemum. A free bloomer, and an acquisition to any garden.

Choice mixed colors, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40c.

AMPELOPSIS (Boston Ivy) (P)—A rapid creeper with lovely green foliage which turns red in the fall. Very ornamental for trellis, or covering for outhouses. Pkt. 10c.

BALSAM—Touch-Me-Not (A)—Also known as "Lady Slipper." A tender annual with brittle stems and foliage. Grows about 12 inches high. Flowers both single and double, in bright colors and variations; are wax-like and very attractive. No flower is more easily cultivated, and it succeeds in most any good soil.

Double Mixed—Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 20c.

BALSAM PEAR (A)—An ornamental climber growing to height of 12 to 15 feet. The fruit is pear-shaped, and when preserved in alcohol is said to be useful in relief of pain. Pkt. 5c.

BACHELOR'S BUTTONS—Globe Amaranth (A)—A well-known and popular everlasting flower which forms bushy plants about 2 feet high, and bearing sometimes hundreds of flowers. Excellent as border plants, and very useful for winter decorations. If cut when well matured will retain their beauty throughout the winter.

Mixed—Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 15c.

BALLOON VINE (A)—A rapidly growing climber of attractive foliage, and deriving its name from the Inflated Seed Pod, resembling a balloon. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c.

CARNATIONS (P)—These well-known flowers are easily grown from seed, and very free blooming, the flowers being bright-colored and with a most delicious clove-like fragrance. Excellent bloomers in the garden or for winter flowering.

Marguerite—An extra vigorous race, especially adapted for out-of-door culture. The plants are trim in habit, perpetual and flower abundantly in 5 months from sowing the seed. They are highly fragrant, and have beautiful double flowers. Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30c.

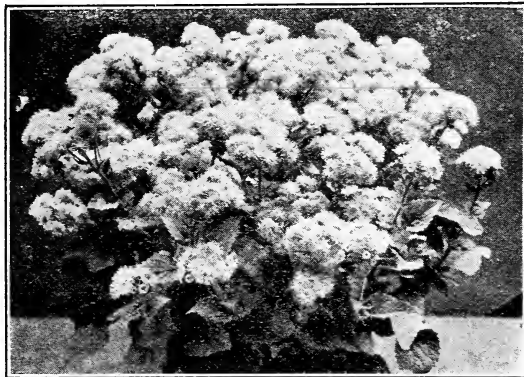
Double Mixed—A mixture of all colors and types. Pkt. 10c.

CALENDULA — Pot Marigold (A)—Very hardy annual, one foot high. Has showy flowers blooming until frost and producing a fine effect in borders. It is of easy culture and is desirable for rather inferior soils, where less sturdy flowers do not thrive.

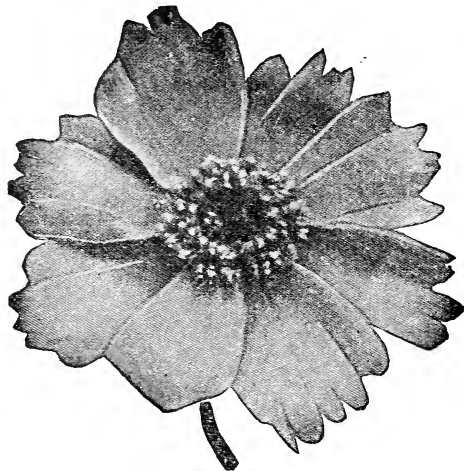
Mixed Varieties—Pkt. 5c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c.

"Black Leaf 40"

Will kill Aphis or Plant Lice on your flowers, plants and shrubs. 1-oz. bottle 40c, postpaid.



Ageratum.



Coreopsis.

CANDYTUFT (A)—Popular favorites, flowering profusely the whole summer. Very valuable for edgings and borders, fairly covered with blooms of white and various colors. Height 1 foot. Of easy culture.

White—Pkt. 5c. Fancy Mixed—Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c.

CALLIOPSIS OR COREOPSIS (A)—Beautiful showy summer bedding annuals with large bright flowers of golden yellow, varied with rich brown. Excellent for cutting and decorations.

Mixed—Pkt. 5c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. 50c.

CANTERBURY BELLS—Campanula, Cup and Saucer (P)—Handsome, hardy biennial of stately growth, rich color and profuse bloom. Succeeds best in light, rich soil and in the fall should be transplanted or thinned to 18 inches or 2 feet apart and given some protection in severe winter weather. Has large, bell-shaped flowers which are strikingly effective; colors white, and various shades of violet, rose, lilac and blue. Height, 2 to 4 feet. One of the wild forms of Campanula is the "Blue Bells of Scotland." Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 15c.

CELOSIA—Cock's Comb (A)—A half hardy annual, growing 6 to 8 inches high, bearing a wide wavy blossom that resembles a Cock's Comb. Fine for massing or border work. Pkt. 10c.

Flumed Variety—Pkt. 10c.

Comb Variety—Pkt. 10c.

CENTAUREA, GYMNOCARPA—Dusty Miller (P)—Valuable because of its silvery foliage, and graceful drooping habit of growth. Half hardy perennial; one-half to two feet high. Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 20c.

CENTAUREA "COEN FLOWER"—Mixed colors, pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 35c.

CHRYSANTHEMUM (A)—These annual Chrysanthemums have a charm of their own. The blooming season is from very early summer until frost, and their gay colors make beds or borders attractive during those hottest weeks of summer when flowers are apt to be scarce.

Double Mixed Varieties—Pkt. 10c.

Single Mixed—Pkt. 5c.

COSMOS (A)—These well-known flowers are of easy culture and are almost indispensable for cutting and garden decorations, their lovely blossoms being produced in greatest profusion after most other flowers have succumbed to frost. Few flowers have grown more into popularity in late years than the Cosmos, and we recommend them to all wanting large plants in their gardens.

Mammoth Mixed—The flowers are double the size of the old, large flowering Cosmos, measuring from 3 to 4 inches across. The petals are large, overlapping, forming perfectly round flowers, deeply ribbed and of good substance. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c.

Crowned and Crested—The latest acquisition in Cosmos. The plant and growth similar to other Cosmos, but blooms entirely distinct in having double crowns which add much to the beauty of the blossom.

Choice Mixed Colors—Pkt. 20c.

COBAEA (Cathedral Bells) (P)—A very ornamental climber with fine foliage, and large bell-shaped, purple flowers. Rapid grower. Pkt. 10c.

COLEUS (A)—Well-known beautiful foliage plant, largely used for borders and bedding. Seed should be sown in doors, and transplanted when the ground is warm.

Choice Mixed Colors—Pkt. 10c.

CYCLAMEN—Beautiful winter, and spring flowering plant for windows, or greenhouse ornaments, foliage with flowers of striking beauty. Pkt. 20c.

DAISY (P)—These are charming little plants for edging and borders. The daisy has been so far improved by selection and careful cultivation that good seed will give at least 80 per cent of double flowers that are as large as any of the named sorts that are propagated by the division of the roots and are sold at high prices. The plants bloom well in the house and are splendid for early spring and summer flowering when planted in a slightly shaded situation. Tender perennials, about 6 inches high.

Mixed Colors—Pkt. 10c.

White—Pkt. 10c.

AFRICAN DAISY—Forms compact plants about one foot high. Branches freely and is covered with daisy-shaped flowers of a glossy yellow, with dark centers, blooms entire summer. Pkt. 5c.

SEASTA DAISY—Flowers four inches in diameter, and blooms for months, easily grown. Pkt. 10c.

DIGITALIS, or FOX GLOVE (P)—A stately, old-fashioned border plant affording dense spikes of brilliantly colored flowers which are terminal and half as long as height of the plant. Colors, white, lavender and rose. Does not usually bloom until the second year. Thrives best in cool, shady locations.

Fine Mixed—Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 25c.

DIANTHUS, or PINKS (P)—These popular flowers, commonly known as Chinese and Japanese Pinks, have been for a long time very popular and deservedly so. In diversity of rich and beautiful markings they have but few rivals, and in ease of culture, freedom of bloom and almost certain satisfactory results, they stand close to the Nasturtium. Hardy biennials blooming the first year from seed. So easily grown from seed as to be rarely treated as biennials. Seed may be sown in the open ground any time in May. Pkt. 10c.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA—California Poppy (A)—The beautiful State flower of California. Blooms almost continuously throughout the season. A bed of these in full bloom gives a brilliant color effect. The foliage is finely cut and has a bluish tinge, delicate and very attractive. They are of the easiest culture. Can be sown in any soil, but the better the soil the larger the plants and blossoms. It is best to sow the seed in the garden where the plants are to remain, as they do not transplant easily. Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 25c.

FORGET-ME-NOT—Myosotis (P)—The favorite old border plant that succeeds best in moist situations. It comes into blooming early and the little star-shaped flowers appeal to every heart. Hardy perennials. Pkt. 10c.

FOUR O'CLOCK—Marvel of Peru (A)—A well-known favorite plant, bearing freely funnel-shaped white, red and striped flowers, which open about four o'clock in the afternoon, remaining open all night; and usually are closed before noon the next day. Sow seed in spring in open ground in any good garden soil. The plants should be given plenty of room, about three feet apart. Pkt. 5c.

GAILLARDIA (A)—A very showy, hardy, garden plant, with brilliant flowers in scarlet and yellow, blended and shaded. Blooms freely from early summer till autumn. Grows one and one-half to two feet high, and the blossoms are borne on long, slender stems. Pkt. 5c.

HOLLYHOCK (P)—Entirely different and more beautiful than the plant of twelve years ago, being much more compact in growth, the flowers larger, more richly colored and of better form. For a background to a flower garden nothing is better. Height 5 feet. Tie to stakes if the stalks show a disposition to fall. The double varieties are the most desirable.

Double Mixed Varieties—Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 40c.

GODETIA (A)—Showy and attractive hardy annual, bearing an abundance of cup-shaped blooms during the entire summer. Should be planted in the spring in a sunny place.

Mixed Colors—Pkt. 5c.



Nasturtium.

HELIOTROPE (P)—May be grown from seed first season, very fragrant. Height two feet. **Mixed colors, pkt. 10c.**

ICE PLANT—A curious looking plant, leaves seemingly covered with ice crystals. Fine for hanging baskets and rockeries. **Pkt. 5c.**

KOCHIA, or BURNING BUSH—Grows from two to two and one-half feet high, is densely covered with small feathery light green foliage, which, as the summer advances gradually changes to crimson. Very ornamental, and of easy culture. **Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 20c.**

LARKSPUR (A)—The Larkspur is one of the handsomest and most useful of plants. The colors are extremely beautiful and in mixed borders its profuse masses of purple, white and red show splendidly, and for large gardens is invaluable. Height, 24 inches.

Double Tall Varieties Mixed—**Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 15c.**

LOBELIA (A)—Profuse blooming little plants, of great value for edging, hanging baskets or vases. It is completely covered with flowers for a long time. If given plenty of water they may be kept in flower all summer. **Pkt. 10c.**

LOVE-IN-A-MIST—Nigella (A)—A hardy annual one-foot high, with finely cut foliage. Oddly shaped blossoms in blue and white, and curious seed pods. Of easy culture. **Pkt. 10c.**

MARIGOLD (A)—A hardy annual, shrubby plant, in dwarf and tall varieties, growing from 6 inches to 3 feet high. Foliage bright green, deeply cut, and graceful. The flowers are various shades of yellow and brown. The tall varieties are very valuable for large bedding or background work, and the dwarf varieties for borders. No flower garden seems complete without this fine old-fashioned plant.

African—The best tall variety with large, double blossoms. **Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 20c.**

Dwarf French, Double Mixed—**Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 20c.**

MIGNONETTE (A)—This popular little flower is well known as one of our most fragrant plants, and a universal favorite. If sown at intervals in spring and early summer it will bloom until killed by frost. Thrives best in a cool temperature. **Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 25c.**

NASTURTIUM (A)—Probably the most popular and easily grown flower in our list, and remains longer in bloom. In favorable soil the flowers are produced in abundance throughout the season. Nasturtiums prefer dry, rather rocky soil, such as we usually call "poor" soil, and bear their flowers in such locations in greater profusion than in a rich garden, where they run too much to leaves.

Dwarf Varieties Mixed—This mixture contains all of the choicest and prettiest flowers of the Dwarf variety. The plants form a small, round bush, 12 to 16 inches high, which is a mass of blooms all summer. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.**

Tall Varieties Mixed—This mixture contains all of the choicest and prettiest flowers of the tall variety, are of quick growth, covering a whole hedge

or trellis in a short time. The brilliant blossoms almost cover the plant from top to bottom. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.**

NICOTIANA (Flowering Tobacco)—A very easily grown annual about 2 feet high, literally covered with blooms during summer and fall.

Mixed Colors—**Pkt. 10c.**

OXALIS—A beautiful little plant with varied colored flowers, for hanging baskets or rock work. **Pkt. 10c.**

PANSY (P)—No description is needed of these little favorites, and it would be hard to find a garden whose charm is not in a large measure dependent upon their marvelous coloring.

Superb Pansy Mixture—This is a mixture of all the giant flowering varieties, all the plain colors, faced sorts, ruffled edged and rare sorts, also the varieties exquisitely striped. The seed is saved from the most famous pansy gardens, from exhibition flowers. These pansies are wonderfully beautiful in every way and the very best there are. The small difference in the cost of this seed over the other seed is covered one hundred-fold in satisfactory results to the grower. **Pkt. 20c.**

Fine Large Flowering Mixed Pansy—This seed is saved from very good varieties, the flowers are small in comparison with the fine sorts but the colors are good. **Pkt. 10c.**

PETUNIA (A)—There is no bedding plant of easier culture than the Petunia, and few that make a gayer appearance when in full bloom. They are easily grown and very popular for bedding. They thrive best in a warm, sunny location. The shape of the flower is similar to that of the Morning Glory. Sow the seed thinly where the plants are to remain, or for early blooming sow in the house in boxes.

Single Mixed—**Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 30c.**

PETUNIA (Superb Fringed) (A)—Blossoms exquisitely fringed at the edges, and beautifully marked in varied colors. The queen of all Petunias. **Pkt. 25c.**

Double Petunia—Large double blooms of the fringed variety, beautifully marked. **Pkt. 25c.**

POPPY (A)—Hardly any class of plants afford the same brilliant colorings and showy display. They are of easy culture, the seed being sown where they are to remain. Thin the plants 6 to 12 inches apart.

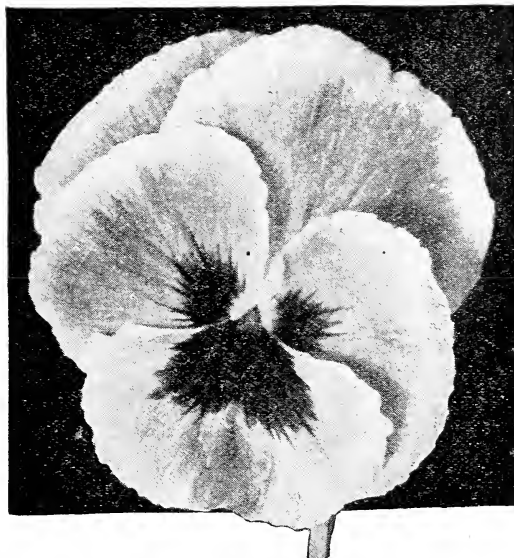
Shirley Poppy—**Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c.**

Tulip Poppy—**Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 40c.**

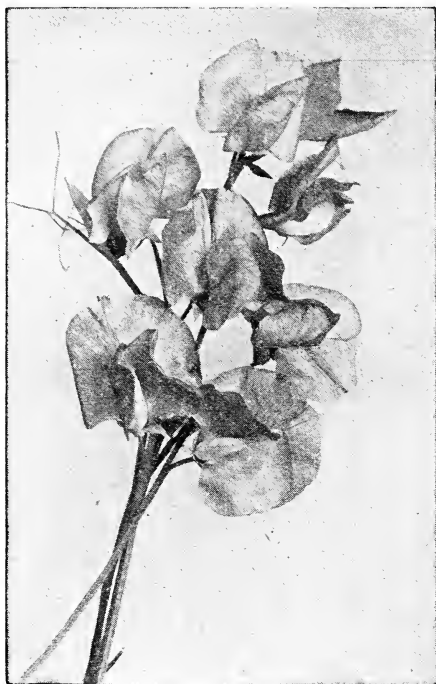
Double Mixed—All the fancy and named double varieties mixed. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 40c.**

PORTULACA (A)—Low-growing or creeping tender annual, 6 to 8 inches high, and bearing glossy, cup-shaped blossoms in very brilliant and gorgeous colors. The seed germinates slowly and should be started under glass or when the weather is hot. These flowers love the sunshine and do best on rather dry ground.

Mixed, Double—This is an extra fine strain with very large blossoms and splendid colors. **Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 35c.**



Giant Pansy.



Sweet Peas.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI (A)—One of the prettiest and most popular of garden annuals. Makes very attractive beds, and continues to bloom throughout the summer. Sow in April, in open ground, or can be started earlier indoors.

Grandiflora Large Flowering Mixed—A great improvement on the common type, both heads and florets being nearly twice as large. **Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 30c.**

Extra Choice Mixed—This mixture is unexcelled for profusion of bloom and wide range of brilliant colors. **Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 25c.**

STAR PHLOX (A)—Very beautiful blooms of many varied colors. **Pkt. 10c.**

PRIMROSE (A)—Green-house or pot plants, bearing trusses of large single or double blossoms in bright colors, as well as soft tints. Sow the seed in April or May for winter blooming. **Pkt. 5c.**

PYRETHRUM (Feverfew)—A very popular annual for borders, bearing yellow foliage with daisy shaped blossoms varying from pure white to brilliant scarlet. **Pkt. 5c.**

RICINUS—Castor Oil Plant (A)—Luxuriant rapid-growing annuals with palm-like leaves. Excellent for background or centre of beds of foliage plants, the effect being especially striking after the brilliantly colored fruit is formed. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c.**

SALPIGLOSSIS—Sown in beds or borders, Salpiglossis makes a gorgeous and wonderful show, with its richly colored funnel-shaped flowers of all imaginable colors. A continual bloomer during the whole season. **Pkt. 10c.**

SALVIA, or SCARLET SAGE—A standard well-known bed or border plant. Keeps the garden bright with dazzling scarlet flowers during the summer and fall. Start plants indoors and transplant in May for early blooms.

Bonfire—The most beautiful and magnificent of all Salvia. Grows about 20 inches high, and literally covered with long flower spikes, each bearing from 20 to 30 intense scarlet flowers. **Pkt. 15c; oz. \$3.**

Splendens—The old standard Scarlet Sage variety. **Pkt. 10c; oz. \$2.00.**

SENSITIVE PLANT (Mimosa) (A)—Curious and interesting little plants with pinkish white flowers. The leaves close and droop when touched. **Pkt. 5c.**

SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride or Sweet Scabious) (A)—Have perfectly double flowers, are useful for cutting, they are gracefully borne upon long tender stems well above the foliage and makes a beautiful cut-flower. Height 2 feet. **Pkt. 5c.**

STOCKS, DWARF GERMAN—Ten Weeks (A)—Desirable for bedding or pot culture. They bear an immense quantity of fragrant blooms, each plant forming a perfect bouquet, and are splendid for cutting. **Pkt. 10c.**

SUNFLOWER—Mammoth Russian (A)—Pkt. 5c; ¼ lb. 15c; 1 lb. 25c, postpaid.

SWEET PEAS—Superb Spencer Variety—A new race or type of Sweet Pea, with extra large flower, full double the size of the old Grandiflora Sweet Pea. The Spencers have wavy and fluted-edged petals, which are richly colored, giving an almost orchid-like appearance. If given careful attention they will fully repay for any extra trouble by their exceptional size and beauty. Our stock of Spencers come in separate colors—Pure White, shell pink, dark pink, deep maroon, lavender, and blue. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c.**

Superb Spencer Mixture—Splendidly well-blended mixture of all colors of true Spencer type only. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c.**

SWEET WILLIAM (P)—A beautiful class of hardy-free blooming plants of extreme richness and diversity of colors. Produces a fine effect in beds or mixed flower borders. **Double—Pkt. 5c; ¼ oz. 25c.**

THUNBERGIA (Black-Eyed Susan)—Rapid growing annual, growing from 4 to 6 feet high. Largely used for trellises, fences, etc. **Pkt. 10c.**

VERBENA (P)—These well-known flowers are splendid for beds or massing. Flowers of most brilliant colors, blooming from early summer till late in the fall. Verbenas grown from seed are always thrifty and do not rust. Sow early in house, or out of doors in April.

Pure White—Pkt. 10c.

Lavender—Pkt. 10c.

Mixed Colors—Pkt. 5c.

WALLFLOWER (P)—This is a fine bedding plant, but it is more often grown as a pot-plant and for this purpose is well adapted. The flowers are very fragrant and usually of various shades of yellow, brown and reddish brown. An old-fashioned flower which is always popular. Sow early in the year in boxes and transplant. **Pkt. 5c.**

ZINNIA (A)—For gorgeous summer and fall display the Zinnia is unsurpassed, the flowers are perfectly double, resembling Dahlias, and almost every shade of color. For bedding and massing they are particularly suitable.

Our Grandiflora Robusta are the giants of all Zinnias. Flowers are full and perfectly double, measuring from 3 to 4 inches across in many instances. In separate colors, pure white, scarlet, flesh pink, yellow. **Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 20c; oz. 60c.**

Superb Mixture Grandiflora Robusta Zinnia—A fine mixture of all colors. **Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 15c; oz. 50c.**

Dahlia Flowered Zinnia—The latest and best development in Zinnias. As the name implies, it very much resembles a fine Dahlia, the flowers often measuring 5 inches across, with broad petals piled one upon the other 3 to 4 inches deep. The colors comprise all of the usual Zinnia colors. This Zinnia should be in every garden. **Pkt. 15c; ½ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.10.**

Vines, or Climbers

CYPRESS VINE—A tender climbing annual, with soft fern-like foliage and small star-like flowers. Height about 15 feet. **Pkt. 5c; ½ oz. 20c.**

MORNING GLORY—One of the most popular of all climbers. They grow rapidly to a height of about 15 feet and bear abundantly brilliant flowers of various colors.

Mixed Varieties—Pkt. 5c.

Imperial Japanese—Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

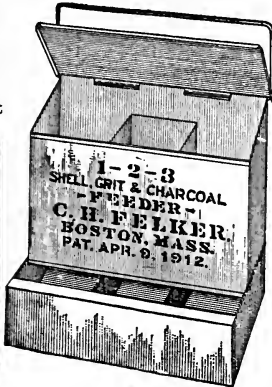
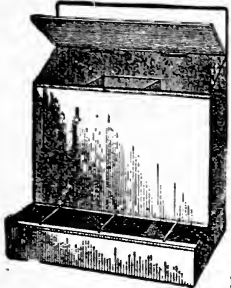
MOON VINE, or EVENING GLORY—Beautiful rapid climbers, bearing large white flowers which open in the evening and on cloudy days. **Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c.**

DOLICHOS, or HYACINTH BEANS—A tender climbing annual, rapid growth and splendid for covering a trellis. **Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c.**

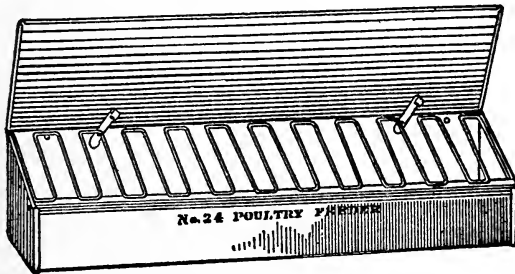
Take Advantage of Our Free Flower Seed
Offer on Front Inside Cover

POULTRY SUPPLIES

1-2-3 FEEDER—Made of galvanized iron, and so arranged as to have one, two, or three compartments. A very popular, practical feeder. \$1.35 each, postpaid. Not for No. 14 \$1.25 each.



1-2-3 GRIT AND SHELL BOX—The same as the 1-2-3 feeder, but smaller in size, and especially adapted for feeding beef scrap, shells, charcoal or grit. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, 85c.

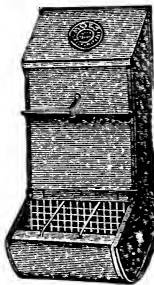


FELKER'S DRY MASH FEEDER—A very profitable feeder for dry mash. Can be hung on the wall or placed on floor, and closed at night to keep rats out. Price, \$1.50 each, postpaid. Not postpaid, \$1.25 each.

MOE'S DRY MASH HOPPER—The curved bottom of the Hopper keeps the feed within easy reach of the birds. The wire grid and the wires running from the flange prevent any chance of the fowls wasting the feed. The sloping cover prevents the birds from roosting on the hopper, and when covers are closed it is rat and mouse proof.

No. 36—12 in. wide, 14 qt. capacity each \$2.10, postpaid. Not postpaid, \$1.95.

No. 13—18 in. wide, 22 qt. capacity each \$2.50, postpaid. Not postpaid, \$2.35 each.

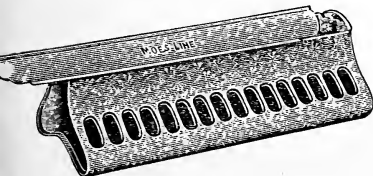


MOE'S LARGE CAPACITY FEEDER—A wonderful feeder for young growing stock, and a great time and labor saver when chicks are raised in large numbers. Made of heavy

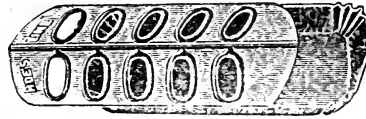
galvanized iron in two sizes, both with a large capacity. Sliding top cover, easy to fill and clean, and the birds cannot roost on the cover or sides to foul the feed.

No. 140—Capacity 10 quarts, length 21 inches, 16 openings on each side. Price, \$1.40 each, postpaid. Not postpaid, \$1.20 each.

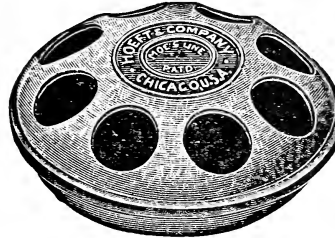
No. 141—Capacity 17 quarts, length 35 inches, 27 openings on each side. Price, \$2.15 each, postpaid. Not postpaid, \$1.80 each.



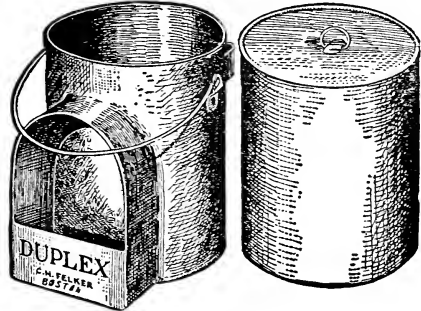
MOE'S ECLIPSE FEEDING TROUGHS—A fine popular priced feeding trough, made of galvanized iron and intended for chicks and growing stock. The pan and top are both stamped in one piece, no seams, rivets or solder used. Sliding top makes them easy to fill and keep clean. Made in two sizes. No. 27—Length 10 in. Price, 35c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 25c each.



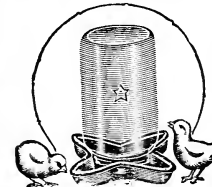
No. 28 — Length 20 in. Price, 45c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 35c.



MOE'S ROUND BABY CHICK FEEDER—Insures pure food for the chicks. A great feed saver, as the chicks cannot get into it and contaminate feed. Small size, No. 11, 20c each; Large size, No. 12, 35c each, postpaid. Not postpaid, No. 11, 15c each; No. 12, 25c.



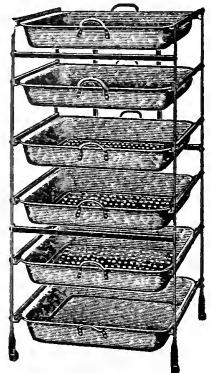
DUPLEX WALL FOUNTAIN—The latest and most practical sanitary poultry fountain in the market. This is a double fountain, easy to fill and keeps the water clean and pure. Made in 3 sizes. By mail, postpaid, 1 gal. size, \$1.40; 2 gal. \$1.70; 5 gal. twin openings, \$3.00. Not postpaid, 1 gal. size, \$1.25; 2 gal. \$1.50; 5 gal. twin openings, \$2.75.

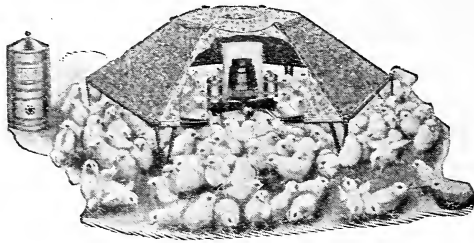


STAR FOUNTAINS—This is one of the best, cheapest appliances used as a feeder or fountain. They are durable tin pans constructed to fit any mason fruit jar, and are used for water or food. Very convenient and practical. 20c each; 4 for 50c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 15c each; 5 for 50c.

MOE'S OAT SPROUTER—Made entirely of metal. Strong and rigid. Provides the very necessary green feed at all seasons. Healthy chickens and more eggs. The frame is of steel, well braced and neatly painted. Has six heavy galvanized iron pans. Five of the pans have perforated bottoms to secure the proper drainage, and the bottom pan is solid to hold the drippings. Pans are interchangeable. Sectional frame can be quickly taken apart and stored in a small space. Total height of frame, 3 ft. Size of pans, 16 x 18 ins. Packed knocked down, one in a crate. Shipping weight, 25 pounds.

Price, each, postpaid, \$6.50; not postpaid, \$6.00.



SOL-HOT BROODERS

These machines are the safest and most efficient brooders on the market today. It is a wickless oil burning brooder, equipped with a twin float automatic oil level control. Eliminates the trouble of having to level up the brooder in order to get it to burn properly. We highly recommend and fully guarantee every SOL-HOT BROODER sold by us. Write us for descriptive pamphlet, which gives in detail the advantage of SOL-HOTS over other brooders. 1928 prices on New Model Standard SOL-HOT BROODERS:

| | |
|---|---------|
| Baby Sol-Hot Brooder, with 24 inch canopy (capacity 100 chicks)..... | \$11.50 |
| Standard Sol-Hot Brooder, with 34 inch canopy (capacity 250 to 300 chicks)..... | 17.00 |
| Standard Sol-Hot Brooder, with 44 inch canopy (capacity 500 chicks)..... | 20.50 |
| Standard Sol-Hot Brooder, with 54 inch canopy (capacity 1,000 chicks)..... | 22.50 |

All f. o. b. Petersburg.

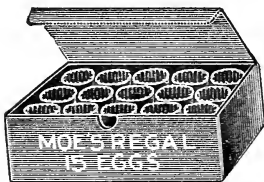
CEL-O-GLASS

The Real Glass Substitute

This is a high grade low priced substitute for glass, and is now being generally used for green houses, hotbeds, and poultry houses instead of glass. It is unaffected by the weather, can be bent or cut to any desired shape, and is practically indestructible. It is a boon to the poultryman and market gardener. Comes in rolls three feet wide, any length desired. Price, per square foot, 15c, f. o. b. Petersburg. If to be sent by mail, add one-half cent per square foot for parcel post charges.

GLASS CLOTH

A practical low priced substitute for glass. Suitable for hotbeds, coldframes, greenhouses, and poultry houses. Extensively used with entire satisfaction. Put up in rolls 3 feet wide, 10, 15 and 100 yards length. Price, per sq. yard, 35c, f. o. b. Petersburg. If to be sent by mail, add 1c per sq. yard to price.



REGAL EGG CARRIER.—One of the most practical and safest packages for sending eggs by parcel post, especially recommended for mailing eggs for hatching.

Price: 15-egg size, 25c each; 30-egg size, 40c each, postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 15-egg size, \$2.40 per doz.; 30-egg size, \$3.75 per doz.

HUMPTY DUMPTY FOLDING EGG CRATES—A safe and convenient folding, shipping crate for eggs. Made of hard wood with wire rod through corners and card board division and fillers.



| | Postpaid | Not Prepaid |
|------------------------|----------|-------------|
| | Each | Each |
| 6-dozen egg size..... | \$.85 | \$.60 |
| 12-dozen egg size..... | 1.00 | .75 |

PERFECT POULTRY MARKER.—Makes a good clear cut, without mutilating the web. Each 35c.

MOE'S EGG TESTER.—Made to fit any ordinary kitchen lamp; practical and accurate. 35c each, postpaid. Not postpaid, 25c each.

CARBOLA (Not for Outside Work).

A disinfecting, germ-killing, white paint recommended instead of whitewash and disinfectants. Ready to use by adding water. Makes light, sanitary, sweet-smelling interiors, and kills lice, mites, etc., and prevents spread of contagious diseases. Fine for henhouses, chicken coops, and other out-buildings. 5 lb. package \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, 5 lb. package 75c; 10 lb. pkg. \$1.25; 25 lb. pkg. \$2.25.

COLORLED CELLULOID LEG BANDS.—Made in ring form; all sizes; easily adjusted. Not numbered. Colors: White, Yellow, Red, Green, Black, Cerise, Brown, and Pink. Per doz., 20c; 50 for 50c; 75c per 100, postpaid. Not postpaid, 15c per doz.; 25 for 25c; 60c per 100.

INCUBATOR THERMOMETERS.—Retested and certified. \$1.00 each, postpaid.

BROODER THERMOMETERS.—Retested and certified. 75c each, postpaid.

MEDICATED NEST EGGS.—A splendid nest egg with lice killing and disinfecting properties. Should not be placed with setting eggs. 60c per doz., postpaid. Not postpaid, 50c per dozen.

LIME NEST EGGS.—An improvement on the China Nest Egg, as it does not get so extremely cold in the winter. Per doz. 40c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 35c per dozen.

"THE STANDARD" WHITEWASHING PUMP.—A simple, but very effective pump for white-washing and disinfecting henhouses, barns, stables, or other outhouses. Works in any bucket, tub, or barrel. Easy to operate; a ten-year-old boy can do more and better work in one hour with one of these pumps than a grown man can do in one-half day with any other pump of same size and capacity. Also fine for spraying trees, shrubs, etc. Will throw a stream 3 stories high. Guaranteed to give satisfaction. Price, each, \$5.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, \$5.00 each.

SPRATT'S DOG FOODS—Scientifically prepared foods for high bred dogs.

SPRATT'S MEAT FEBRINE DOG CAKES—Ideal food for grown dogs. Keeps the animal in perfect show form and working condition. Used by the leading kennel-owners throughout the world. 2 lb. pkg. 50c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 40c.

SPRATT'S FIBO—A granulated food for puppies, growing dogs, and dainty feeders. Also a toning up change of food for any dog. 2 lb. pkg. 65c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 50c.

SPRATT'S PUPPY CAKES—The proper food for puppies of all description. Keeps them in good condition and prevents puppy diseases. Per pkg. 65c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 50c.

SPRATT'S MEAT FEBRINE OVAL—The handy pocket dog biscuit. Fine for puppies, growing, and grown dogs of all breeds. Convenient to carry in pockets while hunting and traveling. Price, per pkg. 55c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 40c.

BUTTER CUPS

Highly paraffined containers, holding exactly 1 lb. of Butter when filled. A convenient and sanitary method of handling Butter for market.

"Fonda" Butter Cup—Cylinder-shaped with close fitting top. Also used for handling Ice Cream. Price per doz. 45c; per 100 \$2.75, postpaid. Not postpaid, per doz. 35c; per 100 \$2.50.

"Kleen Kup" Butter Cup—Very heavily paraffined. Lid fits tight in groove. Favorite with Butter makers. Per doz. 50c; per 100 \$3.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, per doz. 40c; per 100 \$2.75.

WALKO TABLETS—Walko White Diarrhoea Roup and Cholera Tablets for the prevention and treatment of White Diarrhoea, Roup and Cholera. Guaranteed effective. Price per pkg. 55c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 50c.

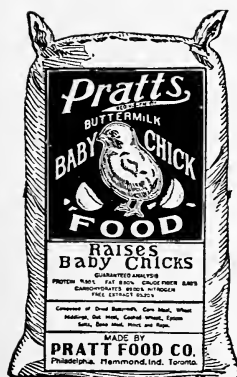
CHOLERINE—An invaluable medicine and poultry tonic. Especially recommended against Cholera, Roup, Limber Neck and White Diarrhoea. Aids egg production. Price per pkg. of 50 tablets 40c, postpaid.

Successful Poultrymen Use

Pratts

Poultry Feed

PRICES ON FEEDS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.



PRATTS BABY CHICK FOOD, With Buttermilk.—A largely predigested baby food for baby chicks. Guaranteed to raise every livable chick, prevent leg weakness, white diarrhoea, and "pasting up." Using Pratts Baby Chick Food means life insurance for the baby chicks for the critical first three weeks period, at a very small outlay, and guarantee to give the little fellows a splendid start which will prove the foundation for the development of strong, healthy pullets and cockerels. Price, per 2½ lb. pkg. 40c; 5½ lb. pkg. 70c; 5 lb. bag 55c; 10 lb. pkg. 80c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 2½ lb. pkg. 25c; 5½ lb. pkg. 50c; 5 lb. bag 40c; 10 lb. bag 65c; 25 lb. bag \$1.40; 50 lb. bag \$2.50; 100 lb. bag \$4.75.

PRATTS GROWING MASH, With Buttermilk.—For growing youngsters. The bone, muscle, and feather builder. Start chicks on Pratts Growing Mash when they are two weeks old. Promotes rapid, healthy growth. Price, per 10 lb. bag 75c; 25 lb. bag \$1.50, postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 10 lb. bag 50c; 25 lb. bag \$1.10; 100 lb. bag \$3.75.

PRATTS CHICK-SIZE SCRATCH FEED.—A re-cleaned combination of chick size grains for baby chicks. Should be used in connection with Pratts Buttermilk Baby Chick Food and Pratts Buttermilk Growing Mash. Price, per 10 lb. pkg. 60c; 25 lb. bag \$1.30, postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 10 lb. bag 45c; 25 lb. bag \$1.00; 100 lb. bag \$3.00.

PRATTS INTERMEDIATE SCRATCH FEED.—Never in your life have you seen such a splendid scratch feed. Clean cut, uniform in size, attractive, in variety and appearance, free from every particle of dust, hulls, chaff, weed seeds, or foreign materials, perfectly milled and mixed. Pratts Intermediate Scratch Feed is the envy and despair of other feed makers and the delight of the chickens. Price, per 10 lb. pkg. 60c; 25 lb. bag \$1.30, postpaid. Not postpaid, 10 lb. pkg. 45c; 25 lb. bag \$1.00; 100 lb. bag \$3.00.

PRATTS LARGE HEN SCRATCH FEED.—Gives such splendid results. Made only of the best of plump, sweet, well-seasoned grains—it is the very acme of quality and gives the maximum of results. Price, per 10 lb. bag 60c; 25 lb. bag \$1.25, postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 10 lb. bag 40c; 25 lb. bag 80c; 100 lb. bag \$2.75.

PRATTS BUTTERMILK LAYING MASH.—This remarkable mash is the standard by which others are judged. Not alone theoretically right but proven by practical test to be the greatest "egg producer" ever made. There is a good reason for every ingredient in this splendid mash. Pratts Buttermilk Laying Mash produces more eggs at less cost per dozen and gives greatest profit. Price, per 10 lb. bag 65c; 25 lb. bag \$1.40, postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 10 lb. bag 40c; 25 lb. bag 90c; 100 lb. bag \$3.35.

PRATT'S CORN FEED MEAL.—A coarse ground corn meal made of pure corn alone. No filler, no cob, no low grade corn used. The best for use in mixing your own mash. Price, per 100 lb. bag \$2.40.

PRATTS FINE GROUND OATS.—A strictly first-class oat, clipped and finely ground. Worth 50 per cent more than the average ground oat offered on the market. Price, per 100 lb. bag \$2.65.

PRATT'S PEA GREEN ALFALFA MEAL.—An exceptionally fine product made of the leaves of first grade Alfalfa Hay. No hard stalks ground as filler. A wonderful substitute for green food. Price, per 10 lb. pkg. 60c, postpaid. Not postpaid, per 100 lb. bag \$2.50.

PRATT'S SUPREME DAIRY RATION (With Beet Pulp).—A splendid balanced dairy ration for milch cows. Price, per 100 lbs. \$2.75.

PRATT'S TESTED COD LIVER OIL

For Poultry and Stock Feedings

Guaranteed absolutely pure and biologically tested for vitamin A and D. Buy the Pure Cod Liver Oil and add to your feeds when feeding to get full results. Cod Liver Oil, if added to mixed feeds and stored for any length of time, loses its efficiency and value. Price of Pratts Pure Cod Liver Oil, 75c per quart; \$2.25 per gallon; 10 gal. steel drum \$16.50, f. o. b. Petersburg. Cannot be sent by mail.

If you are not a user of PRATTS POULTRY FEEDS now, we simply ask you to give them a trial, starting the beginning of this season with Pratts Buttermilk Baby Chick Food, continuing with Pratts Re-cleaned Baby Chick Grain, Pratts Growing Mash and Intermediate Scratch Grain, following with Pratts Buttermilk Laying Mash. If you will keep a record, you will find that Pratts will produce more eggs at less cost than any other food on the market.

We carry a complete stock of Standard and Special Feeds, such as Gluten Meal, Corn Feed Meal, Ground Oats, Cotton Seed Meal, Sifted Cracked Corn, Poultry Wheat, Wheat Bran, Middlings, Feed Oats, etc. A postal card request will bring you by return mail our lowest cash prices.

PRATTS REMEDIES

PRATTS ROUP REMEDY.—Tablets or Powders. 30c and 55c per pkg., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 25c and 50c per pkg.



PRATTS SPECIAL COMPOUND.—A sure cure for chicken cholera. 30c and 55c per pkg., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 25c and 50c per pkg.

PRATTS GAPE REMEDY.—For gapes in baby chicks. 30c per pkg., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 25c per pkg.

PRATTS WHITE DIARRHOEA TABLETS.—A sure cure. 30c and 55c per pkg., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 25c and 50c per pkg.

PRATTS SORE HEAD CHICKEN POX PREPARATION.—40c per pkg., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 35c per pkg.

PRATTS POULTRY REGULATOR.—It builds up vitality, promotes sound digestion, sharpens appetite, thus helping to put birds into condition for heavy egg laying or winning blue ribbons. Given to breeding stock, it helps increase the fertility of eggs, strong in vitality, that will hatch chicks that will grow. Use it if you want big hatches of healthy chicks that will develop into husky pullets and cock-ereils. 30c, 60c and \$1.75 pkgs., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 25c, 50c and \$1.40 per pkg.

PRATTS ANIMAL REGULATOR.—This is the original and pioneer stock regulator of America. Tested thoroughly for nearly half a century, its worth is known and recognized by stock owners the world over. Always sold on a guarantee that it will satisfy you or your money back. 30c and 60c pkgs., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 25c and 50c per pkg.



PRATTS BRONCHITIS TABLETS.—A quick and effective treatment for a trouble that should be promptly checked. Price, per pkg. 30c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 25c.

PRATTS POULTRY WORM POWDER.—A guaranteed cure for worms in all poultry. Per 2 lb. pkg.

60c; 25 lb. bag \$3.65, postpaid. Not postpaid, per 2 lb. pkg. 50c; 25 lb. bag \$3.25.

PRATTS SCALY LEG OINTMENT.—30c per pkg., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 25c per pkg.

PRATTS HEAD LICE OINTMENT FOR BABY CHICKS.—30c per pkg., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 25c per pkg.



PRATTS POWDER LICE KILLER.—Unequaled for killing lice on birds of all ages. It also rids horses, cattle, hogs, dogs, and cats of lice. Can also be used for destroying insects and bugs on vines and plants. 30c and 60c per pkg., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 25c and 50c per pkg.

PRATTS WORM POWDER.—A guaranteed worm exterminator for all cattle and stock. 60c per pkg., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 50c per pkg.

PRATTS BLACK HEAD REMEDY FOR TURKEYS.—\$1.35 per pkg. postpaid. Not postpaid, \$1.25 per pkg.

PRATTS POULTRY DISINFECTANT AND LIQUID LICE KILLER.—Unequaled for spraying hen houses and other outbuildings. It is also used and recommended for household disinfectant purposes. Per pint can, 35c; quart can, 55c; half-gallon can, 90c; per gallon, \$1.50. Liquids cannot be sent by mail.



PRATTS HOG TONIC.—A specially prepared tonic for hogs, guaranteed. 60c and \$1.15 per pkg., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 50c and \$1.00 per pkg.

PRATTS COW TONIC.—Specially prepared for diseases of the cow. 60c per pkg., postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 50c per pkg.

PRATTS HEAVE, COUGH AND COLD PREPARATION.—A splendid remedy for coughs and colds in stock. Prevents and cures heaves. Price, per pkg. 60c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 50c.

PRATTS CONDITION TABLETS.—A splendid conditioner and builder for run-down condition in poultry. Per pkg. 55c, postpaid. Not postpaid, per pkg. 50c.

Poultry and Stock Feeds

MEAT MEAL, or BEEF SCRAP.—Pure dried ground beef, high in protein, and very essential as an egg producer in winter. 5 lb. pkg. 40c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 5 lb. pkg. 25c; 50 lb. bag \$2.00; 100 lb. bag \$3.75.

POULTRY OYSTER SHELLS.—Recleaned and crushed shells for poultry. Ground fine for chicks, or medium for grown fowls. Price, per 4 lb. pkg. 25c; 15 lb. pkg. 50c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 4 lb. pkg. 10c; 15 lb. pkg. 25c; 100 lb. bag \$1.00.

POULTRY CHARCOAL.—Aids digestion, promotes health and is indispensable in all poultry yards. Put up in two sizes: fine, for chicks, and medium, for fowls. Price, per 2 lb. pkg. 20c; 5 lb. pkg. 40c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 2 lb. pkg. 10c; 5 lb. pkg. 25c; 50 lb. bag \$1.35.

HEMP SEED.—Largely used for pigeon and bird food. Price, per lb. 15c; 3 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.15, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 10c; 10 lbs. 90c; 100 lbs. \$7.00.

SUNFLOWER.—Rich food for grown fowls and parrots. Price, per lb. 20c; 10 lbs. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, 10 lb. 15c; 10 lbs. \$1.00.

KAFFIR CORN.—Splendid food for all poultry. Especially recommended for pigeons. 5 lbs. 35c, postpaid. By express, 5 lbs. 25c; 50 lbs. \$2.00.

OIL CAKE MEAL (Flax Seed Meal, Old Process).—Used extensively for all kinds of stock, as a conditioner and tonic. Should be used in every stable. 4-lb. pkg. 25c, postpaid. By express, 4-lb. pkg. 20c; 100-lb. bag, \$3.25.

SAL VET.—This is the greatest worm destroyer known to the veterinary profession, and should be used by every one having a cow, horse, hog or sheep. It is not only a sure worm remedy but also a splendid conditioner and tonic. As exclusive agents for this territory, we offer Sal Vet to our customers with an absolute guarantee with each package, or money refunded. Price, 10 lb. pkg. \$1.25, postpaid. Not postpaid, 10 lb. pkg. \$1.00; 25 lb. pkg. \$2.25; 50 lb. bucket \$4.00; 100 lb. keg \$6.75.

TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

BLATCHFORD'S CALF MEAL.—The perfect substitute for milk. Calves are successfully raised and fattened with this calf meal without milk. Recommended and used by all dairymen. 25-lb. bag \$2.15, postpaid. By express, 25-lb. bag, \$1.50; 100-lb. bag, \$5.50.

BITTER LICK SALT BRICK.—Should be kept constantly before horses and cattle. Each 35c, postpaid. By express, each 25c.

MORTON SALT BLOCKS.—A 50-lb. compressed block of pure table salt for stock, undoubtedly the most economical, and the best method of feeding salt to animals. Price, per block, 60c.

PURE TABLE SALT.—Best quality table salt for home use. Price, per 25 lb. bag 40c; 50 lb. bag 60c; 100 lb. bag 90c.

FIGARO SALT.—A prepared salt which sugar-cures and smoke-flavors meat in one operation. No smokehouses needed to cure and save your meat. A 10-lb. can will cure and smoke 100 lbs. meat. Price, per 10 lb. can \$1.25, postpaid. Send for descriptive pamphlet.

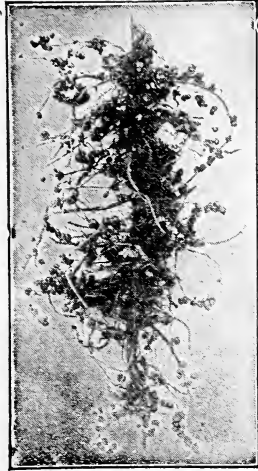
DR. HESS POULTRY PAN-ACEA.—A wonderful tonic and conditioner for poultry. Keeps flock in good condition, increases production of eggs, prevents cholera. Price, per 1½-lb. pkg. 35c; 5-lb. pkg. 90c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 1½-lb. pkg. 25c; 5-lb. pkg. 75c; 12-lb. pkg. \$1.50; 25-lb. pail \$2.75.

DR. HESS IMPROVED STOCK TONIC.—An invaluable remedy and preventative for diseases in all kinds of stock. Price, 3½-lb. pkg. 65c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 3½-lb. pkg. 50c; 25-lb. pail \$2.75; 50-lb. pail \$4.25.

BOURBON POULTRY REMEDY.—A useful medicine for the treatment of cholera, limberneck, roup, gapes, diarrhoea, and certain other poultry diseases. A liquid and used internally according to directions. We recommend this remedy very highly. Small size bottle, 70c; ½ pint, \$1.15; pint, \$1.65, postpaid. Not postpaid, small size bottle, 60c; ½ pint, \$1.00; pint, \$1.50.

FARMOGERM

*The Best Inoculation
for All Legume Seeds*



Roots like this mean
bigger yields,
better soil.

INCREASES CROP PRODUCTION AND GREATLY IMPROVES THE SOIL

Seeds of all legumes—Clovers, Alfalfa, Sweet Clovers, Beans, Peas, Vetches, etc.—will yield far better results if inoculated with FARMOGERM, and, in addition, leave in the soil a heavy deposit of nitrogen which benefits all succeeding crops in the rotation.

Farmogerm the "Always Fresh" Inoculant

WHAT FARMOGERM IS: A pure culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria of highest quality. By reason of the patented stopper, which admits air and excludes contaminations, FARMOGERM is guaranteed for five years—always fresh—always strong and virile.

A Sensible Insurance and a Profitable Investment

We believe in inoculation, we favor the pure jelly medium, and we believe in FARMOGERM. Of all the inoculants manufactured we believe it is the most effective, and cheapest, consistent with high quality. Farmers who have used it will never again seed without it—even where the legumes have been grown before, because it is easier to make Better Best than Bad Good. Full directions go with each bottle—easily applied—takes but a little time.

When ordering, be sure to specify the kind of seed you wish to inoculate.

NEW LOW PRICES

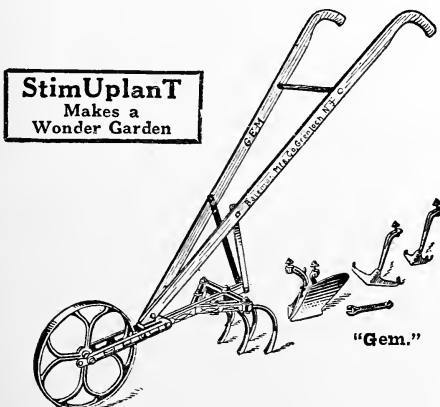
For small seeds—Clovers, Alfalfa, etc.— $\frac{1}{4}$ -bus. size, 35c; $\frac{1}{2}$ -bus. size, 60c; 1-bus. size, \$1.00; $2\frac{1}{2}$ -bus. size, \$2.25; 10-bus. size, \$8.00.

Special Reduced Prices on Cultures for Large-Size Seeds, Soy Beans, Cowpeas, Peas, Beans, Vetch, etc.— $\frac{1}{2}$ -bus. size, 35c; 1-bus. size, 60c; 5-bus. size, \$2.25.

Special Garden Size for Garden Peas, Beans, and Sweet Peas, 25c.

Gem Single Wheel Hoe

Here is a favorite tool. It is light and compact. Can be used for any kind of cultivation, and the price is low. Tools furnished consist of Cultivator Teeth, two sizes of Scuffle Hoe, and a pair Plows. We think this is undoubtedly the easiest wheel hoe to operate in existence; requires less strength than any other make, and will do better work. Price, complete, \$8.00.



StimUplant
Makes a
Wonder Garden

"Gem."

The Masters Planter



This is the best hand plant setting machine manufactured for the planting of tobacco, cabbage, tomatoes, etc. It plants and waters the plants at one operation. No waiting for seasons. Saves a vast amount of tedious labor, lame backs and resetting of plants. Hundreds of tobacco growers indorse this planter as a boon and a great money maker for them. Price, each \$6.00.

Use "GRO-SO" Fertilizers

In using GRO-SO FERTILIZERS, you give the plant exactly what it needs, and in proper proportions. Every GRO-SO BRAND carries special analysis for the crop for which it is manufactured, thereby giving maximum results at minimum cost.

BEE KEEPING SUPPLIES

BEWARE
 IF YOU BUY YOUR
BEEWARE
 FROM THE
LEWIS!
 MAKES THE FIRST

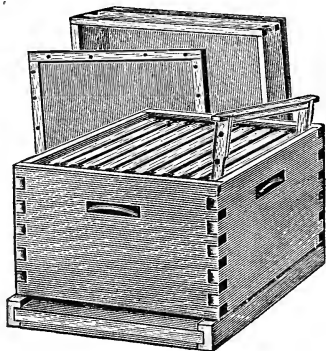
LEWIS BEEWARE

BEWARE
 IF YOU BUY YOUR
BEEWARE
 FROM THE
LEWIS!
 MAKES THE FIRST

STANDARD OF THE BEEKEEPING WORLD

Bee yards like this are bringing the owners big profits. In order to handle bees with satisfaction and to make a profit out of them it is necessary to have beekeeping equipment accurate in every detail. All hives, supers and inside fixtures must be interchangeable throughout the bee yard. The quality of goods bearing the BEEWARE trademark answers these requirements perfectly. If you do not find any of this equipment up to your idea of perfection, you will be at liberty to return it, and all money and transportation charges will be refunded.

10-FRAME HIVE WITH METAL ROOF COVER



- 1 Hive like above—wtg. 31 lbs.....\$ 3.65
 5 Hives like above—wtg. 151 lbs..... 16.20

DADANT'S COMB FOUNDATION

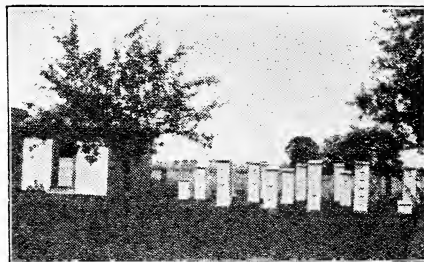
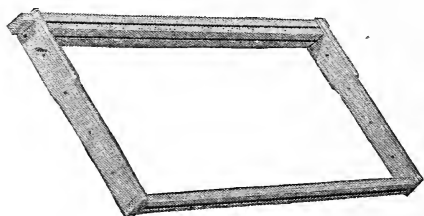
Medium Brood Vertically Wired — 8 $\frac{9}{16}$ by $16\frac{3}{4}$. 8 sheets, \$1.15; 10 sheets, \$1.45; 2 lbs. \$1.80; 5 lbs. \$4.30.

Medium Brood Unwired—7 $\frac{7}{8}$ by $16\frac{3}{4}$. 8 sheets, 87c; 10 sheets, \$1.09; 5 lbs. \$4.15.

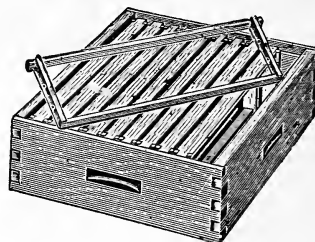
Thin Surplus—3 $\frac{7}{8}$ by $16\frac{1}{2}$, or 5 by $16\frac{1}{2}$. 1 lb. 96c; 5 lbs. \$4.55.

When ordering 3 lbs., add prices of 1 and 2 lb. boxes.

A Lewis Slotted Bottom Bar Frame

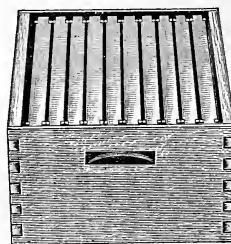


10-FRAME SHALLOW SUPER



- 1 Super like above—wtg. 10 lbs.....\$1.30
 5 Supers like above—wtg. 40 lbs..... 4.90

10-FRAME HIVE BODY

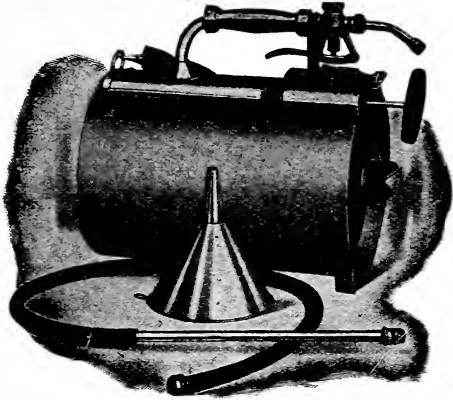


- 1 Hive body like above—wtg. 16 lbs....\$1.75
 5 Hive bodies like above—wtg. 68 lbs.... 7.15

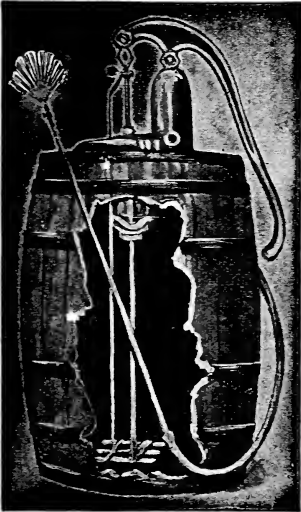
- 100 Scalloped sections, $4\frac{1}{4}$ by $1\frac{7}{8}$\$1.35
 Hoffman Frames—10, 75c; per 100..... 5.95
 How To Succeed With Bees..... .59
 10-Frame All-Wire Wood Bound Excluder. .95
 Excelsior Wire Veil..... 1.00
 Bee Gloves, medium or large..... .90
 Doctor Smoker, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ by 7..... 1.00
 Smoke Engine Smoker, 4 by 7..... 1.25
 4-Way Bee Escape..... .15

WRITE FOR COMPLETE CATALOG

Sprayers, Pumps and Devices



LOWELL FOUNTAIN SPRAYER.—This is one of the best compressed air spray pumps manufactured, and we not only recommend, but also guarantee it in every way. It has no intricate parts to get out of order. The spray material does not come in contact with the pump; the tank is thoroughly tested to stand the highest pressure, and will drain perfectly with one charge. We especially recommend this pump for spraying potatoes, cabbage, etc. Price complete, with spray crook nozzle, 3 ft. hose and 1 ft. long spraying nozzle, funnels for filling and shoulder straps \$6.00.



OUR PERFECT BARREL SPRAY PUMP.

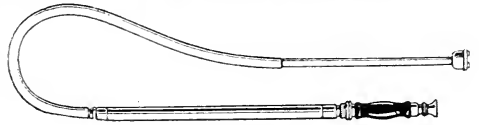
This reliable pump is equipped with a seamless brass cylinder, brass rod, brass plunger and brass screw spout; it has a large air chamber and is a pump of great force and power. It has a suction pipe and strainer, and churn dash agitator. This machine gives a full stream, fine mist, medium and coarse spray, as desired, and is unexcelled in its fine work of spraying trees,

shrubs, vines, etc. Every farmer, dairyman, poultryman and fruit grower should have one of these pumps on his premises, as it can also be used to such great advantage in whitewashing and disinfecting stables, barns, poultry houses, and in washing windows, vehicles, etc. Price complete, with 5 feet heavy hose and 10 feet extension rod, without the barrel, \$18.00.

Whether you have one or a hundred—
"SPRAY YOUR TREES"

IF you do not know how or when to spray, write us for information, which will be gladly given.

YOU WILL THANK US



"THE STANDARD" WHITEWASHING PUMP.—A simple but effective pump for whitewashing barns, stables, outhouses, etc. Easy to operate; works in any bucket, tub or barrel; also sprays trees, shrubs, etc., to perfection. Throws stream three stories high. Pays for itself in one day's work. Guaranteed to give satisfaction. Price, \$5.00.

LOWELL GLASS TANK SPRAYER.—The best hand sprayer made—durable, easy to handle and operate. Tank is a quart Mason fruit jar, which can be readily replaced if broken. Sprays a fine mist. Price, each 75c, or 90c postpaid.

LOWELL IDEAL SPRAYER.—Extra strong, substantially constructed, compact and handy sprayer. The cone passes through the solution tank and is thoroughly soldered thereto, giving great strength and rigidity. 60c postpaid. Not postpaid, 50c each.

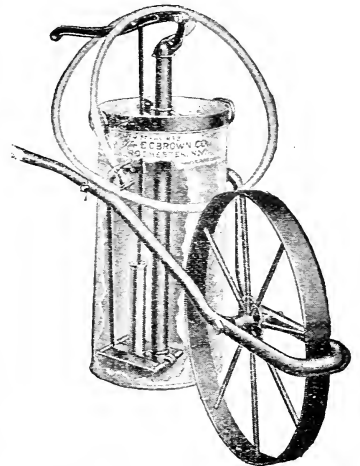
"MIDGET" SPRAYER.—A small, durable, hand sprayer recommended for household use for disinfecting purposes. Price, each 35c, or 50c postpaid.

THE CYCLONE SEED SOWER.—This is a fine little Seeder at a moderate price. Sows any kind of seed evenly, as well as fertilizer, bone and ashes, and pays for itself in a very short time. Price, each, \$1.75; or \$2.00, postpaid.

LITTLE GIANT DUSTER.—Distributes any dry powder, like Dry Arsenate of Lead, Slug Shot and Paris Green, to perfection. Keeps the poison at a safe distance from the operator, and will dust potato plants as fast as the operator can walk, two rows at a time. One of the best appliances for tobacco growers. By turning a handle a fan is rapidly revolved, distributing the insecticides uniformly on two rows at once, and to all parts of the plant and on both sides of the leaf. Price, \$10.00.

AUTO SPRAY

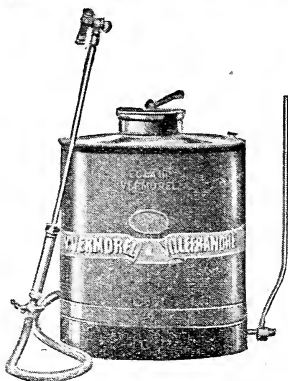
No. 3-D—This is the most powerful and durable wheelbarrow sprayer manufactured. An excellent general purpose sprayer. Especially well suited for whitewash and cold water paints. Extensively used for spraying trees, shrubs and gardens. Heavy galvanized tank. 12 gallon capacity with truck 20 inch wheel, 8 foot extension hose, 2 ft. 8 in. iron extension rod. Price, \$16.



Sprayers, Pumps and Devices

THE ECLAIR No. 1 SPRAYER —

We consider this the best sprayer made. In reliability and efficiency this sprayer has no equal. It has no plunger or complicated mechanism. Its simple diaphragm pump eliminates the usual pump troubles. Pressure can easily be maintained at 40 lbs. Its ease of operation makes spraying a real pleasure. Capacity 3½ gals. Made of brass. This machine is especially valuable in fighting the Mexican Bean Beetle, as it can be easily adjusted to throw the spray up under the leaves. Price, \$20.00.



HUDSON PERFECTION SPRAYER



This is the **Hudson Perfection high pressure Compressed Air Sprayer**. Highest quality and most satisfactory. Can be used around the house and yard—in barnyards and outhouses—on truck, vineyards, potato and melon fields, as well as in orchards. It is also a splendid white-washing and disinfecting sprayer. An all around machine, invaluable on a farm. Capacity 4 gals.

Price, each \$5.50.

Hudson Chemical Sprayer



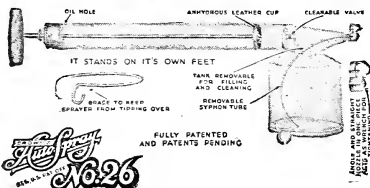
A strong durable sprayer. Practical for spraying gardens, shrubs, plants, as well as for indoor work for floor oils, fly oils, and similar preparations. The sprayer starts and stops instantly—no dripping or spitting from the nozzle. Pump has steel or brass tubing and plunger rod. Capacity 1½ gallons. A wonderful sprayer for the household. Price, each \$3.75.

AUTO SPRAYER No. 26-A & B—The strongest and smoothest working continuous atomizer made. Every part built extra heavy to give super service. Convenient wire legs keep sprayer upright and prevents spilling of contents. We think this is the best sprayer made for insecticides, disinfectants and household uses.

No. 26-A—Capacity 1 quart, all tin. Each \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, 85c.

No. 26-B—Capacity 1 quart, brass tank. Each \$1.40, postpaid. Not postpaid, \$1.25.

It Sprays Continuously



DUSTER BROWN No. 2-C—Duster Brown No. 2-C is a new type, direct compression duster that adequately agitates even heavy dust in mixing chamber and ejects a large volume of dust with each stroke. The dust is well diffused and envelopes every twig and leaf. The fan-shaped distributor on the end of syphon tube helps diffuse the spray and allows the operator to spray from underneath. The extension on this duster makes it very satisfactory for all types of dusting and particularly for dusting underside of leaves. Capacity 1 quart. Price, each, \$1.10, parcel post prepaid. Not prepaid, 90c.



Use **FLUOSILICATE DUST MIXTURE** for the control of the **MEXICAN BEAN BEETLE**. Very effective, and easily applied and not considered poisonous to human beings. 1 lb. 25c; 5 lbs. \$1.00. It requires about 10 lbs. to dust an acre.

Spraying Trees

Nothing is more important or will yield larger dividends than the systematic spraying of your Fruit Trees. A fruit tree of any description, if properly pruned and systematically sprayed, is a money maker; a fruit tree not sprayed or given attention, charges rent without making any return of profit; either spray the tree or cut it down. An unsprayed tree is not only a dead loss to you, but a menace to your neighbor. The proposition of spraying trees is a very inexpensive one in both the monetary outlay and the manual labor.

The most important spray is the **DORMANT SPRAY** in January, February, March, for which use **LIME AND SULPHUR SOLUTION** or **SCALECIDE**. A delayed or later spray should be given with **SULFOCIDE**, **DRITOMIC SULPHUR** and **ARSENATE OF LEAD**.

Write us for full information. We can furnish free of charge accurate spraying guides, and we are headquarters for all necessary **SPRAYING MATERIALS** and **SPRAYING PUMPS**.

The old song "**WOODMAN SPARE THAT TREE**" should now be

"**FARMER SPRAY THAT TREE**"
and make some easy money.

Insecticides

POISONS CANNOT BE SENT BY MAIL

CARBOLA.—(Not for outside work.) A disinfecting, germ-killing, white paint recommended instead of whitewash and disinfectants. Ready to use by adding water. Makes light, sanitary, sweet-smelling interiors, and kills lice, mites, etc., and prevents spread of contagious diseases. Fine for hen houses, chicken coops, and other outbuildings. 5-lb. pkg. \$1.00, postpaid. Not postpaid, 5 lbs. 75c; 10 lbs. \$1.25; 25 lbs. \$2.25.

PARA-DI-CHLORO-BENZENE—For Peach Tree Borer.—More efficient than boring them out with a knife, as tests show approximately 95% control. Apply to six-year trees and older in September or October when the ground is dry. One pound will treat fifteen trees. Ask the United States Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., for Bulletin No. 1169. By mail, postpaid, lb. pkg. 60c; 5 lb. pkg. \$2.50. Not prepaid, lb. pkg. 50c; 5 lb. pkg. \$2.25.

BLUE STONE, or COPPER SULPHATE.—Used for early spraying, and for preventing smut in grain crops. Also for making Bordeaux Mixture and Copper Solution. 5 lb. pkg. 90c; 10 lbs. \$1.60, postpaid. Not postpaid, 5 lbs. 70c; 10 lbs. \$1.25. Special prices on larger lots.

TOBACCO DUST.—Splendid for dusting of melons, squash and other vegetables. Destroys insects and acts as a fertilizer. Price: 3-lb. pkg. 25c; 8-lb. pkg. 50c postpaid.

RED WING POWDER.—For the destruction of roaches, flies, bed bugs, moths, mosquitos, ants, flees and other insects. Also destroys lice on rose bushes, chrysanthemums and other flowers and plants. Price, 30c per pkg. postpaid; 25c per pkg. not prepaid.

RAT CORN.—A dry powder or meal to be mixed with any food that rats and mice will eat. It is an effective poison, and the dead rats have no odor, as they are mummified by eating this poison. A most effective and sanitary Rat Extreminator. Price, 25c and 50c packages.

PARIS GREEN.—Very effectual for destroying potato bugs and other insects. A very strong poison, and should be used carefully. Mix one pound Paris Green to 50 pounds of Plaster, or to 150 gallons of water. Price: ¼-lb. pkg., 15c; ½-lb. pkg. 25c; 1-lb. pkg. 40c.

POWDERED ARSENATE OF LEAD.—This is undoubtedly the best insecticide known. Recommended for spraying potatoes, vegetables, tobacco, etc. Does not burn foliage. Especially recommended to our tobacco growers. Can be used as a powder or in water. Easily handled and applied. 1-lb. pkg. 30c; 4-lb. pkg. \$1.00; 48-lb. pkg. \$8.00.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE.—This is a splendid insecticide as well as a promoter of growth to plants. Especially recommended for spraying tomatoes and other delicate plants. Should be used by all truckers and gardeners. To be diluted 10 to 20 times with water, and used as a spray. One lb. 35c; 4 lbs. \$1.00, postage prepaid. Not prepaid, lb. 25c; 4 lbs. 80c; 5 lbs. 90c; 10 lbs. \$1.50.

HAMMOND'S SLUG SHOT.—A very effective insecticide and very popular on account of not

being injurious to human beings. Recommended for roses and other flowers. One lb. sift top pkg. 30c; 5-lb. pkg. 75c, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 20c; 5 lbs. 50c.

FLIT.—Destroys flies, mosquitoes, ants, moths, bed bugs, and roaches. Does not stain. Most effective against flies in summertime. Price per pint can, 60c; quart, 90c; gallon, 75c.

DRITOMIC SULPHUR.—A highly concentrated sulphur product extensively used in spraying operations. Dritomic Sulphur is easy to handle and ready to mix, low in cost, and will produce wonderful results in the orchard. Price, per 4-lb. pkg., postage prepaid, 75c; per case of twelve 4-lb. pkg. 48 lbs., \$6.00.

DRY LIME AND SULPHUR SOLUTION.—This material is identical with the lime and sulphur solution which we have been supplying our trade for spraying. It is in a dry state, and is much easier to handle, and very simple to use. Absolutely necessary for destroying San Jose Scale and other diseases of nursery stock. A one-pound can of Dry Lime and Sulphur will make five gallons of spray, ready for use. Simply dump the powder in the spray tank, and add the water. Price: 1-lb. can, 30c; 5-lb. can, \$1.25; 10-lb. can, \$2.00; 25-lb. can, \$3.50; 50-lb. can, \$6.00.

FLOUR OF SULPHUR.—Used on potatoes when cut for planting to prevent scab and bleeding, also used against mildew and plant mite. 5 lbs. 50c; 10 lbs. 75c, postage prepaid. Not prepaid, 5 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. 75c; 100 lbs. \$5.00.

BLACK LEAF 40.—Nicotine Sulphate, 40% Nicotine. This is the insecticide that is so highly recommended by Experiment Stations. It destroys Aphis (plant lice), Thrips, Leaf-hoppers on all tree, bush and vine fruits, vegetables, field crops, flowers and shrubs; also Apple Red Bug, Pear Psylla and similar soft-bodied sucking insects—all without injury to foliage. May be combined with other sprays. Highly concentrated. Soluble in water—easy to mix—does not clog nozzles. Complete directions with each package.

1 oz. \$.35—makes 6 gallons of spray.
½ lb. 1.25—makes 40 to 120 gals. spray
2 lbs. 3.75—makes 160 to 500 gals. spray

CALCIUM ARSENATE—Highly recommended against Mexican Bean Beetle, Boll Weevil, and other leaf-eating insects. Per 1 lb. pkg. 25c; 4 lb. pkg. 60c.

SCALECIDE.—"A complete dormant spray." This is a complete liquid spray, which will kill all kinds of scale on fruit, shade and ornamental trees; easy and pleasant to handle and use, and guaranteed to give results. Price: Qt. 50c; gal. \$1.50; 5-gal. drum, \$6.25.

LITTLE GIANT DUSTER

One of the best and most practical dusting machines for applying dry powders like Arsenate of Lead, Paris Green. Will dust two rows at the same time. Especially recommended for tobacco growers. Price, \$10.00.

Insecticides

Poisons Cannot Be Sent by Mail

SULFOCID.—A better Summer Spray. A powerful summer fungicide for fruits, vegetables, and flowers. Very superior for the control of apple scab, brown rot of peaches, and other serious diseases. It is as cheap as home-made Bordeaux—one gallon makes 200 gallons of spray. Per pint can, 70c; quart can, \$1.00; gallon can, \$2.75.

ACME BAIT-M.—A preparation to combat cut-worms, snails, and grasshoppers. Ready for use by spreading around plants. Per lb. pkg. 40c; 3-lb. pkg. \$1.00; postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. pkg. 30c; 3-lb. pkg. 75c.

ACME GARDEN GUARD.—A splendid insecticide and fungicide for vegetable and flower gardens. Recommended for small gardens against all chewing insects as well as fungus growths. Per 1-lb. can, 30c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 20c.



A powerful sterilizer deodorant disinfectant. Non-poisonous, powerful, safe and clean. Indispensable to the farmer, dairyman, poultryman, stock-breeder, and hog-raiser. Write for free descriptive pamphlets covering the use of B-K. Per quart, \$1.25; gallon, \$3.00.

SEMESAN JR.—Most perfect seed corn disinfectant. Prevents corn root rot, and keeps the seed from rotting if cold rainy weather sets in after planting. Generally increases yields. Average cost of treatment about 2½c per acre. Price, per 4 oz. tin, 50c; 1 lb. tins, \$1.75; 5 lb. tins, \$8.00.

MILRAY LIQUID FLEA SOAP—A guaranteed flea destroyer, contains no poison, no irritative chemical, nor anything to harm the skin. Price, 50c.

BONIDE CLEANING LIQUID—Non-explosive, non-inflammable, removes grease spots without injury to fabric. Per bottle, 25c.

FLUOSILICATE DUST MIXTURE—Is designed to meet the demand for an insecticide that will kill the Mexican Bean Beetle without danger of poisoning those who use it or those who eat the beans. The fluosilicate is not considered poisonous to human beings unless eaten in large quantities, and this insecticide is therefore safer to use than preparations which contain arsenic. It is made according to an experiment station formula, and is not only effective against Mexican Bean Beetles, Potato Bugs (Beetles), Striped Cucumber Beetles, Blister Beetles, and certain Flea Beetles, but it may also be used to rid your premises of ants and roaches, and to kill the lice on your fowls. 1 lb. pkg. 35c; 5 lbs. \$1.00; 100 lb. drum \$15.00.

GASITE—A non-inflammable, non-poisonous household insect gas. Used against flies, mosquitoes, moths, mites, ants and spiders. 25c per pkg.

Bird Seed

FRENCH'S SPECIAL MIXTURE WITH BIRD BISCUIT.—Per 10-oz. pkg. 25c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 15c.

FRENCH'S BIRD GRAVEL (Recleaned).—Price 2-lb. pkg. 25c, postpaid. Not postpaid, 15c.

GROSSMANN'S RECLEANED MIXED BIRD SEED (in Bulk).—Per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 35c; 5 lbs. 75c, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c.

HEMP SEED.—Price per lb. 15c; 3 lbs. 40c; 10 lbs. \$1.15, postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 10c; 10 lbs. 90c.

PLAIN CANARY SEED.—Price per lb. 25c; 2 lbs. 40c; 5 lbs. 75c; postpaid. Not postpaid, per lb. 15c; 4 lbs. 50c.

CUTTLE FISH BONE.—Price per pkg. 25c, postpaid. Not postpaid, per pkg. 15c; lb. 75c.

BLOOMMAID

For Flowers · Shrubs · Vegetables

If you want your flowers to bloom earlier and longer, your shrubs and hedges to be greener, thriftier, we recommend that you use Bloomaid. Brings blooms ten days to two weeks earlier—makes plants double the size of those not treated.

Use it in the vegetable garden, around shrubs and to enrich the soil in window boxes and flower pots.

Fifteen times as rich as manure; does not bring in weed seed or the spores of plant diseases.



Bloomaid Prices

| | |
|-------------------------------------|------|
| Tablet Form (125 Tablets) | 25 |
| Liquid Form (8-oz. Bottle) | 50 |
| Pulverized Form: | |
| 1-lb. Can | 25 |
| 5-lb. Container | 50 |
| 25-lb. Bag | 1.75 |
| 100-lb. Bag | 5.00 |

VIRGINIA GROWN NURSERY STOCKS

We are associated with one of the most reliable Nurserymen in Virginia, and are prepared to furnish our customers with disease-free, certified Virginia Stocks of Apples, Pears, Peaches, Plums, Cherries, Apricots, Quinces, Grape Vines and other small fruits. The stock is No. 1, true to name, and our reasonable prices enable our customers to purchase their requirements at a much smaller cost than is usual. Write for our list and prices.

SPRAYING GUIDE

This condensed spraying calendar has been carefully prepared and will be found very valuable to fruit growers as it shows at a glance how to spray intelligently for the various insect pests and fungus diseases to which fruit trees are subjected.

| KIND OF FRUIT | KIND OF PEST | WHAT TO USE | *DILUTION | WHEN TO SPRAY |
|---------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | | | | (1) Means first spray. (2) Means second spray, and so on. |
| APPLE | San Jose Scale... | Dry Lime Sulphur... | 14 to 16 lbs. | In fall after leaves drop or in spring when trees are dormant. |
| | Codling moth... | Dry arsenate of lead. | 2 to 3 lbs.... | (1) At fall of the blossoms before the calyx closes. (2) Three weeks after fall of blossoms. (3) Ten weeks after fall of blossoms. (4) Fourteen weeks after fall of blossoms. (5) Seventeen weeks after fall of blossoms. |
| | Cankerworm.... | Dry arsenate of lead. | 2 to 4 lbs... | (1) Just before blossoms in cluster bud. (2) At fall of blossoms. |
| | Bitter-rot..... | Dry Bordeaux..... | 6 to 7 lbs. | Spray about the middle of June and keep fruit coated the rest of the season. |
| | Blotch..... | Dry bordeaux..... | 6 to 8 lbs... | (1) Three weeks after fall of blossoms. (2) Five weeks after fall of blossoms. |
| | Scab..... | Dry Lime Sulphur... | 6 to 8 lbs... | (1) Just before blossoms in cluster bud. (2) At fall of blossoms. (3) Within a week or ten days later. (4) Latter part of July if weather is cool and wet. |
| PEACH | Peach twig borer | Dry Lime Sulphur... | 6 to 8 lbs... | Just after buds begin to swell. |
| | Curculio..... | Dry arsenate of lead. | 1 lb..... | (1) When first shucks are pushing off. (2) Again when all shucks are off. (3) Three or four weeks after fall of blossoms. |
| | Brown rot..... | Dritomic sulphur.... | 2 1/2 lbs..... | (1) When all shucks are off. (2) Three or four weeks after fall of blossoms. (3) Four weeks before fruit is ripe. Should weather be damp and warm near ripening time keep fruit well coated with spray. |
| | Scab..... | Dritomic sulphur.... | 2 1/2 lbs..... | Spraying for brown rot controls scab. |
| | Leaf curl..... | Dry Lime Sulphur... | 14 to 16 lbs. | Either in fall after leaves drop or in spring before buds swell. |
| | Slug..... | Dry arsenate of lead. | 2 lbs..... | When slugs appear. |
| PEAR | Pear psylla..... | Dry Lime Sulphur... | 4 to 6 lbs.... | When cluster buds are separating at tips. |
| | Pear leaf blister mite | Dry Lime Sulphur... | 4 to 6 lbs... | In fall after leaves drop or in the spring before buds burst. |
| | Scab..... | Dritomic sulphur.... Dry bordeaux. | 3 to 4 lbs... 5 lbs. | (1) Just before bloom, cluster-bud. (2) At fall of blossoms. (3) Two weeks later. |
| | Curculio..... | Dry arsenate of lead. | 1 lb..... | (1) Just before blossom buds open. (2) At fall of blossoms. (3) A week later. |
| PLUM | Brown Rot..... | Dritomic sulphur.... | 2 to 3 lbs... | (1) Just before buds open. (2) Immediately after blossoms fall. (3) Ten days to two weeks later. If season is wet, spray every two weeks until month before picking time. |
| | Leaf Spot..... | Dritomic sulphur.... | 2 to 3 lbs... | (1) Ten days after fall of blossoms. (2) Three weeks later. (3) Six weeks after fall of blossoms. |
| | Cherry Slug.... | Dry arsenate of lead. | 1 lb..... | When slugs appear. |
| CHERRY | Brown Rot..... | Dritomic sulphur.... | 2 to 3 lbs... | (1) Just before the blossoms. (2) At fall of blossoms. (3) A week to 10 days later. (4) When fruit begins to color. |
| | Curculio..... | Dry arsenate of lead. | 1 lb..... | (1) At fall of blossoms. (2) A week to ten days later. |
| | Rose Chafer.... | Dry arsenate of lead | 2 to 2 1/2 lbs.. | At first appearance of beetles and one week later if beetles are still present. |
| GRAPE | Grape Berry Moth..... | Dry arsenate of lead | 2 to 2 1/2 lbs.. | (1) Just before fruit sets. (2) About ten days later. (3) Mid-July. |
| | Black Rot..... | Dry bordeaux..... | 6 to 8 lbs. . | (1) When second or third leaf is showing. (2) Before the blossoms open. (3) After fall of blossoms. (4) About ten days to two weeks later. (5) Again in ten to fourteen days. |

*All dilutions to be made on the following basis to the 50 gallons of spray.

Approximate Quantities of Diluted Spray Solution Required for Thorough Spraying

The quantity will vary, of course, according to the size of the tree and whether or not the tree is dormant, in blossom or in full leaf.

| AGE | PEACH TREES | PLUM TREES | APPLE TREES | PEAR TREES |
|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|
| Under 3 years..... | 1/4 to 1 Gallon | | 1/4 to 1 Gallon | 1/4 to 1/2 Gallon |
| 3 to 4 years..... | 1 to 1 1/2 Gallons | | 1 to 2 Gallons | 1/2 to 1 Gallon |
| 4 to 5 years..... | 1 1/2 to 2 Gallons | 1/4 to 1 Gallon | 2 to 3 Gallons | 1 to 1 1/2 Gallons |
| 5 to 6 years..... | 2 to 2 1/2 Gallons | 1 to 1 1/2 Gallons | 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 Gallons | 1 1/2 to 2 Gallons |
| 6 to 8 years..... | 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 Gallons | | 3 to 4 Gallons | 2 to 2 1/2 Gallons |
| 8 to 10 years..... | 3 1/2 to 5 Gallons | 2 to 4 Gallons | 3 1/2 to 4 Gallons | 2 1/2 to 3 Gallons |
| 10 to 12 years..... | | | 4 to 5 Gallons | 3 to 3 1/2 Gallons |
| 12 to 15 years..... | | 4 to 5 Gallons | 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 Gallons | 3 1/2 to 5 Gallons |
| 15 to 18 years..... | | | 5 to 6 Gallons | 5 to 8 Gallons |
| 18 to 20 years..... | | | 6 to 8 Gallons | |
| 20 to 25 years..... | | | | |

GRO-SO FERTILIZERS

GRO-SO FERTILIZERS have again proven their quality and superiority over other fertilizers through results obtained by their use during 1928. Regardless of change of price, cuts, or other disturbing elements in the fertilizer business, we are going to maintain the quality of GRO-SO BRANDS, by so doing, giving our customers the benefit of the best that can be made. Prices are subject to change, net cash f. o. b. Petersburg, carload prices and terms on application.

GRO-SO VEGETABLE COMPOUND

Guaranteed Analysis:

Available Phosphoric Acid, 6%; Ammonia, 7%;
Available Potash, 5%.

A fertilizer which has no equal in value for our truckers. Ammonia used derived from both mineral and animal matter and in the proper proportions to quickly advance growth, and still hold its perfection and sturdiness of growth during the natural life of the plant. Costs a little more than the average truck guano, but is worth three times as much. Price, per 100-lb. bag, \$2.25; per 200-lb. bag, \$4.25; per ton, \$40.00.

GRO-SO SWEET POTATO GROWER

Guaranteed Analysis:

Available Phosphoric Acid 8%; Ammonia 3%;
Available Potash 5%.

This analysis has been compounded by us for the growing of Sweet Potatoes, and we know that this brand will grow Sweet Potatoes to perfection. We also know through experience that this brand is a splendid result-producing fertilizer for general crops. Truckers who have quite a diversity of crops cannot go wrong by using this guano. Price, per 200-lb. bag, \$3.25; per ton, \$30.00.

GRO-SO GRAIN AND GRASS GROWER

Guaranteed Analysis:

Phosphoric Acid 8%; Ammonia 1½%;
Available Potash 4%.

Our GRO-SO Grain and Grass is a man of many parts. Will make good crops of hay, heavy yields of grain, and is used extensively alike for corn and peanuts. We are using high grade ingredients in this brand which makes the effect much more lasting than the ordinary grades of equal analysis. Price, per 200-lb. bag, \$2.75; per ton, \$26.00.

GRO-SO PEANUT GROWER

Guaranteed Analysis:

Phosphoric Acid 12%; Ammonia 0;
Available Potash 5%.

This is our old well proven standard Peanut Guano. Well known, and generally used by our peanut growers in this section. In planting peanuts use our GRO-SO PEANUT GROWER on all lands that have had the benefit of rotation of crops or green fallows. On the lands that are entirely deficient in humus, we would recommend the use of our GRO-SO GRAIN AND GRASS GROWER. Price, per 200-lb. bag, \$2.35; per ton, \$21.00.

GRO-SO SPECIAL POTATO GROWER

Guaranteed Analysis:

Available Phosphoric Acid 8%; Ammonia 4%;
Available Potash 5%.

This is our special preparation for growing potatoes to perfection. The same has been used for the last 4 years by some of our best customers, whose testimonials have been that it is the best potato fertilizer they have ever used. We recommend this brand not only for potatoes, but for other root crops, such as beets, turnips, carrots, parsnips. Price, per 200-lb. bag, \$3.50; per ton, \$32.00.

HIGH-GRADE PULVERIZED SHEEP MANURE

We recommend highly this finely ground pulverized sheep manure for all crops; being a natural fertilizer it does not burn or sour the land. It is quick in action and effective in results. Recommended especially to our truckers for the early vegetable crops, as also for grasses, grains, and lawns.

Price, per 100 lb. bag, \$2.50; per ton, \$40.00.

GRO-SO BRIGHT TOBACCO SPECIAL

Guaranteed Analysis:

Phosphoric Acid 8%; Ammonia 2½%;
Available Potash 3%.

After thoroughly testing through practical demonstration the value of this fertilizer for the last four years, we unhesitatingly recommend the same to our bright tobacco growers. Using cotton seed meal in connection with our other high grade ingredients gives the tobacco a fine silky texture without loss of weight. Price, per 200-lb. bag, \$3.00; per ton \$28.00.

GRO-SO COTTON GROWER

Guaranteed Analysis:

Phosphoric Acid 8%; Ammonia 3%;
Available Potash 3%.

It is properly conceded that the character of the fertilizer used has a decided bearing on the early opening of the cotton crop. In our GRO-SO Cotton Grower we are offering a fertilizer which we feel has sufficient pusher to promote the growth, yet not an overabundance of mineral matter to continue growth at the time when the boll should really be open. Price, per 200-lb. bag, \$3.10; per ton, \$29.00.

GRO-SO CORN GROWER

Guaranteed Analysis:

Phosphoric Acid 10%; Ammonia 1½%;
Available Potash 2%.

A well-balanced fertilizer, promoting steady, gradual growth with lasting results, especially compounded as an ideal corn fertilizer, but also highly recommended for all grain crops, cowpeas, millet, etc. A splendid value. Price, per 200-lb. bag, \$2.50; per ton, \$22.00.

When ready to buy, write us for quotations on:

ARCADIAN SULPHATE OF AMMONIA

NITRATE OF SODA

ACID PHOSPHATE

GERMAN KAINIT

PURE RAW BONE MEAL

AGRICULTURAL LIME

LAND PLASTER

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE.

THE GARDENER'S GUIDE AND SOWING TABLE

This Table has been carefully prepared and answers hundreds of questions Gardeners and Farmers want to know. Time of planting is for latitude of Petersburg, Va., therefore allowances should accordingly be made for more Northern or Southern climates. For fuller instructions see cultural directions under the heading of each kind of vegetable.

| VARIETY | Time to Sow or Plant | Quantity for 100 Feet | Quantity for an Acre | Distance Between Rows | Thin or Transplant to | Depth to Plant | Maturity of Crop | Pounds of Seed to Bu. |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Alfalfa..... | Mch. Apr. and Aug. to Oct. 15th. | Broadcast. | 25 to 30 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ¾ in. | May of next yr. | 60 lbs. |
| Artichokes—Tubers..... | Mch. and Apr. | 3 lbs. | 6 to 8 bus. | 3 ft. | 18 in. | 4 in. | Oct. | 50 lbs. |
| Asparagus—Seed..... | Mch. and Apr. | 2 ozs. | 8 to 10 lbs. | 18 in. | 4 in. | 1 in. | 3 yrs. | 60 lbs. |
| Asparagus—Roots..... | Feb. Mch. Nov. | 75 roots. | 4,000 to 7,000. | 6 to 8 ft. | 12 to 15 in. | 12 in. | 2 yrs. | 60 lbs. |
| Beans—Dwarf Snap..... | Apr. to Sept. | 1 lb. | 50 lbs. | 2½ to 3 ft. | 3 to 4 in. | 1½ in. | 8 wks. | 60 lbs. |
| Beans—Dwarf Lima..... | May, June, July. | 1 lb. | 20 lbs. | 3 ft. | 18 in. to 2 ft. | 1½ in. | 10 wks. | 60 lbs. |
| Beans—Pole..... | May and June. | 1½ lbs. in hills. | 15 lbs. | 1 ft. | 3 ft. | 1½ in. | 12 wks. | 60 lbs. |
| Beans—Navy..... | June and July. | 1 lb. | 20 lbs. | 2½ to 3 ft. | 12 in. | 1½ in. | Oct. | 60 lbs. |
| Beans—Soja or Soy (in drills)..... | May and June. | ½ lb. | 30 lbs. | 3 ft. | 6 to 12 in. | 1½ in. | Sept. | 60 lbs. |
| Beans—Soja..... | May and June. | Broadcast. | 75 to 90 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 1½ in. | Sept. | 60 lbs. |
| Beans—Velvet..... | May to June 15th. | ..... | 60 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 2 in. | Sept. and Oct. | 60 lbs. |
| Beans—Velvet Drill..... | May to June 15th. | ½ lb. | 50 lbs. | 3 ft. | 12 in. | 2 in. | Sept. and Oct. | 60 lbs. |
| Barley..... | Aug. to Nov. | Broadcast. | 75 to 100 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 1 in. | June. | 18 lbs. |
| Beets—Table..... | Feb. to Aug. | 2 ozs. | 6 to 8 lbs. | 2 ft. | 4 in. | ¾ in. | 2 mos. | ..... |
| Beets—Steak..... | Apr. May, June. | 1 oz. | 5 to 6 lbs. | 2½ to 3 ft. | 6 in. | 1 in. | Oct. | ..... |
| Brussels Sprouts..... | Mch. to July. | ½ oz. | ½ lb. | 2½ ft. | 18 in. | ½ in. | 3 mos. | ..... |
| Buckwheat..... | June to Aug. 15th. | Broadcast. | 50 to 60 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 1½ in. | Oct. | 18 lbs. |
| Cabbage Seed—(Early)..... | Feb. Mch. Apr. and Sept. | 1 oz. | 8 ozs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | May, June, July | ..... |
| Cabbage Seed—(Late)..... | May, June, July. | 1 oz. | 6 ozs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | Oct. and Nov. | ..... |
| Cabbage Plants—(Early)..... | Mch. Apr. Nov. | 50. | 8,000 to 10,000. | 3 ft. | 18 in. | 4 in. | May, June, July | ..... |
| Cabbage Plants—(Late)..... | July and Aug. | 35. | 6,000 to 8,000. | 3 to 3½ ft. | 2 to 3 ft. | 4 in. | Oct. and Nov. | ..... |
| Cantaloupe..... | May and June. | ½ oz. in hills. | 2 lbs. | 4 to 6 ft. | 4 to 6 ft. | 1 in. | 2½ to 3 mos. | ..... |
| Carrot..... | Mch. to June. | 1 oz. | 3 to 4 lbs. | 2 ft. | 3 to 4 in. | 1½ in. | 60 days. | ..... |
| Cauliflower..... | Feb. to June. | 1 oz. | ½ lb. | 2½ ft. | 2 ft. | 1½ in. | 3 mos. | ..... |
| Celery—Seed..... | Feb. and Mch. | 1 oz. | 3 lbs. | 1½ to 2 ft. | 2 to 4 in. | ½ in. | Nov. | ..... |
| Celery—Plants..... | July and Aug. | 100. | 15,000 to 25,000. | 4 ft. | 6 to 12 in. | 6 in. | Nov. | ..... |
| Clover—Red and Mammoth..... | Feb. Mch. and July to Nov. 1st. | Broadcast. | 12 to 15 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | June of next yr. | 60 lbs. |
| Clover—Alsike..... | Feb. Mch. and July to Nov. 1st. | Broadcast. | 10 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | June of next yr. | 60 lbs. |
| Clover—Crimson..... | July to Nov. | Broadcast. | 25 to 30 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | May of next yr. | 60 lbs. |
| Clover—Sweet..... | Mch. Apr. Aug. and Sept. | Broadcast. | 15 to 20 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | May. | 60 lbs. |
| Clover—Japan..... | Mch. to June. | Broadcast. | 15 to 20 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | Second yr. | 25 lbs. |
| Collards..... | Mch. to June. | 1 oz. | ½ lb. | 3 ft. | 2½ ft. | 1½ in. | 3 mos. | ..... |
| Corn—Garden..... | Apr. to July 10th. | ½ lb. in hills. | 10 to 12 lbs. | 3 to 3½ ft. | 12 to 18 in. | 2 in. | 1 to 3 mos. | 45-56. |
| Corn—Field (drill)..... | Apr. to July 1st. | ..... | 12 to 14 lbs. | 3½ to 4½ ft. | 12 to 18 in. | 2 in. | 1 mos. | 56 lbs. |
| Corn—Field (cheeked)..... | Apr. to July 1st. | ..... | 10 to 12 lbs. | 3½ to 4 ft. | 12 to 18 in. | 2 in. | 3 to 4 mos. | 56 lbs. |
| Cotton..... | May. | ½ lb. | 30 to 40 lbs. | 3 ft. | 3 to 5 in. | 2 in. | Sept. | 30 lbs. |
| Cucumber..... | Apr. to July. | 1 oz. in hills. | 2 to 3 lbs. | 4 to 5 ft. | 2 ft. | 1 in. | 2 mos. | 40 lbs. |
| Egg Plant—Seed..... | Feb. and Mch. | 1 oz. | 6 ozs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | 3 to 4 mos. | ..... |
| Egg Plants..... | May and June. | 50. | 5,000 to 6,000. | 3 ft. | 3 ft. | 3 in. | 60 days. | ..... |
| Endive..... | Apr. to Aug. | ½ oz. | 1 lb. | 2 ft. | 12 in. | 1½ in. | 3 mos. | ..... |
| Grass Seed—(Light)..... | Feb. to Apr. 10th. | Broadcast. | 30 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | June of next yr. | 14 lbs. |
| Grass Seed—(Timothy)..... | *Feb. and Mch. | Broadcast. | 15 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | July of next yr. | 15 lbs. |
| Grass Seed—Lawn..... | *Feb. and Mch. | Broadcast. | 75 to 100 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | 8 to 10 wks. | 20 lbs. |
| Kale—Spiri g..... | *Feb. to May 1st. | 2 oz. | 8 to 10 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 1 in. | 4 to 6 wks. | ..... |
| Kale—Winter..... | Aug. to Nov. | 1 oz. | 3 to 5 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | Nov. | ..... |
| Kohi Rabi..... | Apr. May. | 1 oz. | 1½ lbs. | 2 ft. | 6 in. | ½ in. | 3 mos. | ..... |
| Leek..... | Feb. to Apr. | 1 oz. | 5 lbs. | 1 ft. | 6 in. | ½ in. | 4 mos. | ..... |
| Lettuce—Seed..... | Feb. to May and July to Aug. | 2 oz. | 2 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | 2 to 3 mos. | ..... |
| Lettuce—Plants..... | Feb. to June and Aug. to Nov. | 100. | 20,000 to 40,000 | 18 to 24 in. | 8 to 12 in. | 2 in. | 2 mos. | ..... |
| Mustard..... | Feb. to Oct. | 1 oz. | 2 lbs. | 1 ft. | 6 in. | 1½ in. | 8 wks. | ..... |
| Melon—Water..... | May and June. | ½ oz. in hills. | 2 lbs. | 8 to 10 ft. | 8 to 10 ft. | 1 in. | 3 mos. | ..... |
| Millet—German..... | May to Aug 1st. | Broadcast. | 50 to 75 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | 60 days. | 50 lbs. |
| Oats—Spring..... | Mch. and Apr. | Broadcast. | 50 to 65 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 1 in. | Last half June. | 32 lbs. |
| Oats—Winter..... | Mar. Aug. Sept. Oct. | Broadcast. | 50 to 65 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 1 in. | June 20 to July 1 | 32 lbs. |
| Okra..... | Apr. and May. | 1 oz. | 8 to 10 lbs. | 2½ to 3 ft. | 8 to 10 in. | 1 in. | 60 days. | ..... |
| Onions—For large bulbs..... | Mch. and Apr. | 1 oz. | 4 to 5 lbs. | 15 to 24 in. | 3 in. | 1½ in. | July and Aug. | ..... |
| Onions—For sets..... | Mch. and Apr. | 2 ozs. | 30 to 40 lbs. | 12 to 18 in. | ..... | ½ in. | July and Aug. | ..... |
| Onion—Sets..... | Feb. to May and Sept. and Oct. | 2 lbs. | 250 to 300 lbs. | 18 to 24 in. | 4 in. | 1 in. | May and June. | 32 lbs. |
| Parsley..... | Feb. to Aug. | 1 oz. | 5 lbs. | 1 ft. | 6 in. | 1½ in. | 3 mos. | ..... |
| Parsnips..... | Mch. and Apr. | 2 ozs. | 5 to 7 lbs. | 1½ to 2 ft. | 4 in. | 1½ in. | Oct. | ..... |
| Peanuts..... | May and June. | ½ lb. | 15 to 20 lbs. | 3 ft. | 15 to 18 in. | 2 in. | Nov. | 2 lbs. |
| Peas—Garden Smooth..... | Feb. to May. | 2 lbs. | 100 lbs. | 3 ft. | 2 to 4 in. | 2 in. | 8 wks. | 60 lbs. |
| Peas—Garden Wrinkled..... | Mch. to May. | 2 lbs. | 100 lbs. | 3 ft. | 2 to 4 in. | 2 in. | 8 to 10 wks. | 56 lbs. |
| Peas—Canada Field..... | Feb. to May, Oct. and Nov. | Broadcast. | 100 to 125 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 1½ in. | June. | 60 lbs. |
| Peas—Cow..... | May to Aug 1st. | Broadcast. | 90 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 2 in. | 3 mos. | 60 lbs. |
| Pepper—Seed..... | Feb. and Mch. | 1 oz. | 8 ozs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | July and Aug. | ..... |
| Pepper—Plants..... | May and June. | 1 oz. | 10,000 to 14,000 | 18 in. | 3 in. | 1 in. | July and Aug. | ..... |
| Potatoes—Irish, Early..... | Mch. and Apr. | 3 lbs. | 8 to 12 bus. | 2½ to 3 ft. | 13 to 18 in. | 3 in. | June and July. | 60 lbs. |
| Potatoes—Irish, Late..... | June to Aug. 10th. | 3 lbs. | 8 to 12 bus. | 2½ to 3 ft. | 13 to 18 in. | 3 in. | Oct. to Nov. | 60 lbs. |
| Potatoes—Sweet, Plants..... | May 10, June 15. | 75. | 7,000 to 8,000. | 3 ft. | 18 to 24 in. | 3 in. | Sept. | ..... |
| Pumpkin..... | May and June. | 1 oz. in hills. | 2 lbs. | 8 to 10 ft. | 8 to 10 ft. | 1 in. | Oct. | ..... |
| Radish..... | Feb. to May and Aug. and Sept. | 2 ozs. | 8 lbs. drilled | 3 to 6 in. | 18 in. | 1 in. | 24 to 40 days. | ..... |
| Rape..... | Feb. to Oct. | Broadcast. | 10 to 12 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 1 in. | 6 to 8 wks. | 56 lbs. |
| Rye..... | Aug. to Dec. | Broadcast. | 60 to 80 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 1 in. | June. | 56 lbs. |
| Salsify..... | Mch. to May 10th. | 2 ozs. | 6 to 8 lbs. | 1½ to 2 ft. | 3 to 4 in. | 1½ in. | Oct. | ..... |
| Sorghum—For Fodder..... | May. and June | Broadcast. | 75 to 100 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 1 in. | Sept. and Oct. | 50 lbs. |
| Sorghum—(in drills)..... | May. and June. | ½ lb. | 15 to 20 lbs. | 3 ft. | 4 to 6 in. | 1 in. | Nov. | 50 lbs. |
| Spinach—(in drills)..... | Feb. Mch. Apr. and Aug. to Nov. | 2 ozs. | 20 lbs. | 15 to 18 in. | 2 in. | 1½ in. | 60 days. | ..... |
| Squash..... | Apr. May, June. | 1 oz. in hills. | 3 lbs. | 4 ft. | 4 ft. | 1 in. | July. | ..... |
| Tobacco—Plants..... | May and June. | ½ oz. | 4,000 to 5,000. | 3 to 4 ft. | 2 to 3 ft. | 1½ in. | Sept. to Oct. | ..... |
| Tomato—Seed..... | Feb. to June. | 1 oz. | 6 ozs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | ½ in. | June 20 till frost | ..... |
| Tomato—Plants..... | May to July. | 25. | 2,800 to 4,000. | 4 ft. | 3 to 4 ft. | 4 in. | June 20 till frost | ..... |
| Turnip and Ruta Baga..... | July 1 to Sept. 15. | 1 oz. | 1 to 1½ lbs. | 2 ft. | 4 in. | 1½ in. | 1½ to 2 mos. | ..... |
| Vetch—Winter (with 1 bu. grain)..... | Aug. to Nov. | Broadcast. | 20 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 2 in. | May of next yr. | 50 lbs. |
| Wheat..... | Sept. to Nov. 15. | Broadcast. | 75 to 100 lbs. | Broadcast. | Broadcast. | 2 in. | June 20. | 60 lbs. |

*September and October.

Vegetable and Flower Collections

Customers May Substitute Other Varieties Found in Our Catalog.

Our Collection of "Favorites" in Vegetables

| | | | |
|---|-----|---|-----|
| ½ lb. of our Full Measure Stringless Snap Beans | 20c | ½ lb. of our Henderson Bush Lima Beans... | 25c |
| 1 oz. of our Detroit Dark Red Table Beets... | 10c | 1 pkg. of Early White Bush Squash..... | 5c |
| 1 pkg. of our Davis Perfect Cucumber.... | 5c | 1 oz. of Spring Kale..... | 10c |
| 1 oz. of our Earliest Scarlet Globe Radish... | 10c | 1 pkg. of our Brimmer Tomato..... | 10c |
| 1 lb. of our Early Ameer Garden Peas..... | 35c | 1 pkg. of our Improved Burrell's Gem Cantaloupe | 10c |

One Package Each of These "Favorites" Sent Postpaid for.....\$1.00

Our "Fragrant Beauty" Collection of Flower Seeds

| | | | |
|---|-----|--|-----|
| 1 pkg. of our Giant Pansies..... | 20c | 1 pkg. of our Phlox Drummondii..... | 5c |
| 1 oz. of our Giant Spencer Sweet Peas.... | 20c | 1 pkg. of our Sweet Alyssum..... | 10c |
| 1 oz. of our Superb Dwarf Nasturtiums.... | 10c | 1 pkg. of our Double Poppy..... | 10c |
| 1 pkg. of our Giant Double Zinnias..... | 10c | 1 pkg. of our Marguerite Carnations..... | 10c |
| 1 pkg. of our Mixed Colors Single Petunias. | 5c | | |

One Package Each of These "Fragrant Beauties" Sent Postpaid for..... 60c

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Lawn Grasses and Requisites



Grossmann's Evergreen Lawn Grass.

GROSSMANN'S PERMANENT LAWN MIXTURE — This mixture of grasses is recommended for country lawns, large areas, and in instances where the facilities for watering and taking care of the same are not as perfect as the city. The mixture consists of hardy grasses combined so as to make a permanent, smooth, green sod, withstanding heat and droughts of summer, as well as cold of winter. **Price, per lb. 35c; 10 lbs. \$3.00, postpaid. By freight or express, 30c per lb.; 50 lbs. at 28c per lb.**

PULVERIZED SHEEP MANURE — A splendid top dressing for lawns, adding new life and strength to the grass. Apply broadcast on lawns and rake in with a sharp tooth rake. **50-lb. bag, \$1.50; 100-lb. bag, \$2.50.**

PURE RAW BONE MEAL — The best and most permanent fertilizer for lawns. Should be used freely in the preparation of new lawns, and should be applied at regular intervals to old and established lawns. **5-lb. bag 40c; 10-lb. bag 75c, postpaid. Not postpaid 50-lb. bag \$1.50; 100-lb. bag \$2.75.**

PREPARATION AND CARE OF LAWNS

In order to secure a satisfactory lawn, thorough preparation of the soil is absolutely necessary. The ground should be deeply plowed, or spaded, 2 weeks before the seed is sown. A liberal application of agricultural lime should then be applied. Allow the ground to stay in the rough for 10 days, then thoroughly pulverize, grade, and smooth, removing all roots, weeds, sticks, and stones. Apply liberally "Fairway" Fertilizer or pure raw bone meal and pulverized sheep manure. After getting the ground in perfect condition, the seed should be sown at the rate of 1 pound to 300 square feet; 60 to 70 pounds per acre. Rake seed in lightly, and, if ground is not too wet, apply a heavy roller. It is best not to use stable manure, as the same contains millions of weed seed, which prove a menace to lawns. Seed can be sown in Spring or Fall. To renew old lawns, rake over the bare and thin parts with a sharp rake, re-sow and cover as above stated. A top dressing of land plaster, when lawns are cut during the season, will retain moisture in the land and prove beneficial to the lawn.

GROSSMANN'S EVERGREEN LAWN MIXTURE—

This special mixture is composed of the very highest grades and most suitable grasses in proper proportion to insure a permanent, smooth and velvety lawn. It is well adapted to various soils, and will last forever with proper care and attention. We recommend this lawn grass to all who are in position to give their lawns proper attention, and who desire the finest texture, color and permanency of lawn. **Price, per lb. 40c; 10 lbs. \$3.50, postpaid. By freight or express, 35c per lb.; 50 lbs. at 30c per lb.**

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER—It is a very good plan to occasionally (at least three or four times each year) sow a little White Dutch Clover over the lawn, in order to add new life, and take up the vacant spaces that may have occurred on account of the grass dying out. **Per lb. postpaid, 70c; not postpaid, 60c.**

SHADY LAWN GRASS—This is a special mixture of grasses peculiarly adapted to shady lawns, and will do well under trees and shrubs. **Price, per lb. 40c; 10 lbs. \$3.50, postpaid. By freight or express, 35c per lb.; 50 lbs. at 30c per lb.**

V-C FAIRWAY FERTILIZER

For Lawns and Grass

To have a lawn of closer, faster-growing grass that resists drought, stays greener—constantly thickens and spreads—use V-C Fairway Fertilizer.

This is the treatment now used on the lawns of country estates, polo fields and on the most famous golf courses.

Fifteen times as rich as manure; costs not more than 10 cents for each 100 square feet to be treated. Practically no odor.

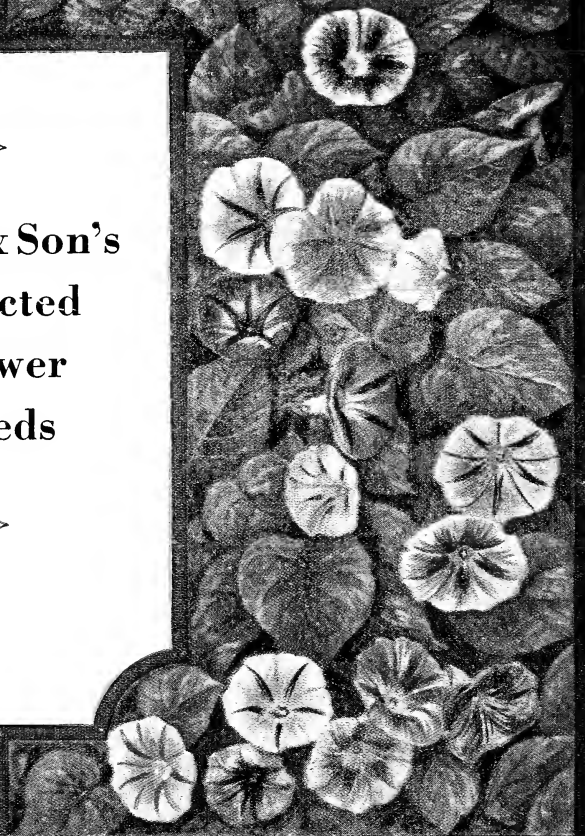
Prices

| | |
|--|--------|
| 100-lb. Bag (enough for 5,000 sq. ft.) | \$5.00 |
| 50-lb. Bag (enough for 2,500 sq. ft.) | 3.00 |
| 25-lb. Bag (enough for 1,250 sq. ft.) | 1.75 |
| 10-lb. Bag (enough for 500 sq. ft.) | 1.00 |

Convenient, easy to handle. Complete directions for lawn treatment on every bag.



W.G.& Son's
Selected
Flower
Seeds



Double Carnation Flowered Poppy.

Annual Sweet William.